n in the few has made

es. Paul

's Boardwall

ENTER:

Lancal

A second

A Line

医囊 有用品

C1130

At 1 ...

¥a.

16.7%

A BRITISH OF THE PERSON

41 Mile 3

Paris, Tuesday, September 6, 1994

# The Long, Hard Road Toward an Irish Truce

# A Man of Peace and a Man of War Built Trust for a 'Real' Cease-Fire

By John Darnton
New York Times Service

New York Times Service

LONDON — On an April Saturday in
1993, a journalist was hawking The Socialist Worker along Shipquay Street in
Londonderry when a neighbor sidled up
and said, "Here, you"ll never guess who I
just saw going into John Hume's house."

The journalist pricked up his ears.
John Hume, a large bear of a man of
uncertain health at 56, a former French
teacher turned politician, was the most

teacher turned politician, was the most respected and influential Catholic leader in Northern Ireland.

And the other man? A slender, darkly bearded man who was seen by many as one of the most dangerous men in the North.— Gerry Adams, the political head of the outlawed Irish Republican

Army.

And so through the subsequent newspaper scoop the world learned about the clandestine discussions. Both men were Catholics and both nationalists who believed in a united Ireland. But one was a man of peace and the other a man of war.

Some day historians may point to that curious dialogue as more than a footnote in the saga ending the 25 years of "troubles" that have hlighted Northern Ire-

land's history.

It ultimately led to "the complete cessation of military operations" announced last week by the Irish Republinounced last week by the Irish Republican Army, a cease-fire that people familiar with the group say is genuine and likely to hold for some time.

"It's real," said a person with contacts inside the IRA. "No question about it—this is a major turning point."

How the turning point came about is a

How the turning point came about is a tale of politicians acting like statesmen. of IRA leaders broadening their world view, of bombs making people angry as well as scared, of unexpected world events, like peace in South Africa. And, because it involves Ireland, it is also a tale of lots of talking.

The dialogue between Mr. Hume and Mr. Adams had begun not months earlier, but as Mr. Hume disclosed in an intersect at the weekend, years earlier."

There were other factors, too.

There was a mysterious British intellience agent code-named "Mountain limber" who reportedly told the IRA that Britain wanted to wash its hands of Northern Ireland. There was a secret back channel for the British government to send and receive messages.

There was a promoter for peace in the formed was a peace was a peace in the formed was a peace was a pe

form of a boundingly enthusiastic Irish prime minister. And there was a new

prime minister. And there was a new Democratic president in the United States, beholden to some extent to Irish-American politicians, who promised in his campaign to stir the Irish stew.

Whatever the combination of ingredients, people who have for years followed the IRA and its political offshoot, Sinn Fein, insist that the cease-fire means that the guerrilla organization has for now at least abandoned the campaign of hioodshed and terror for the path of negotiation and political participation.

By the spring of 1993, the IRA had changed immeasurably from the days when it was pursuing its crude "sicken-

when it was pursuing its crude "sicken-ing" policy — blow up enough buildings. kill enough soldiers and eventually Brit-ain will throw up its hands in despair and leave Northern Ireland.

Mr. Adams, steeped in Irish nationalism growing up in the Falls Road Catholic slum of Belfast, was a quick thinker, a good orator and a remarkably powerful short story writer who was given to quoting Yeats, especially the line "peace comes dropping slow." He was also a fighter: In the early 1970s, many say, he was in charge of an IRA unit in Belfast.

During the 1970s he was interned with scores of others. Jail served as the IRA's think tank and war college.

In time these younger men from the North replaced the old Southern-based leaders. By 1986, when Mr. Adams was elected head of Sinn Fein, he was producing heads and might arraign the ducing books and articles arguing that political strategy should be given equal weight to the military struggle.

But seven years later, realists recognized things were at a stelemate.

Even more, Sinn Fein was not an over-

Continued on Page 2



#### British soldiers croucking behind an armored personnel carrier on Monday at a checkpoint in West Belfast.

# U.S. to Leave Rwanda With Several Jobs Still Undone

By R. Jeffrey Smith

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — The emergency U.S. military action to stem famine and disease in Rwanda is scheduled to end this month after fulfilling only some of the tasks outlined by President Bill Clinton and his top advisers at the height of the humanitarian crisis, according to U.S. and international relief officials.

The officials emphasized that the U.S. military's swift and irreplaceable actions had alleviated unspeakable misery and saved thousands of lives. But in a series of interviews, they also expressed disappointment that the Pentagon, with its unsurpassed capability to relieve immense humanitarian crises, had shied away from doing more in Rwanda or staying longer

Last month, an internal administration assessment of the military's response to Washington's pledge of assistance to the United Nations declared that there seemed to be a "big discrepancy" between what the government had committed itself to and what it had actually supplied. U.S. officials said last week that the conclusion

The discrepancy between the White House's promises and the Pentagon's performance was due to a combination of the administration's reluctance to insist that the military meet each UN task and the military's judgment that the tasks were either too costly, too risky or unnecessary. Senior administration officials who would ordinarily have closely monitored the military's performance were distracted by crises in Cuba and Haiti.

The Rwanda crisis also points up a conflict in using the Pentagon during humanitarian crises: Its resources are unmatched and coveted by relief officials, but Pentagon officials fear that humanitarian mis-sions could escalate into fighting, as in Somalia, and that large-scale humanitarian involvement could netract from the

See RELIEF, Page 6

# **Newsstand Prices** Andorra .....9.00 FF Luxembourg 60 L. Fr

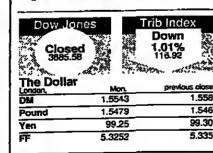
#### Kiosk

### Carlos Turns Aside **Judge's Questions**

PARIS (Reuters) — The accused terrorist Carlos refused to answer a magistrate's harrage of questions about a 1982 Paris bombing on Monday, demanding instead to be freed on grounds that he had been kidnapped. his lawyers said.

During a session lasting almost three hours, the investigating magis-trate, Jean-Louis Bruguière, tried to break Carlos's silence at the Palace of Justice in central Paris.

The Venezuelan-born guerrilla, who shot and bombed his way to global notoriety in the 1970s and 1980s, would only repeat: "I will not answer because I have been illegally kidnapped and I demand to be released." Carlos, 44, whose real name is Illich Ramirez Sanchez, had arrived smiling at Judge Bruguière's offices under



# Britain Rejects Plans for a Multitiered EU

LONDON - Britain rejected on Monday the idea of a "two-speed" European Union, as Chancellor Helmut Kohl of Germany distanced himself from the idea. "We certainly don't think that a twospeed Europe is the right way to look at the development of the EU," said a spokesman for Prime Minister John Major of

France and Germany have proposed a "core" of countries that would set the pace for closer EU integration, with other nations lagging behind as politics and eco-

nomics dictated

zens of the EU," insisting that such an idea would be rejected by the majority of mem-

The Italian and Spanish governments last week attacked the proposals, which emerged in an interview given by Prime Minister Edouard Balladur of France and in a document from Germany's governing Christian Democratic Union. The proposals detail an EU inner core of France, Germany, Belgium, the Netherlands and Luxembourg.

The EU second rank, which would he omics dictated. made up of Britain, Italy and Spain, would Mr. Major's spokesman ruled out any not have to meet all the criteria for Europe-

suggestion of "first- and second-class citi- an monetary union. Other member states with even weaker economies would belong

to a third tier. Mr. Kohl's spokesman, Dieter Vogel, said the chancellor had told Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi of Italy by telephone

that he had not endorsed the paper.
"It is not a paper that has been agreed with the government," he said at a press conference. "The chancellor told Berlusconi, as he has told others, that this paper is a contribution by the CDU parliamentary group to the discussion ahead of the review conference in 1996."

A conference of EU heads of govern-

#### See EUROPE, Page 6

# At Summer's End, Bad News for Europe

By Brandon Mitchener International Herald Tribune

FRANKFURT — For a politician. there is no better way to alienate the electorate than to welcome it back from vacation with talk of raising taxes and cutting social benefits.

That, however, is the unpleasant reality that confronts policymakers across Europe as they begin the legislative season with an agenda dominated by a search for ways to rein in runaway deficits and slash deht without jeopardizing their chances for re-

At stake are the political, economic and financial credibility of governments from Rome to Stockholm that face a choice of

alienating voters with higher taxes and spending cuts or risking the wrath of financial markets wise to their increasingly du-

• Italy, which already expected a revenue shortfall of 45 trillion lire (\$28 hillion) next year, now must come up with 3 trillion lire more to pay interest on govern-ment deot as a result of the Bank of Italy's decision in August to raise the country's discount rate half a point, to 7.5 percent.

 Belgian bond prices are recovering from the two-year lows to which they fell after a prominent economic research organization cast doubt on the government's ability to reduce the hudget deficit. Belgium is a deht leader within the 12-nation European Union, as its debt last year

equaled 129 percent of its gross domestic

 Sweden's largest insurance company. Skandia AB, sent the kronor into a tailspin in July by announcing it would boycott government bonds until Sweden eut its budget deficit. It realfirmed that ban Friday, saying the government's latest pro-posals fall short of what is needed.

• Even Germany, which for years had one of the lowest levels of public deht as a percentage of economic activity, is expected to see its deht rise above 60 percent of gross domestic product next year, after the government assumes responsibility for the liabilities of the German railroads and for

See DEFICITS, Page 6

Miles Apart on Birth Control:

Two Asian Neighbors' Policies

# Conservatives At Population **Meeting Come Under Attack**

#### Strong Applause Greets Norway Leader's Call For Legal Abortions

By Barbara Crossette

New York Times Service

CAIRO — World leaders opened the United Nations Conference on Population and Development with unexpectedly sharp attacks Monday on religious conservatives who have tried to block an international agreement because it contains references to abortion and the rights of women and adolescents to wider choices in reproductive health care.

The response of many of the delegations was surprisingly positive, dealing at least a temporary psychological sethack to the Vatican and Islamic religious scholars.

At the end of the day, Vaucan officials said that they were still far from agreement on several outstanding issues, despite a European effort to revise some of the language of an accord intended to establish guage of an accord intended to establish guidelines for population stabilization over the next two decades.

"The game is still wide open," a senior Vatican official said Monday night, adding that sections on adolescent sexuality and the oeed for sex education had pro-

gressed but needed "some fine tuning."
Vice President Al Gore, who hobbled to the podium on crutches after an operation for a torn Achilles tendon, delivered one of the more conciliatory speeches. After the opening session he told a group of American reporters that he was confident that most disputes with the Vatican would be settled. But he also said he was resigned to the likelihood that the Vatican would not accept the accord.

"They're not going to agree to the final document in any event," he said. "No one should be surprised about that. They have that right. They exercised it in Bucharest 29 years ago; they exercised it in Mexico City 10 years ago. They have other disagreements beyond abortion, including oo issues related to contraception."

The toughest language of the day came from Prime Minister Gro Harlem Brundtland of Norway, who accused opponents of the United Nations draft plan of hypocrisy. Stunning the conference, which expected a day of conciliatory messages, she abortion to save women from back-alley operations.

Morality becomes hypocrisy if it means accepting mothers' suffering or dying in connection with unwanted pregnancies and illegal abortions and unwanted children," she said.

Many delegates and members of nongovernmental organizations, apparently ready for bolder action than in the past on women's rights the population problem, responded with sustained applause. Later, the audience cheered loudly when the prime minister said:

"I have tried in vain to understand how the term 'reproductive health care' can he read as promoting abortion as a means of family planning," she said. "Rarely if ever have so many misrepresentations been used to imply a meaning that was never there in the first place."

Secretary-General Butros Butros Ghali opened the session by saying that "the future of human society" depended on this conference and on its ability to confront effectively a population explosion in the poorest nations. Mr. Butros Ghali warned that "indifference and inaction are the real crimes against conscience."

Before the conference began, it was apparent that the issue of population cootrol will no longer be addressed publicly at the United Nations without acknowledging the importance of women and women's rights in making any family planning pro-

President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt, the host and conference president, said that the hattle for development could not he waged efficiently without improving the living conditions of women. Although under pressure from Islamic militants here,

See CAIRO, Page 6

# Belgrade Patriarch Blocks Pope's Visit

By Roger Cohen

New York Tunes Service BELGRADE — The Serbian Orthodox Church, unforgiving of what it sees as the Roman Catholic Church's complicity in the slaughter of Serbs during World War II, quietly blocked plans to bring Pope John Paul II here at the same time as his planned visits this week to Sarajevo and Zagreb.

Politicians and church officials involved in the negotiations said that Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic and the Vatican both favored the Belgrade visit. But Patriarch Pavle, head of the Serbian Orthodox Church, rejected the plan because it would revive hitter memories of the Roman Catholic's Church's support for Croatia's puppet Ustase regime under the Nazis, which embarked in 1941 on a policy of genocide or forced religious conversion of Orthodox Serbs

in Croatia and Bosnia. The stance of the Serbian Orthodox Church underscores the fact that the Pope will be stepping on treacherous ground in Sarajevo, not only because of the possible danger to his life, but be-

Schism that divided the Eastern and Roman churches in 1054 and on territory where religious hatreds flared with extraordinary viciousness during World War 11.

Milan Bozic, a Serhian member of Parhament, said: "Several of us went to see the Patriarch recently to ask him to reconsider his stance and accept the idea of an ecumenical Mass in Belgrade symbolizing the reconciliation of the churches, but he insisted that in the name of all the Serbs killed during World War II he would not see the Pope."

Mario Marrazziti of the Sant'Egidio community in Rome, a charitable organization close to the Vatican that has been involved in planning the Pope's visit, confirmed that negotiations for a papal visit to Belgrade symbolizing reconciliation had reached an advanced

stage. He said the Serbian church remained unyielding in its anger over the perceived role of the Vaucan in the breakup of Yugoslavia, over statements by Pope

cause Bosnia's war is also a religious one John Paul II that appeared to call for being fought across the lines of the Great punishment of the Serbs for their acts in the Bosnian war and over the Roman Catholic Church's involvement with the The Patriarchate in Belgrade declined

formal comment. But Bishop Vasilje, from the Serhian-held, northeastern Bosnian town of Bijeljina, said: "I am not interested in the Pope. To me, he is not a man of God on this earth, urging the Americans to bombard us." The Serbs were angered by a call from

Pope John Paul II "to disarm the aggressor" in Bosnia, an appeal many interpreted as Vatican endorsement of military action against them.

They were also incensed when the Vatican - which was the last state to establish diplomatic relations with the former Yugoslavia when it finally did so in 1966 - moved quickly to recognize Roman Catholic Croatia on Jan. 15, 1992, two days before the European Union acted.

United Nations peacekeepers in Sara-See BOSNIA, Page 6

By William Branigin Washington Post Service

MANILA - In the Philippines, Asia's only Roman Catholic country, the UN population conference in Cairo has inflamed a caustic feud between church and state over birth control.

But in Indooesia, the world's largest Muslim country and a strong backer of the conference, the government is holding up its family planning program as a model for the developing world.

The contrasting experiences of the two countries in trying to limit birthrates illustrate some of the dynamics of population growth in Sootheast Asia, a vibrant part of an Asian region that already accounts for 60 percent of the world's population.

In both countries, government plans to attend the Cairo conference have run into opposition from some religious leaders. But Indonesia's authoritarian government has been able to subdue Muslim foes and pursue its widely praised family planning

The more democratic Philippines has had to accommodate strong reservations about the conference from the powerful Roman Catholic Church and its political proteges.
With 189 million people, Indooesia is

the fourth-most populous nation. Its 24year-old family planning program, considered the most successful in the Muslim world, has brought annual population growth down from 2.5 percent in the 1970s to 1.6 percent today.

In the Philippines, the population of 66 million is still growing at 2.5 percent a year, one of the highest rates in the region. Due largely to the influence of the Catholic Church, which counts 85 percent of Filipinos as adherents, the use of artificial con-

traception is the lowest in the region. In the hattle over birth control between church and state, the Philippine church seems to be gaining ground. Fierce attacks have forced the government to defend it-self against charges that it favors abortion,

See EXAMPLES, Page 6

By Clyde Haberman

HEBRON, Occupied West Bank -More than half a year after the Hebron massacre, religious mistrust and nationalist tension still shroud the site of the killings, the shuttered shrine commonly known as the Cave of the Patri-

If anything, suspicions ran deeper than usual, on all sides, as Israelis began to celebrate Rosh Hashanah, the two-day Jewish New Year holiday, which began Monday evening.

Jewish settlers in Hebron, tired of being kept away by soldiers from a shrine that is holy to both Jews and Muslims, petitioned the courts to let them back in for Rosh Hashanah on the ground that they were being denied religious freedom. The judges, focused more on security concerns than civilrights claims, said no.

Other religious Jews have asked that the authorities at least allow a small group to enter during the holiday, a token gesture but an important nationalist statement for them, to affirm Is-

BONN - Anti-Semitism in Germany is at a postwar low, with about 15 percent of the

population elearly prejudiced against Jews, a leading public opinion researcher said Mon-

then on an experimental basis to test Hashanah is a disgrace for the entire new security measures. For now, wor- Jewish people." shipers, whether Jewish or Muslim, must settle for praying outside the walls of a compound that Jews also call the Cave of Machpela and that Muslims know as the Ihrahimi Mosque. It is venerated by both religions as the senior Palestinian official, Nabil burial place of Abraham, or Ibrahim in

Critics on the Israeli right accuse the government of foot-dragging to placate the Palestinians. But the army insists that it needs more time to complete security arrangements, including a partition of prayer halls, that it hopes will prevent another catastrophe like the killings last Fehruary, in which an

"If they really wanted to open it, they could have done it in a week or two." said Israel Zeira, general manager of the Shavei Hebron Yeshiva, a few dozen yards from the shrine. "But this neli control.

government doesn't understand the said Sheikh Abdelazim Salhab, head of They, too, have been rebuffed, with importance of the Cave of Machpela the Waqf, a council that oversees 1s-

Jews have no right to pray there, let the Israelis are doing to be an aggresalone to install security barriers that a sion."

Suspicions ran deeper than usual, on all sides, as Israelis began to celebrate Rosh Hashanah.

Israeli settler fired on worshiping Palestinians, killing 29 and wounding about 125.

"If they really wanted to open it, ed Nations Security Council, and some Islamie groups accuse Israel of trying to turn the shrine into a synagogue. The Ibrahimi Mosque has been a

"Jews never used it as a synagogue," pervision of a new, specially trained he said. "We are in charge of that unit of the Border Police. Palestinian religious and secular place. If we want to make security arrangements, it is our right, not that living in Hebron and the nearby settle-To them, the shrine is a mosque, and of any other people. We consider what

> But the Israeli authorities are not about to stop making changes in He which they say they need for security bron, an ever-turbulent city of roughly but which Palestinians call a provoca-100,000 Muslims who surround half a dozen enclaves of 450 Jews.

at a site where tradition holds that not only the patriarch Abraham and his that sliding doors are being put in to wife, Sarah, are huried but also Isaac Sheath, described on a visit to Hehron and his wife, Rebecca, and Jacob and two religions. his first wife, Leah. Their tombs are in three halls inside the shrine, each him holidays, no one from the other named after a patriarch. Muslims be group will be allowed anywhere inside fieve Joseph, one of Jacob's sons, is also buried in the complex.

But Israeli officials say that if Jews "The Ibrahimi Mosque has been a same place, then more must be usually and Muslims are to worship in the The Abraham and Jacoh halls are to be

the army saying that it does not plan to to the Jewish people. It has no Jewish lamic sites in the West Bank and East allowed to carry weapons into the reopen the cave until October, and soul. To have no prayers there on Rosh Jerusalem. shrine when it reopens under the su-

> The ban is aimed mainly at Jews ment of Kiryat Arba, home of Baruch Goldstein, who carried out the killings in Fehruary. Settlers routinely walk the streets carrying submachine guns,

Waqf officials who recently visited The government dismisses the idea the mosque, report, and army officers that Jews may be barred from praying confirm, that video cameras, metal detectors, and lights are in place, and create separate praying areas for the

> On a few specified Jewish and Musthe complex. Otherwise, the Isaac Hall, where the killings took place, will be reserved for Muslims, officials say. set aside for Jews, a decision that produces charges from Muslims that they

# WORLD BRIEFS

## Palestinians Hold Suspect in Killing

JERUSALEM (Reuters) — The Islamic Jihad group claimed responsibility Monday for killing an Israeli soldier in the Gaza Strip. Palestinian officials said they have arrested a suspect.

Gunmen in a car killed the soldier and wounded two others. Sunday night near Jewish settlements where Israelis still patrol.

The Palestinian police said the suspect was a Palestinian man.

# Chechen's Forces Seize Rebel Town

MOSCOW (Reuters) - Forces loyal to General Dzhokar Dudayev, president of Chechenia, seized the rebel stronghold of Argun on Monday after an overnight battle in the breakaway

egion in southern Russia. In Moscow, the defense minister. General Pavei S. Grachev, announced that Russian armed forces in districts neighboring chechenia had been put on alert to stop the conflict from spilling over its borders. Itar-Tass news agency quoted General Grachev as saying that tight controls would be imposed on travel in and out

#### Chinese Dissident Gets 3-Year Term

BELIING (AP) - A prominent Chinese dissident has been given a three-year labor camp sentence. In response, he has gone on a hunger strike and says he wants to die rather than labor in a coal mining camp, his wife said Monday.

The dissident, Zhang Lin, is the second political dissident in less

than a month known to have been given a labor camp sentence. His wife, Ji Xiao, said the police informed Mr. Zhang's sister of

#### Sihanouk Calls for Legalizing Rebels

PHNOM PENH (AFP) - King Norodom Sihanouk called Monday on the Cambodian government to consider making the Khmer Rouge legal again to help secure the release of three

In a letter to his son and co-prime minister Prince Norodom Ranariddh, released by the royal palace Monday, the king suggested the government consider two conditions put forward by the Khmer Rouge's nominal leader, Khieu Samphan, for securing the hostages' release and easing security risks facing foreigners in

The first was "the repeal of the bill which declared the Khmer Rouge outlawed." The second was the reopening of the Khmer Rouge office in Phnom Penh. In return, Sihanouk said the problem of the three foreign hostages "could be solved in the interests of all the world." Jean-Michel Braquet of France, Mark Slater of Britain and David Wilson of Australian were seized July

almpasse Re

#### Correction

Because of an editing error, Nafis Sadik of the UN Population Fund was incorrectly identified in the Monday issue as a man.

#### TRAVEL UPDATE

#### **Greece Faces Cutbacks in Landings**

ATHENS (AP) - The International Air Transport Association has warned Athens that companies may curtail their flights to Greece if there is no quick end to the long delays caused by air

traffic controllers, a newspaper has reported.

The association also warned that airlines may cut back on flights through Greek airspace for the same reason, as they were losing large amounts of money because of the work-to-rule protest by Greek air traffic controllers, the newspaper Ta Nea said.

Swissair, encouraged by improved security, has become the 21st airline to resume flights to Beirut International Airport. Swissair halted service 11 years ago. Suburban and regional train services in Portugal were partly ...

disrupted Monday when engineers started an indefinite overtime han to support pay demands, a rail spokesman said. (Reuters) All Nippon Airways plans to expand its frequent-flies program with five airlines, including British Airways.

(AFX)

#### 70s, we saw this get gradually weaker. Now we judge the range of really clear anti-Jewish day. Older Germans were more inclined to anti-Semitism than resentment at about 15 percent of the population, About 8 peryounger ones, and those who cent of the population is veheattacked Jews or Jewish propermently anti-Semitic." ty most probably act out of a The latest wave of anti-Sedesire to provoke society, Renmitic acts appeared to be more ate Köcher of the Allensbach Institute polling group said.

Anti-Semitism Among Germans

Is Found at a Postwar Low of 15%

an attempt by youths to break a deep-seated taboo than the re-"It is much less widespread sult of a surge in anti-Jewish than it ever was," she told Sudthinking, she argued.

westfunk radio in a discussion

"We started analyzing it in society can still be provoked 1949," she said. "Every third and prompted into a very German was at that time really strong reaction is to stand out with anti-Semitic statements massively anti-Jewish. and actions or racist acts," she "Through the '50s, '60s and

Germans, because of their past and the worldwide attention that anti-Semitic acts receive, have more inhibitions about anti-Semitism than others, the researcher said. Another Allensbach survey, she said, found that a large majority of Americans would stay friends with someone who said all Jews should be deported from their country, while a large majority of Germans ruled this out. She "One of the few ways this gave no figures for this poll.

# Nigerian Oil Workers Back on the Job

LAGOS - Thousands of oil workers returned to their jobs Monday, abandoning a twomonth strike for democracy as union leaders met to discuss suspending the protest for lack of public support.

The collapse of the strike sig-naled a victory for General Sani Abacha's military regime and its hard-line tactics. "We are fully back at work

today," said Diji Egwaoje, spokesman for Shell-Nigeria, which produces more than 50 percent of Nigeria's petroleum. Hundreds of frustrated or workers returned to work last

week and reports indicated that nearly all of the 100,000-strong petroleum work force were at their posts Monday morning.

Mr. Egwaoje said he did not know when full production would resume. "The engineers

#### Correction

In the sponsored supplement about Kansai that appeared in Sept. 2 editions, an article on the Rokko Island City project failed to mention that the development of Rokko Island has been undertaken jointly by Kobe City and the private sector and that Sekisui House Ltd. is the main developer of Rokko Island.



**GENEVE** Since 1854

A PRIVILEGED PLACE! The only Grand Hotel Geneva's business and shopping center.

34, quai General-Gulsan 1211 Geneva 3 Tel.: (41-22) 311 13 44 Telesc 421550 - Facc 311 13 50

They demanded that General are moving in to assess our equipment after a long state of disuse," he said.
"We have done our best," Ar-

thur Onoviran, spokesman for one of the striking unions, said Sunday, "We knew when it started that it was up to all Nigerians to save the country and not the oil workers alone."

Workers in the oil industry, which drives Nigeria's economy, went on strike July 4, crippling this nation of 105 million people with fuel shortages.

Ahacha surrender power to Moshood K.O. Ahiola, the man widely believed to have won the annulled 1993 presidential elec-

Mr. Abiola was arrested June 23 after he declared himself president.

The Nigerian Medical Association said Mr. Ahiola was critically ill in jail, suffering severe high-blood pressure and pain from neurological and muscular-skeletal ailments.



NEW YEAR'S BEST. - A boy wearing curlers at Jerusalem's Western Wall so that his sidelocks will flow for the Jewish New Year, which began at sundown Monday.

# How Dialogue Between Man of Peace and Man of War Led to a Cease-Fire in Ireland

whelming success at the ballot box. In fact, in 1992, Mr. Adams lost his own seat in Parliament - which he had never occupied - to the more mainstream Catholie party, Mr. Hume's Social Democratic and Labor Party.

And terrorism itself backfired from time to time. In March 1993 a bomh turned a shrapnel at a busy mall in Warrington in England, killing two young boys. It caused wide-spread revulsion, especially in the Irish Republic.

At the same time there was burgeoning terrorism from the other side, the diehard Protestants loval to Britain. Setting up a mirror structure of small and separate cells, hit squads roamed the streets, killing Catholics at random moments.

The "Provisional" IRA, which came into being in January 1970 to protect Catholie neighborhoods, was powerless to stop it.

In reality the British government had reasons for being weary of the conflict. For one thing, the Irish venture was expensive: with all kinds of financial subsidies to the province, compensation payments and the upkeep of security troops and supplies, the draw on the Treasury amounted to between \$4.5 billion and \$6 billion a

The intangible costs were impossible to estimate. London's financial district, known as the City, had been decimated by

\$750 million in damages. And then there was a kind of psychie exhaustion. It was impossible to live in London without experiencing the draining hurden of the bomh searches at department stories and theaters, the false alarms that shut down the Underground at rush hour, the television images of frightened soldiers in Belfast, metal wastehasket into deadly the human rights reports castigating British security forces for their treatment of Irish prison-

The problem was that successive governments had made it rock-bottom policy not to advocate any change in Ulster's status that went against the wishes of the majority there. And the majority among the 1.6 million
— about 950,000 Protestants and 650,000 Catholics - wanted to remain part of Britain.

In the fall of 1993, spokesmen for Prime Minister John Major of Britain began quietly telling journalists that he want-ed to put Northern Ireland at the top of his agenda. It was also true that he needed a political lift. His popularity had sunk to the lowest of any prime minister since polling began

And Mr. Major had another praetical consideration. His margin in Parliament was down to 18. For controversial legislation, like hills to insert Britain more deeply into the European Union, he would need the nine votes of the Ulster Unionist

They were in the grasp of James Molyneaux, a Protestant

ment. Like all Unionists, Mr. What kinds of rights did they Molyneaux's nightmare was have? that some day a British govern-

ment would strike a deal with tent as Mr. Hume's. His secret something so shocking hapthe IRA behind the backs of the Protestants.

Because of him, and because of an innate sense of caution, Mr. Major had to move slowly.

Because of him, and because of an innate sense of caution, Mr. Major had to move slowly.

ginning of 1994 was a time of soul-searching for the IRA. There are plenty of selfstyled observers of the IRA. But the nature of good and evil with

The end of 1993 and the he-sumption of contacts that started and broke off in 1988.

saying."

355-5770

19V-00-19 (Avaliable 11 | 19V-00-199 (Await 11 | 130-0012 | Lebenon(CC) | (Outside of Beirut, diel 01 first.)

9800-102-80

00-800-1211

1-800-624-8721

001-800-444-1234

'It's real. No question about it — this is a major turning point.

the IRA has never really been a doctrinaire potentate, was observed. No outsider is privy able to broaden Mr. Adams's to the details of its internal deviews and refine the militant bates or the deliberations of its edges. ruling seven- or eight-member "Central to the discussions from my point of view was vioeven knows for sure where it lence," recalled Mr. Hume. "I

But hy all indications, the up-per echelon was plunged into a had been dismissed as criminals debate for months. On one side and gangsters. I said I wish they were Gerry Adams and the No. were. If they were, we could 2 man in Sinn Fein, Martin have gotten rid of them in a McGuinness, who had influence because of his reputation as a military man. On the other service." as a military man. On the other were "the hard men," unreconstructed terrorists who felt that to end the armed struggle before Britain withdrew was sui-

Much of the debate centered on what to do with the Protes-been published, was given se-tale of its own. Beginning in tants, who had for years simply cretly to both the British and 1981, it said, it had begun meet-

1-900-624-1000 (Outside of Ceiro, dial 02 first.) 800-002 El Salvadore 0800-10012 Fislandiccie

1-800-623-0484

Gradually Mr. Hume, like a scholastic theologian debating

kept asking the reason for it. I

Perhaps no voice was as insis-

hutcher shop on Shankill Road. Some time before, a meeting of loyalists above the shop had disbanded. The package ex-ploded prematurely, killing the IRA deliverer and 10 Protestant men, women and children. In retaliation, loyalist gunmen combed the streets for days, as-

sassinating 13 Catholics. The next month, November, rumors about surreptitious contacts between the British government and republicans were floating around; so much so that leaders took steps to squelch them. Mr. Major, for example, said the very idea of talking to Mr. Adams "turns

joint peace initiative that they

But before then, in October,

pened that everything went on hold. A 23-year-old North Bel-

fast man, posing as a delivery

man, carried a package into a

would launch in December.

my stomach." So it was more than a little embarrassing when The Ob-server printed an irrefutable report that a secret back channel had carried messages between the government to Sinn Fein.

It all began, the government said, when Mr. McGuinness approached the authorities with figurative hat in hand to say the By September last year, the fighting was all but over and views of Mr. Hume and Mr. Sinn Fein wanted advice on Adams coincided enough for how to bring it to an end.

them to draw up a plan on how peace might come about. The document, which has never in return Sinn Fein trotted ont a

600-624

425-0361

intelligence service. Contact with the agent,

"Mountain Climber," was broken off until the early 1990s, when the agent told them he was retiring hut introduced a SUCCESSOT. This person, said Sinn Fein, had been feeding them a wealth of information of information, including posi-tions taken by various British

Cabinet members. British officials say that any meetings with an agent were unauthorized. The much-trumpeted "Downing Street declaration." the joint initiative between the British and Irish governments made public Dec. 15, was not so

much a peace plan as an enunciation of basic principles. Strip them away and its essence is a deal: If the IRA renounces violence, then Sinn Fein can be admitted into negotiations about Northern Ireland's future. Each side has to give up something. Britain abandons its policy of not deal-

ing with an organization it pub-

licly denounces as "terrorist"

and the IRA relinquishes the bomb and the bullet. For eight months the IRA demanded "clarification." It insisted on meetings, it wrote letters to President Bill Clinton and Mr. Major. It engaged in some spectacular attacks to prove its muscle - such as firing three dud mortars into London's Heathrow Airport - and it called a three-day cease-fire

two bombs, including one in Orangeman from outside BelApril 1993 that caused some fast, a 23-year veteran of ParliaBrits." Were they not Irish too? Irish governments. To some extent it served as an impetus to a
agent of MI6, the British secret widely seen as negative and many assumed the peace initiative was dead in the water.

In fact, Sinn Fein has never accepted the Downing Street declaration — the assertion that any change in the status of Politics Northern Ireland could only come with the consent of most of its people stuck in the craw of 19 HOW. the militant grass-roots fighters. But it did accept the deal. Talks in exchange for no violence.

One key person in influencing the acceptance was Prime Minister Albert Reynolds of

Ireland. Along with Foreign Minister Dick Spring of Ireland, he has held out for language more acceptable to the republicans in the documents and statements issued by the two governments.

And through an adviser, a softspoken civil servant named Martin Mansergh, he has played a role in passing along information from the Northern republicans to the British and allaying the fears of both sides. A peace settlement is still a long way off. If and when the parties actually sit around a negotiating table, an arrangement that could satisfy both the Catholic republicans and the Protestant Unionists is difficult

And there is always the danger that loyalist gunmen will try to provoke retaliation. One ascurred the night after the cease fire went into effect, and in April. Sunday night a bound was After a conference in July, outside Sinn Fein headquarters in West Belfast.

0800

? }w.

15 CARPARETE

0900-89-02221

OKOO-800-800

172-1022

000-412 1-800-888-8000

# PROMOTE FOREIGN **A**FFAIRS

#### To call from country to country, or to the U.S., dial the WorldPhone® number of the country you're calling from. 999-002 (Special Phones Only) 1-800-55-1001 177-150-2727 ones only.! #2 Dominican 001-800-333-1111 Ecuadori 022-903-012 EgyptiCci+

-800-824-1000

Use your MCI Card.\* local telephone card or call collect...all at the same low rates. (CC) Country-to-country calling evailable. May not be evailable to/from ell international locations. Certain restrictions opply. + Umited evailability. \* West for second dial tone. A Available from LADATEL public phones only. Rate depends on call origin in Mexico. + International communications carrier. + Not available from public pay phones. + Public phones may require deposit of coin or phone card for dial tone.

Gatanco+ Romania(CO+ Russia(CO+ San Marino(CO+ Saudi Arabia Slovak Republic 0800-0112

Military Bases

Puerto Rico(CC)

Penu (Outside of Lims, dia) 190 first.)

0800-012-77 To cell the U.S. using MERCURY To call anywhere other than the U.S. 8¥10-800-497-7222 172-1022 Uruguay (Collect not av 1-800-11 U.S. Virgin IslandarCC) 42-000712 Vaticen CitytCC

108 2810-108

05-017-1234

WORLDPHONE Let It Take You Around The World

Syrie(CO) Trinided & Tobego

Tritidad & Tobago
Turkaye
Ulcraine+
United Arab Emirates
United Kingdom(CC)
To call the U.S. using BT

Imprimé par Offprint, 73 rue de l'Evangile, 75018 Paris.

مكذا منه لأصل

# THE AMERICAS / THE TORICAL PRESIDENCY

# Increasingly, Ivory Tower Looks Down on White House

By David S. Broder

Washington Post Service
NEW YORK — When Charles O. Jones saw the TV clip of Bill Clinton pounding the lectern so hard at a health-care rally that the seal of the president clattered to the ground, he took it as a sign that Mr. Clinton is still campaigning so much he has yet to move into the constitutional office to which he was elected.

After recounting the anecdote, Mr. Jones, a University of Wisconsin professor and president of the American Political Science Association, told an association panel in New York that in a real sense, Mr. Clinton "has yet to form his presidency."

"Same verdict as last year," said Princeton's Fred Greenstein. "The jury is still out."

But the jury of academic experts on the presidency is increasingly critical of Mr. Clinton, complaining of a lack of focus in his agenda and a lack of seriousness in his stewardship of gov-

Some are drawing larger lessons, ar-Some are drawing larger lessons, arguing that Mr. Clinton's problems sugposed by the University of California gest that the "rhetorical presidency, oriented to mobilizing public opinion to move the levers of power in Washington, may have ended with the Cold War and the disappearance of the perpetual crisis mentality it engendered.

The association was founded by Woodrow Wilson, and academics in this field retain a tradition of favoring

liberal, activist presidents like Mr. moil in the four great departments of trying to teach the country that free-Clinton. But most of their judgments government, State, Defense, Treasury dom is meaningless without the securiof Mr. Clinton were unflattering.

Arthur M. Schlesinger Jr., the histo-rian and onetime aide to President John F. Kennedy, described Mr. Clinton's free-form White House as "government by bull session."

He said the president, "suffering job. from the delusion that he can carry Florida in 1996," has given Cuban-Americans more control over foreign policy than any domestic interest group has exercised "since the China lobby in the 1950s." The role of the Congressional Black Caucus in shaping Haiti policy is an equally "ominous development," he said.

Mr. Clinton's own traits work against his success, some of the profes-sors suggested. Mr. Greenstein said Mr. Clinton's "almost unnatural energy, optimism and ebullience" are combined with "an extraordinary lack of self-discipline." The result, he said, is that for Mr. Clinton, "The phrase White House organization is almost an

Poisby of the University of California at Berkeley argued that Mr. Clinton has changed the agenda in Washington as much as President Ronald Reagan did in his first two years and has enjoyed greater success with Congress than the press and public acknowl-

But Mr. Polsby also hlamed Mr. Clinton for "the unprecedented tur-

and Justice," saying the personnel up- ty the community and the state can thought were the proper political criteria and did not ask if they could do the Mr. Clinton, in the vi

Mr. Clinton got higher marks from two female professors who complained

Mr. Clinton's 'almost unnatural energy, optimism and ebullience' are combined with 'an extraordinary lack of self-discipline."

Fred Greenstein

that the panels on his presidency were virtually monopolized by men.

Beverly Kahn of Fairfield University said there was insufficient attention to "the emphasis on community and citizenship and altruism in the Clinton agenda." an approach she said appealed to women's values hut was resisted hy the largely male Washington power structure.

Barbara Sinclair of the University of California-Riverside said, "Clinton is

heavals and policy reverses indicate provide. You're not free if you can't "the president made those appoint change jobs without losing health inchange jobs without losing health in- a president takes on is likely to crode ments simply on the basis of what he surance or you can't go to the 7-Eleven his public support by alienating some

Mr. Clinton, in the view of virtually all the academics, is using the "outsid-er" approach to the presidency, as did Mr. Reagan and President Jimmy Carter. "His answer to governing," said George C. Edwards 3d of Texas A&M, "is the perpetual campaign."

The tactic is natural for a man who started in Arkansas politics as an attorney general and governor with only a two-year term, Mr. Edwards said. It was reinforced by constant need to expand the popular base of support for his ambitious legislative program.

"What is ironic," he said, "is that a president who seems so skilled has had great difficulty getting public sup-

With the notable exception of the North American Free Trade Agreement, none of Mr. Clinton's exercises in public persuasion have had the effect he hoped for, and he has been gos.

drew more attention here was the argu-ment that time has run out on that Congress acts on either of those agenkind of "public presidency."

"The presidency has lost its great prop of popularity, the Cold War," Theodore J. Lowi of Cornell argued, and without that, every domestic fight

constituency group.

Mr. Clinton's problem in pursuing "the rhetorical presidency" is heightened, several scholars said, by the huge budget deficits he inherited from the Reagan-Bush era, which limit his ability to pay for programs that measure up to his own descriptions of the nation's

He also inherited a political culture where words like "bureaucracy," "taxes" and "government" carry huge negative overtones, said Michael Rogin of the University of California at Berke-

The Reagan legacy creates a basic political dilemma for Mr. Clinton, some of the professors said. His core support, Mr. Edwards said, has come from traditional Democrats - older New Dealers, minorities, labor unionists and liberals — who hoped Mr. Clinton would fulfill the promise to "reverse the economic policies of the

forced to wheel-and-deal for squeaker victories on Capitol Hill.

Mr. Edwards and some others put the hlame on Mr. Clinton's lack of "a swe know it." The public remains focused message." But the view that confused about his real goal, Mr. Ed-

# Maine Democrats' Sure Thing Fades

# Mitchell 'Successor' Struggles: **And Clinton May Not Help**

By R. W. Apple Jr. PORTLAND, Maine -Maine was supposed to be a pushover for the Democrats in a year full of electoral

trayail. Although several of his colleagues around the country were clearly vulnerable, Senator George J. Mitchell, the majority leader, looked like a sure thing for re-elec-

tion, having won with gl percent of the vote in 1988. Then he decided to retire, and everything fell apart. He endorsed Representative Thomas H. Andrews as his successor, only to see Mr. Andrews fall well behind Representative Olympia J. Snowe, the Republican nominee, in the opinion polls and the money-raising

derby. Mr. Mitchell turned down a Supreme Court nomination so he could concentrate on shepherding health care legislation through Congress, but that effort stalled, further weakening his party's position.

Now, Mr. Mitchell, who assured the White House weeks ago that Mr. Andrews could hold the seat, is desperately scurrying ahout, seeking cash to help get Mr. Andrews's commercials on television.

Monday, President Bill Clinton briefly interrupted his vacation to fly to Maine for a Labor Day speech at the Bath Iron Works, which makes Aegis destroyers for the navy. In Washington, the speech was described as a bid, in part, to help Mr. Andrews

But that is Washington, and this is Maine.

In Maine, people seemed surprised, if not miffed, that the president was coming. Craig Brown, the Andrews campaign manager, said Fri-day: "We weren't consulted on this. The White House didn't call at all until 20 minutes ago. They cooked it up on their own."

Christian Potholm, a pollster at Bowdoin College in Brunswick, said that his polls showed Ms. Snowe about 15 percentage points ahead. He, too, expressed mystification at the Clinton

seen a politician in this state who could transfer popularity," Mr. Pothokin said. "No president, no governor, no senator. Our tradition is just the opposite: stubborn inde-

But at least Mr. Andrews is not running away from Mr. Clinton, as some candidates are. In one widely quoted comment, Kathy Karpan, the Democratic candidate for governor in Wyoming, told the Casper Star-Tribune: "Why be cute about it? Of course he's a liability."

As the fall campaign be-

gins, with almost three dozen Senate seats on the line, the Democrats face the possibility of losing a net total of seven seats and thereby relinquishing their majority.
And even if they do not do
that badly on Nov. g, they
seem likely to suffer enough
losses to complicate the

president's job substantially. Mr. Andrews, a brilliant organizer who has often beaten the odds before, is under attack for two things he has done in Washington. In May, he voted for a ban on assault weapons, while Ms. Snowe voted against it, although she supported the crime bill that included the provision on a crucial vote

two weeks ago.
In 1989, Mr. Andrews concluded that it was futile to try to block the closing of Loring Air Force Base, in depressed northern Maine, and said so, when others, including Ms. Snowe and Mr. Mitchell, fought on.

In this year of disenchantment with politicians, Mr. Andrews has fought back via a nine-day swing through the state by describing those actions as signs of courage and willingness to defy the establishment.

Tom may be able to turn it around once his television gets going," said Harold C. Pachios, a Portland lawyer who is one of Mr. Mitchell's closest associates, "but right now you'd have to say Olympia is pretty dominant.

And in a state where the National Rifle Association commands a huge following, the vote on assault weapons clearly hurt Mr. Andrews.

# Brief U.S.-Cuba Talks Show Impasse Remains

### Serious Differences on Ending Exodus

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches NEW YORK - U.S. and Cuban officials adjourned their talks on stopping the flood of boat people to Florida after 50 minutes Monday, an indication they remain deadlocked.

David Johnson, spokesman for the U.S. delegation said he expected talks to resume Tuesday but cautioned against "premature speculation on the out-come." He said Sunday that the differences between the two sides were significant.

In Havana, Foreign Minister Roberto Robaina said the talks were "stalled, with no positive signals to note.

A first group of Cuban refugees was expected on Monday to reach Panama, which agreed the previous day to accept up to 10.000 Cubans to relieve overcrowding at the U.S. base at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba. News of the agreement led to weekg among Haitian refuges at Guantánamo.

The United States has proposed expanding legal Cuban

From Politics

About 400 defenders of the Confederate flag sang "Dixie" and carried hun-

dreds of the flags down the main street of Hilton Head

Island, South Carolina, af-

ter the National Associa-

tion for the Advancement

of Colored People hrought

nearly 1,000 people out the

day before to protest the

flag's position of honor at

the state capitol. South

Carolina is the only state to

fly the Confederate flag

 Seventy percent of the 50 largest school districts in the United States have in-

stailed metal scanners to detect firearms, up from 25 percent two years ago, ac-

cording to the National

School Safety Center. But

preventive measures are be-

coming the norm. "There is

no school district now that

is immune," said a spokes-

man for a school safety and

law enforcement associa-

In California, every one

of the 384 men and four

women awaiting execution

as of July 1 was too poor to

hire his own attorney and

settled for a state-appoint-

ed lawyer, said a spokes-man for the state Judicial

Council. Nationwide, there

is no systematic study of

the 2,700 condemned pris-

oners' finances, but a resi-

dent scholar at the Ameri-

can Enterprise Institute in

Washington said:"I don't know of any affluent peo-

ple who have been sen-

The space shuttle Dis-

covery is slated to hlast off

Friday on a nine-day mis-

sion, during which astro-nauts will fly free in space

with no lifeline to the shut-

tle, for the first time in a

An early-morning

shooting at an after-hours

cluh in Detroit left four

men dead and two injured,

tenced to death."

decade.

police said.

above its statehouse.

Away

immigration, perhaps to about 20,000 people a year. But Cuba's chief delegate, Ricardo Alarcón, told the New

York Times that the U.S. proposal was inadequate. Only about 2,700 Cubans are expected to get U.S. immigration visas this year. More than 30,000 have left Cuba aboard rafts and boats this year, most of them in the past month.

of 1,000 Cubans each day. The United States reportedly rejected a Cuban proposal to grant entry to at least 100,000 Cubans in archaest 100,000 ubans in exchange for Havana's clamping down on the illegal exodus.

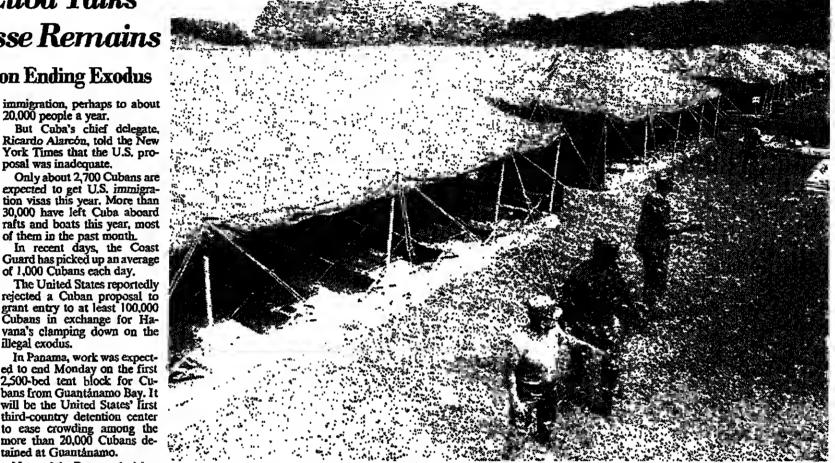
In Panama, work was expected to end Monday on the first 2,500-bed tent block for Cubans from Guantánamo Bay. It will be the United States' first third-country detention center to ease crowding among the more than 20,000 Cubans detained at Guantánamo.

News of the Panama decision to take the Cubans led to Sunday's rock-throwing demon-stration by about 50 Haitians refugees at Guantánamo.

Refugees broke through the perimeter of the camp where they are being detained. Six soldiers were injured, and one Haitian teenager was flown to Miami for treatment of a skull fracture, said Major Rick Thomas, director of the joint information bureau on the base.

"They were angry that Panama was allowing Cuban mi-grants to get safe haven there," Major Thomas said.

In Paramaribo, Surinamese and U.S. authorities said Monday that the first of a total 2,500 Haitian refugees granted asylum would start arriving Fri-(Reuters, AP)



Marines finishing up a tent city, destined to be home to 10,000 Cuban refugees, at a U.S. base near the Panama Canal.

# U.S. Bishop Warns Clinton of Catholic Backlash on Abortion

By John F. Harris

Washington Past Service WASHINGTON - The Roman the administration abandoned its sup-tiring of it." port of abortion rights, there will be "a powerful incentive to American Catholics to walk away from the Democratic Party as well as the Clinton adminis-

The comment came from Bishop James McHugh, who heads the Camden, New Jersey, diocese and is a Vauican representative to this week's Unit- tion" of Mr. Clinton as the most vocif-

Catholic hierarchy escalated its conmost forthright stand on behalf of flict with President Bill Clinton when a abortion on demand," Bishop Mcleading U.S. hishop warned that unless Hugh said, "I think that Catholics are

Bishop McHugh's comments, on NBC's "Meet the Press." drew a muted response from Vice President Al Gore, the senior administration official in Cairo, appearing on the same pro-

"I don't agree with his characteriza-

and abortion rights. Bishop McHugh's sharp words and Mr. Gore's response echoed previous Bishop McHugh wasn't offering an episodes in a dispute that has been official position of the church in his brewing for weeks between the Clinton criticism of the Clinton administraadministration and Catholic leaders.

Two weeks ago Mr. Gore, in an effort to defuse tension, praised the Pope and declared emphatically, "The United States has not sought, does not seek, and will not seek an international

right to abortion." The Vatican's senior spokesman regressive in reply.

ed Nations population conference in Cairo.

Cairo.

Carous abortion-rights president, Mr. sponded by accusing Mr. Gore of misolaters, but we representing the U.S. position in Cairo.

This administration has taken the

William Ryan, a spokesman with the U.S. Catholic Conference, said

Even so, Mr. Ryan said, "the U.S. bishops certainly think of him as their representative" on population issues.
While Mr. Gore shied from confron-

tation Sunday with Catholic leaders, some other Democrats were more ag-

"These threats aren't new," said Tony Cochlo, a senior adviser to the Democratic National Committee, adding, "Most of the leaders of the church

opposed Clinton in the last election," On issues such as contraception and women's rights, Mr. Coehlo said, opinion surveys show that the Catholic "hierarchy has a great deal of problems with its own parishioners."

Rather than fighting with clerics, he said, Democrats will try to focus instead on areas of agreement with the church, such as programs to help the poor and elderly.

### POLITICAL NOTES

#### President Works Labor Day

BATH, Maine - With wind and rain whipping down on 1,000 flag-waving iron workers. President Bill Clinton demanded stronger alliances between employees, cmployers and government in a Lahor Day address opening a contentious political sea-

We cannot afford in a global economy to be divided again — government and husiness and workers fighting each other all the time," Mr. Clinton said at the Bath Iron Works shipyard, a 110-year-old company adapting to post-Cold War military cutbacks with the help of its unions and the federal government. With a towering new destroyer provid-ing the hackdrop, Mr. Clinton declared. "We can rehuild this economy on the strength of

your example." Interrupting his Martha's Vineyard vaca-tion, he said Labor Day is a 100-year-old tradition designed "to celebrate the dignity of work, its importance in our lives, and to have that last, long weekend before school starts again - and we all go back to work full

#### Clinton's Plaint: It's the Press

WASHINGTON - Labor Secretary Robert B. Reich is frustrated, and does not mind letting off steam when asked why he thinks his hoss is not getting credit for the nation's

Mr. Reich cannot understand why President Clinton's approval ratings are sinking even while he presides over a robust economic turnaround that has generated 4.1 million new jobs since January 1993. On his second Labor Day in office, the president is ahead of the pace needed to live up to his promise of

generating 8 million jobs in his four-year term; that growth has come at a time when inflation remains under control and the federal hudget deficit is plunging.
"Why isn't he getting credit? You tell me."

Mr. Reich demands, adding. "The negative press coverage of the president has been at

WASHINGTON - Leaders of the three largest federal employee unions have praised the Clinton administration for setting a new tone in federal lahor relations.

Federal Unions Hail the Chief

At a bricking, the three union presidents --John N. Sturdivant of the American Federation of Government Employees, Robert M. Tobias of the National Treasury Employees Union and Sheila K. Velazco of the National Federation of Federal Employees - also called for new laws to create a more flexible hiring system, to revamp job classifications and pay structures and to improve efforts to evaluate employee performance.

The administration hopes to have a civil service package ready for Congress this year. The union leaders said congressional support for overhauling civil service laws would be necessary to sustain the progress made in the first year of Vice President Al Gore's "reinventing government" initiative.

#### Quote/Unquote

Mr. Reich, the labor secretary, in an interview: "The notion that we're creating a bounty of bad jobs is a myth. Most new jobs are good jobs. The problem is that the jobs that remain for workers without skills or with the wrong skills are becoming grimmer and grim-

# Brazil Swiftly Replaces Finance Minister

RIO DE JANEIRO - Hop-

ing to avoid a major interruption in Brazil's effort to get its economy on track, President Itamar Franco has named a new finance minister a day after the former minister resigned af-ter statements that he used his office to aid a government-backed presidential candidate.

northeastern state of Ceara and the sixth finance minister since Mr. Franco tonk office in 1992, said the programs and staff of his predecessor, Rubens Ricu- or Edmar Bacha, a Cardoso pero, would continue un- economic adviser who helped changed.

"I arrive as an admirer of Mr. Ricupero," Mr. Gomes said from Fortaleza, the state capiample of dignity and how to be "but Gomes is a good name, a a Brazilian of great moral stat-

cause of his nation."

Mr. Ricupero resigned Saturday after being heard by television viewers, in what he thought was an off-microphone comment, that he slanted economic statistics to aid Fernando Henrique Cardoso, Mr. Franco's

Financial observers greeted Ciro Gomes, governor of the Mr. Gomes's appointment with surprise. Most financial and political analysts had expected the president to name Pedro Maian, the central bank president, him design the country's new economic plan.

choice as the next president.

"It's a surprise," said Alvaroa from Fortaleza, the state capi-tal. "Ricupero is a profound ex-the São Paulo stock market.

# **Diver Survives Faulty Chute**

QUEENSVILLE. Ontario - A woman whose parachute malfunctioned plunged almost 10,000 feet into a marsh. After she landed on her back, she got up and apologized to her skydiving instructor.

Sharon McClelland, 26, of Newmarket was making her second parachute jump -her first free-fall -when her chute only partly opened.

Despite the malfunction, the parachute slowed her descent, She was airlifted to a hospital, where she was treated for bruises and released.

the runaway inflation that has plagued Brazil for nearly two decades. Since the introduction of the plan and a new currency July 1, inflation has failen from

50 percent a month in June to 5 percent in August.

Mr. Gomes, 36, will be in

charge of steering the country's two-month-old effort to stop

Opposition candidates, par-ticularly Luiz Inácio da Silva of the Workers' Party, have been claiming for weeks that the government was diverting funds and using other measures to help Mr. Cardoso, who has gone from 20 points behind in polls to more than 20 points ahead in less than two months.

On October 24th, the IHT will publish a Sponsored

# **World Travel** Shopping

Among the topics to be covered are:

New investment and innovations in the way duty-free products are sold.

■ The Channel Tunnel — a new venue for duty-free sales.

■ The "Tax-Free for Tourists" program in Europe. What duty-free operators in the Middle

East are doing right. Portraits of Asia's top outlets.

An extra 2,000 copies of the newspaper will be distributed at the Tax Free World Exhibition in Cannes on the same day. For further information, please contact Bill Mahder in Paris at (33-1) 46 37 93 78, tac: (33-1) 46 37 50 44.

#### OPINION

# Now That Serbia Wants Out

Bosnia's Serbs have overwhelmingly rejected the Bosnia peace plan put forward by the Americans, Russians and Europe-ans. Unexpectedly and strikingly, howev-er, their erstwhile patrons in Serbia proper are tightening the screws of a blockade to make them accept it. Serbia wants out., International sanctions are burting it deeply. This is why the Communistturned-nationalist Serbian leader, Slobodan Milosevic, risks the wrath of Bosnia's Serbs and his own hypernationalist oppo-sition. To restore a normal national life, he is prepared to repudiate the vision of a Greater Serbia — all of the former Yugo-slavia's Serbs under one roof, led by him - that impelled him to gin up the Balkan

wars in the first place.

That the Serbian leader now embraces the peace plan does not make it any more palatable to Bosnia's Muslim-led government. But what the Muslims must ask themselves now is whether they will ever again have an ally so useful as, in these circumstances, Slobodan Milosevic. His support for the peace plan may be self-serving but it contributes to weakening the Muslims' leading foe. For the Muslims to ignore his overture is to invite him or

a successor to return to war-policy onhodoxy in support of the Bosnian Serbs.

As usual, the United States is a step or two behind the Balkan action. Most of those Americans still tracking Bosnia's ag-ony appear to be hung up on the Washing-ton and allied tug of war over whether and under what terms to consider lifting the arms embargo on the Bosnian government. But the more urgent question is how to exploit the window of opportunity opened up a crack by Mr. Milosevic's blockade of the Bosman Serbs. A clear view is required: The blockade is a more effective lever than any foreseeable Muslim military surge is likely to be.

The policy implications of dealing with someone like Mr. Milosevic are difficult. One is that lifting the arms embargo on the Muslim-led Bosnian government will end up undercutting Serbia's blockade of the Bosnian Serbs. A second is that the best way to keep that blockade in force is to start lifting the United Nations' economic sanctions on Serbia. These are the bitter choices that the Balkan mess thrusts, right now, upon others who would be constructive.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

# Congressmen as Curators?

One troubling legacy of the Reagan and Bush administrations was the socalled "culture wars," in which members of Congress tried to throttle scholarly and artistic expression by politicizing government support for the arts and bumanities. The National Endowment for the Arts and the National Endowment for the Humanities were both severely damaged by the partisan tampering. A hangover from this period is the pre-sumption that Congress should decide what art is bung on gallery walls and what versions of history are depicted in government-funded films and museum exhibitions, Some congressmen threaten to withdraw government funding for cultural activity that becomes controversial or offends a given constituency's point of view.

The Smithsonian Institution finds itself at just such a juncture owing to protests about a proposed exhibition marking the 50th anniversary of the bombing of Hiroshima and Nagasaki. Set to open next summer, it is entitled "The Last Act: the Atomic Bomb and the End of World War II." Veterans' groups have found fault with it, and two dozen members of Congress complained to Robert McCormick Adams, the Smithsonian's secretary, that it depicts the Americans as aggressors and the Japanese as victims because it does not give adequate justification for the bombing. That was not the exhibition's original purpose; initially it focused on what happened when the hombs struck the Japanese cities But bombs struck the Japanese cities. But after the protests it was expanded to which preceded the decision to bomb.

That was a good idea. Any treatment of the war that includes only the last six months, and the nuclear bombing itself, is by its very nature far too narrow. Martin Harwit, the director of the National Air and Space Museum, acknowledges as much. But Representative Peter Blute, Republican of Massachusetts, is still not satisfied. He demands that the exhibition 'undergo a massive revision or rewrite.'

The Smithsonian is the premier cultural institution in the United States; surely it can find a way to incorporate various criticisms without line-by-line supervision from members of Congress who are neither historians nor curators. The problem with endless tampering by Congress is that some critics will not be satisfied with anything sbort of complete vilification of the Japanese and uncritical glorification of the American war effort. What is needed is a balanced accounting of the political and military considerations that went into President Harry Truman's decision. There has been an unresolved half-century debate about the morality of that decision. Any fair exhibition should reflect both the content of the debate and its unresolved nature. To reflect on the brutality of war in general and this bombing in particular does not detract from the heroism of American troops nor the historic importance of winning an atomic arms race that the United States and its allies had no choice but to join and win.

The Smithsonian would probably have worked its way to a more balanced exhibition without pressure from Congress. In fact, months before Congress intervened, Mr. Harwit wrote to his curators telling them that the exhibition was onesided. That is how the process ought to tees advise, the exhibition gradually comes into focus. That process was shortcircuited by the protests, but it is not too

late to get it back on track. - THE NEW YORK TIMES.

# Minority Rights in Quebec

In a world full of conflicts between groups asserting rights to self-determina-tion and cultural autonomy, the struggle over whether Ouebec should remain part of Canada or go off as an independent. French-speaking country is one of the brighter spots. Difficult though the Quebec question is for Quebeckers and Canadians (and those who regard themselves as both), the fact remains that except for a brief period of terrorism in the late 1960s, this has been a remarkably civilized battle carried out through democratic elections. Words, arguments and votes, not bullets, have been the weapons of choice. This is an achievement whose importance should not be underrated in light of the alterna-

tives presented in Rwanda and Bosnia. But the Quebec case is also serving to underline how hard it is to adjudicate just which minorities have which rights relative to whom. The issue was brought forward last week by leaders of Quebec's native people - among them the Huron, the Mohawk and the Cree - who are deeply worried about what their future would be inside an independent Quebec. The native groups inside Quebec worry over how their rights might be protected in an independent Quebec and also what their relationship would be with other native people in the rest of Canada.

Jim Sinclair, the head of the Congress of Aboriginal Peoples, put the issue starkly at a meeting of provincial pre-miers when he declared: "I think Quebec is setting up another Berlin Wall and we're going to need passports to get in and out of Quebec. We've got a real menu for civil disobedience - separation."

The separatist Bloc Québecois, which has been leading in the polls for Quebec's Sept. 12 provincial elections, would tell Mr. Sinclair that his fears are unwarranted. The separatists bave been careful to talk about all the ties that they hope to keep with the rest of Canada and of their strong inclination toward free trade and free movement. Nonetheless, the controversy underscored the complexity of protecting conflicting group rights along with individual rights.

The French speakers of Quebec are minority within Canada but a strong majority in Quebec. Quebec's English speakers are in the reverse situation, a majority in their country but a minority in their province. The native people are in a minority in the country as a whole but have found Canadians relatively well disposed toward their rights in recent years. Would an independent Quebec, asserting newly found rights, be less disposed toward the Huron, the Mohawk and the Cree? Would the native groups seek separation from a newly separated Quebec? These are just a few of the urgent questions that the separatists will face if they win the elections and push forward with plans to hold a referendum on independence.

Quebeckers themselves seem torn by the complexities. The separatists have lost some ground in the polls, and Quebeckers tell the polisters that even if they do elect the separatists to secure change in their provincial government, they might still vote against independence. The election of a separatist government will mark only the

beginning of a very long argument. -THE WASHINGTON POST.



International Herald Tribune KATHARINE GRAHAM, ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER

RICHARD McCLEAN, Publisher & Chief Executive JOHN VINOCUR, Executive Editor & Vice President WALTER WELLS, News Editor
 SAMUEL ABT, KATHERINE KNORR and

CHARLES MITCHELMORE, Deputy Editors . CARL GEWIRTZ Associate Editor ROBERT I. DONAHUE, Editor of the Editorial Pages 

■ JONATHAN GAGE, Business and Finance Editor RENÉ BONDY, Deputy Publisher JAMES McLEOD, Advertising Director ■ JUANTTA L CASPARL International Development Director ■ ROBERT FARRE, Circulation Director, Europe

Directeur de la Publication: Richard D. Simmons Directeur Adjoint de la Publication: Katharone P. Darron

International Herald Tribune, 181 Avenue Charles-de-Goulle, 92521 Neurly-sur-Senre, France. Tel.: (1146.37.93.00. Fax: Circ., 46.37.06.51; Adv., 46.37.52.12. Internet: IHT@eurokorn.ie Editor for Asia: Michael Richardson, S. Camerbury Rd., Simpapore 0511, Tel. (65) 472-7708, Fax: (65) 274-2334 Mng. Dir. Asia, Rolf D. Kranepuhl, 50 Glaucester Rd., Hong Kong, Tel. 852-9222-1188, Fax: 852-922-1190, Gen. Mgr. Germany: T. Schlüter, Friedrichstr. 15, 60323 Frankfurt/M. Tel. (069) 72-67-58, Fax: (069) 72-73-10 Gen. Mgr. German: 1. Schuler, Friedricher. 13, 6053 Fringlativi. 14. (1991) 22 to 31, Faz. (1991) 27 13 19 Pres.U.S.: Michael Conroy, 850 Third Ave. New York, NY. 1002. Tel. (212) 752-3890. Faz: (212) 755-8785 U.K. Advertising Office: 63 Long Acre. London WC2. Tel. (071) 836-4802. Faz: (071) 240-2254. S.A. an capital de 1.200.000 F. RCS Nonterre B 732021126. Commussion Partiaire No. 61337 © 1994, International Herald Tribune. All rights reserved. ISSN 0294-8052.



# Herald International Cribune Let's Hear, Too, About What America Has Accomplished

WASHINGTON — The American pub-lic, media and political leadership seem to be in short supply of perspective. We let ourselves be pecked to death by the ducks of the urgent instead of admiring the soaring eagles of the important.

Washington obsesses on the minutiae of what Roger Altman did not tell Al D'A-mato and barely notices, much less cele-

There are perils to acting as if things are worse than they are.

brates, withdrawal of the last Russian and American soldiers from Germany, an event that ends World War II and the Cold War. For five years the world as a whole has steadily become more secure, more demo-cratic and more prosperous. Yet the news and opinion pages in America are filled with accounts of a summer of national discontent. There is a crisis in race refa-tions caused by a double murder in Brentwood, California; a new breakdown of cooperative government over crime and bealth care; and whispers of a president's uncontrollable fury at the raw deal he thinks he gets from Congress and the press.

Foreign policy sages warn that the retreat

NEW YORK —We must not allow controversy to engulf

this week's International Con-

ference on Population and De-

velopment in Cairo, losing an

historic opportunity to develop

ways of tackling the population crisis to the benefit of all.

mocracy and buman rights.

The draft action program pre-

By Jim Hoagland

of the Russian army from Central Europe is a trick to sabotage NATO. Wise men in the administration foolishly claim that the fate of democracy in the Western Hemisphere depends on the ousting of Haiti's junta.

Certainly there is no shortage of pro-blems at bome and abroad: the unsettled Caribbean, nuclear proliferation, ethnic wars on Russia's periphery and unforgiv-able atrocities in Bosnia and Rwanda. They demand sustained attention.

But they should be measured against the amazing positive changes in world affairs that still roll out of the collapse of the Soviet empire and the terrorist nerworks it supported. The Irish Republican Army's acceptance of a temporary cease-fire, like the Palestinian-Israeli peace accord, is an outgrowth of that collapse.

This week is a good moment for Americans to focus on accomplishments and opportunities, bowever unpredictable the future has become. On Thursday, U.S., British and French troops will duplicate the Aug. 31 Russian withdrawal from Ber-lin, ending the 49-year occupation begot-ten by Hitler's defeat.

The Americans, British and French can

take pride in the role they played in helping the Germans create a democratic. peaceful and highly prosperous republic. The Allied troops come home able to report with bonesty: Mission accomplished.

For the Red Army, occupation was the continuation of war by other means. Behind them the retreating Russian troops leave nothing of value, morally or materially. Their creation, East Germany, has been erased from the map in a blink of history's eye. It lasted longer than Hitler's promised 1,000-year Reich, but it met a similar fate.

President Boris Yeltsin went to Berlin and put the best face be could on this bumiliation. He voiced no apologies for the Cold War exploitation of Germany. But be did in Russia's name "rejoice" in the country's unification and in a "final reconciliation" between the reborn nations of Germany and Russia.

That is a development worth watching as well as celebrating. Mr. Yeltsin made ex-plicit his desire for Germany and Russia "to create a new security architecture" in Eu-rope through joint diplomacy. His emphasis on Russian-German cooperation in his Berlin speech matched President Bill Clinton's offer in July to make Germany America's

primary partner in world affairs. There is now an air of competition between Washington and Moscow over Germany, a development that pessimists will see as confirming their worst fears about Russian neo-imperialism. But that ignores bow profoundly the nature of that competition has changed. It no longer involves massed armies and nuclear weapons pointed at each other across Germany's middle. It is a political, peaceful competition that

**[5** + 2]

Germany is mature enough to manage.

Presidents get in trouble believing that things are better than they seem. George Bush went through a presidency and a re-cession believing that. But there are perils to acting as if things are worse than they are, as Mr. Clinton does at times. For one thing, it rubs off on the national mood.

President Clinton came back from his July trip to Germany steaming because it had not been covered fully or adequately by the American press. He may be right. But he should focus instead on the solid accomplishments of American leadership in ending the division of Europe, and on what he achieved on his own trip, rather than on the immediate impression he made back bome. He should not confuse ducks and eagles. A little perspective would do a lot to make this White House, and this country,

feel and perform better. The Washington Post.

# For Everyone's Well-Being, Tackle the Population Crisis Now

By James P. Grant The writer is executive director of Unicef.

zation but a practical minimum for ensuring its survival. Aiming population programs at people's needs, especially those of women and children, rather

than at demographic targets will accelerate this new development. pared for the conference could. if adopted, reap the fruits of two decades of deepening underft is impossible to talk about standing of population growth, population without talking It does not regard population about children. A quarter million will come into the world problems as merely a question of today, and a quarter million will die this week from poverty and numbers that must be reduced through family planning. It re-cognizes that only a holistic apneglect. Improving child survivai rates slows, rather than accelproach can break the grip of erates, population growth; as child death rates decrease, paroverty on the bottom third to balf of society and slow populaents have become confident that tion growth while sustaining detheir first children will survive

Strategies of development that involve rather than marginand bave smaller families. A draft study presented recent-ly at Harvard's Center for Popualize the poor, create productive lation and Development suggests that achieving the goals of the 1990 World Summit for Chiland remmerative work for the vast-majority and meet basic buman needs bave become not only a moral minimum for civilidren, including a one-third reduc-

tion in deaths under age 5 by the year 2000, would contribute to a world population that is lower

than the lowest UN projections. The Cairo conference's recognition of the centrality of women - their bealth, education, employment and social status - is crucial. The draft program captures the simple truth that there will be no sustainable development, no stabilization of population, no solution to environmental problems or true democracy as long as half the world's population is the subject of gross dis-

crimination and abuse. Most importantly, the emerging Cairo consensus avoids blaming the poor, especially poor women, for having too many chil-dren. Instead of coercion, any new approach to population policy must broaden the rights, opportunities and choices of wom-en. When women receive proper health care, especially during pregnancy and childbirth, and are encouraged to breast-feed, fertility rates decline, births are spaced, and family size becomes a more conscious choice.

Pursuing opportunities to protect the health, nutrition, and education of women and children in the developing world is one of the most immediately available and affordable ways of defeating the downward spiral of poverty, population growth, and environmental degradation, which feed off each other, leaving strife and instability in their wake.

These actions are achievable within a decade or two. They are the historic challenge of the last phase of the 20th century, and are vital to laying the foundation for more balanced development in the 21st century.

To carry them out, the mode; funds required to implement the strategies and meet the goals established in the Cairo Program of Action must be made available quickly, with no strings attached.

The 20/20 Initiative promoted by the UN Development Program, the UN Population Fund, and the UN Children's Fund (Unicef) says that governments should devote at least 20 percent of their domestic budgets to providing basic social services primary health care, family planning, basic education, nutrition, low cost water and sanitation for rural and poor urban areas - and that donor countries should donate a similar portion of their official development assistance to such needs.

Unicef, as it supports efforts for children in more than 120 developing countries, sees significant progress in this direction, mostly by developing countries. The donor community must do its part if these problems are to be tackled in time. ... children and grandchildren, and unborn generations to come, depend on those in Cairo to make the wise decisions that will determine their future.

International Herald Tribune.

# The UN Needs a Standing Force, and Gurkhas Could Do the Job

SINGAPORE — Since the collapse of the Soviet Union and the end of the Cold War, military forces wearing the blue berets of the United Nations have increasingly been called upon to intervene in trouble spots around the world. The seemingly endless series of crises from Haiti to Bosnia-Herzagovina pose a serious challenge for the only body with a mandate to carry out the will of the global community.

While there is no shortage of goodwill or strong words in reaction to conflict in places such as Rawanda, too often international action is too little or too late. Without a swift and decisive response from the outside, a crisis arising from a breakdown of civil authority can easily lead to bumanitarian catastrophe. Inaction by the world community amounts to appeasement, even though it may be unintentional. The problem stems from the lack of a

standing military force under UN command. A solution would be to put together a contingent of Gurkha professional soldiers from Nepal who are particularly well-suited for such missions.

Butros Butros Ghali, the UN secretarygeneral, is trying to improve the ability of the world body to react to crises that do not require commitment of massive forces or involve acute geopolitical complica-tions. In April 1993, be established a planning team made up of seven military officers seconded from their national armed

By Brian Farrell and Christopher Lingle forces. Their mandate is to plan and organize a UN standby force base on troop

contributions by member states. Twenty-one countries are reported to bave committed soldiers and/or equipment to the reserve force and more may follow. The aim is to get an accurate idea of the units that could be brought together in rapid response to a crisis.

However, the plan is seriously flawed. It does not deal with the basic question of whether the force will be able to assemble and move to wherever it is needed quickly enough. Nor does it take account of the slow way in which governments involved reach agreement on the actual deployment of the UN forces or what to do if some of the promised national troops are ultimately witheld. Most importantly, the United Nations must be confident that the troops provided will be good enough to do the job and able to work well with each other.

Instead of trying to assemble a multinational rapid response contingent, the Unit-ed Nations should have a standing force trained, armed, equipped and ready to go. The ground forces of a major power should not be involved, because that raises too many political backles in too many places, producing disruptive consequences for any eacemaking or peacekeeping effort. The Gurkhas are ideally suited to take on an emergency reaction role. They are superb professional soldiers long accustomed to service for an authority other than the leaders of their homeland. Since 1816, Gurkhas have served with great distinction in the British and later Indian armies, and they continue to do so. At present, most British Gurkhas are based in

Hong Kong and the sultanante of Brunei. With the return of Hong Kong to China in 1997, the Gurkhas will no longer be required in the British Army. The legal and diplomatic arrangements under which individual Nepalese serve the British and Indian governments could easily be replicated for the United Nations. A minimum of 5,000 troops would be

one call at a time. Garrisoning costs and logistics would probably limit the number of troops to a maximum of 15,000. Based on past experience, it is unlikely that Nepal would try to interfere in the UN chain of command for Gurkha troops or demand the evacuation of the force in the face of mounting casualties. The presence of Nepalese soldiers would also be unlikely to provoke antagonistic reactions based on nationality. Indeed, the formidable reputation

of Gurhkas as impartial fighters might well

help to defuse tense situations.

needed for the force to be credible and to

give it the flexibility to answer more than

Nonetheless, such a proposal raises challenges that many governments are reluctant to confront. If a Gurkha force is assembled and used, the United Nations would be taking a large step toward acting as an independent supranational body. The force could only be used if the major powers on the UN Security Council supported its intervention. And only the United States is capable of providing the airlift the force would need to reach trouble spots and oper-

ate there as long as necessary.

Once its job was done, the United Nations would almost certainly have to take control of the territory in question for an indeterminate time. This raises fundamental questions about the role of the United Nations in building a new world order.

It is time these questions were confront-ed. Improvised multinational military contingents are simply too slow to assemble and pose too many political and operational problems. A viable alternative must be found. Pragmatism must be allowed to outweigh cynical objections that Western govemments seek the political benefits of put-ting Gurkhas at risk in chaotic situations in place of their own soldiers.

Mr. Farrell is a military historian and Mr. Lingle an economist teaching at the National University of Singapore. They contributed this personal comment to the International Herald Tribune.

# The Challenge for a New Phase of America's Civil Rights Movement

On that December afternoon in

Mrs. Parks knew that she, per-

sonally, would reap only grief

from her defiance. But she fought

for the generations who were coming behind ber.

Her bequest has been pervert-ed. She did not fight so that

NEW YORK - Things are not likely to get much worse. There isn't much that's worse than a society that pre-tends to be civilized and free while brutalizing its elders and

slaughtering its young.
At the end of August came the astonishing news that a black man had put his hands on Rosa Parks. Some moral cipher, reeking of alcohol, had invaded the home of the 81-year-old mother of the civil rights movement, had pummeled her until she gave up her money, and then fled, leaving her bruised and shaken but no less stoic and dignified than in 1955 when a bus driver in Montgomery. Alabama, told her to get up and give ber seat to a white person and she softly replied that no, there would be no more of that.

Our grief and shame are the residue of the lessons we blacks have managed not to learn from Mrs. Parks. We bought into her

much we made it fashionable. By the mid-1960s defiance had swept the land. But we never mastered the inner strength, the core values and the self-respect that gave her deliance such power.

The consequences have been boy. He was then murdered him-

post-civil rights era. The wars against segregation have been won, but we are lost. With the violence and degradation into which so many of our people bave fallen, we have disgraced the legacy of Rosa Parks.

"I had never been hit in that manner in my life," Mrs. Parks said. It was a comment that once defiance. Oh yes, we liked that so would have been inconceivable.

It is expected that [the Cairo conference on world population] will have a consensus approving abortion as a means of birth control, denial of the importance of the family as the basic unit of society and putting a lot of pressure on the developing nations, like my own, Guatemala, to promote population control programs which have already proved intrusive, unnecessary and dangerous.

If the United States had a wonderful example of morality ... and your statistics showed that you have the lowest incidence of teen births, that you have the lowest amount of abortions, that you have the lowest amount of venereal disease, then I think it would be fantastic for the United States to impose these good values on the rest of the world.

But if you have the worst record, the highest number of abortions per capita, the highest number of divorces, the highest amount of venereal diseases, why, for God's sake, why do you want to expand this to the rest of the world? Mercedes Arzu Wilson, of the National Committee of the Catholic Campaign for America, speaking at a press conference in Washington, as quoted by The Washington Post.

By Bob Herbert

"I was screaming," she said, "and trying to ask him not to hit me." Montgomery nearly 40 years ago. Mrs. Parks remained seated in the face of the exasperated glare of bus driver J. P. Blake. She re-

tragic in the extreme. Last week mained seated even as three less came the news that a 14-year-old courageous African-Americans girl on Chicago's South Side had been murdered by an I1-year-old durifully rose and shuffled off to stand in the rear of the crowded bus. She remained seated as the nearly apoplectic Blake went off in self, apparently by members of search of a policeman to arrest ber.

his own gang. We are in the dark night of the

those future generations would be free to ingest endless tons of dope, to populate the nation's streets with armies of all-butabandoned children, or to engage in a spectacular orgy of killing in which the vast majority of the victims just happen to be other African-Americans, many of them infants and children.

After she was attacked last week, Mrs. Parks said: "In these times none of us seems to be safe from this type of treatment and violation by a sick-minded per-son ... We still bave a long way to go, and so many of our children are going astray."

Anyone who believes that violence and degradation are limited to African-Americans is deluded. America has searched but never yet found a way to confine its evils to the ghetto.

So America has white children killing white children, and it bas a crazy man with a rifle committing murder in New York's Rockefeller Center, and in general it has a society drenched in violence, physical and otherwise. But the problems at the moment are most. acute and most deadly among Aftican-Americans. The most effective solutions will have to come from African-Americans.

When Rosa Parks decided, beneath the looming presence of J. P. Blake, that she had had enough, she taught the entire

country a lesson. Now it is time for new leadership to arise and say, again, enough It is time to grab the felons and

the freaks and let them know in the most forceful terms possible that they will not be allowed to capture the soul of black America. That is the primary challenge of the next phase of the civil rights movement. It is the way to recapture the high ground, to salvage the children, and to teach the country once again a great and valuable lesson.

The New York Times.

#### IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1894: Case of Blackmail?

NEW YORK - Mrs. Glascock yesterday [Sept. 4], in Court, said that Senator Stewart had drugged ber and then outraged her in his office. The Senator says the woman is carrying on "a badger game." Our despatches last reported that Mr. Charles I. Glascock was suing for a divorce, naming Senator Stewart, to whom it was alleged his wife had applied for a clerical position, as the correspondent Senator Stewart declared that the whole case was got up for purposes of blackmail, and suggested that Mr. Glascock was backed by the

wicked gold men of the East. 1919: Austrian Question

PARIS - Despatches from Bale indicate that the German Government has sent to the Peace Conference a reply to the ultima-

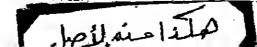
turn demanding a modification of the clauses in the German Constitution which open the door to future union with Austria Germany is prepared to make it clear that the clauses in question are inapplicable so long as the Council of the League of Nations has not approved any modification of Anstria's status. Germany also de-Austria's status. Germany also declares that the threat to extend occupation of her territory, con-

#### 1944: War on Bulgaria

deeply regrettable act of violence."

tained in the ultimatum is "at ...

LONDON - [From our New York edition:] Russia tonight [Sept. 5] declared war on Bulgaria, bluntly asserting that the socalled "neutrality" of the Sofia government was only a cloak to cover continuing aid to Germany. The Soviet declaration was made with the knowledge of Great Britain and the United States.



# Should Wind By William Safire WASHINGTON—If there has been one unequivocal campaign promise that the Clinton-distance the section of the start, it is on a woman's right to choose abortion. That applies abroad, too. Clintonites have reacted by telephone in Cairo on Sunday, Mr. Gore played it choose abortion. That applies abroad, too. Clintonites have reacted by telephone in Cairo on Sunday, Mr. Gore played it cool: "In dealing with those who are actually negotiating at this conference," he soothed, "I've foun people to be constructive and co ciliatory on both sides." The saying— T The Vatican's Spokesman

that's democracy. But then, in the though they will not accept the view run-up to the UN population con- that contraception is all right ference in Cairo, advocates of abor-nevertheless signaling they fully un-

AND THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRA a fine contract to the fine of the contract to the fine of the fin sherpas espoused a UN statement they won't strenuously object." calling for governments to provide Understandably, after feminists, "reproductive rights" including "fer- "greens" and redistributionists got tility regulation" and "pregnancy ter- carried away, Mr. Gore has been While it was a state of mination" throughout the world — shifting the focus away from aboras it new verbal compounds could tion to contraception, and then to conceal the abortion deed.

enlisted Muslim fundamentalists to nal 1979 book, "Third World Wom-reject imposing "a current lifestyle en Speak Out," showed that to be reject imposing a current mestyre of certain opulent societies" (that's a key to family stability.

My objection to the new Malthuman and the conditions of the conditions of

Fine; orings the oattle out in the open. But then the Vatican went growth and individual advancetoo far: not only did the Pope's ment. Hong Kong and Taiwan show spokesman condescendingly refer that to be as untrue as Thomas Malto the U.S. government as "this thus's predictions of world starvaadministration," but he publicly attacked Vice President Al Gore by name. The Pope's representative impugned the sincerity of Mr.

"Yeah, I've heard that Develop-Gore's conciliatory assertion that ment is the best contraceptive' for the United States did not seek an 20 years," counters Mr. Gore. international right to abortion. In delivering that shot, the papal spokesman seemed to suggest that the second-highest official elected hy Americans was a hypocrite.

to the United States of the Land

We don't be to be

His Mark the street

Burn he had to

Lar vig ... ron F.

 $v = (1, v)_{\mathcal{P}_{\mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{a}}}}$ 

10.00

Land to the second

क्षाची नहीं है है है

duidres, s

A ....

diation.

ASSESSED.

14.0

の表をいい

aka ibi sa

of a sequential

.... 4.00

42.71 \$1.5

41 . .

10211 14

in the Pope's name. Unless correct- development to make it easier to ed, it will stand as unprecedented establish the others." papal meddling in U.S. politics.

It is overreaching enough for a U.S. hishop to predict the political behavior of co-religionists, as Bishop James McHugh did on Sunday with his warning of a "powerful incentive to American Catholies to walk away from the Democratic Party."

For the Pope himself to permit his official spokesman to rail against any specific American political fig-

Letters intended for publication should be addressed "Letters to the Editor" and contain the writer's sigrature, name and full address. Letters should be brief and are subject to editing. We cannot be responsible for the return of unsolicited ma-

They promised and delivered; "statesmanlike in saying - even tion rights went a bridge too far.

Trickily avoiding the A-word, U.S.

derstand that if other organizations wish to make condoms available.

The Vatican wasn't fooled by these euphemisms, and cunningly hope he can; Perdita Huston's semi-

sians is their insistence that crowd-

"We're adopting a more holistic approach here in Cairo, Availabil-ity of contraception; increase of child survival to encourage smaller families; education and empower-That was a personal insult issued ment of women; and the economic

Conservatives who put individual freedom first can embrace that quartet. The danger comes from the gender-agenda coercionaries overpopulating global conferences who would make governments the levelers of nations and bureaucrats the makers of family decisions. A "right to develop" is not an entitlement to a handout.

The Vatican did well to blow the whistle on the power grah of the new Malthusians; the result is the creative tension of open debate. And moral instruction by preachers has a traditional place in politics. But the Pope should tell his arro-

gant spokesman that he harmed the anti-abortion cause by getting politically mean.

The New York Times.



Los Angeles Times Syndroste.

#### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

#### Orphaned East Timor

Regarding "Remember The Rape of East Timor" (Opinion, Aug. 13):

Anthony Lewis writes: "The Timorese had shown no sympathy for communism. They just wanted independence." The first statement is for the most part true; but after the irresponsible Portuguese pullout in 1975, the Marxist Fretilin declared itself the rightful heir to the colony's administration and was definitely thinking otherwise in terms of Communist sympathy.

Total independence would have been unrealistic for this small territory, with few resources to support itself decently. The intellectuals of the region ultimately realized this: many joined UDT, a party advocating commonwealth-like status for East Timor under Portugal; a smaller fraction created Apodeti. whose aims were to gradually join Indonesia. Only Fretilin advocated total independence, under which it could rule dictatorially.

At the time, instability in Southeast Asia was widely attributed to communism. Even an outsider like the United States saw the necessity to intervene in the region's affairs. in Vietnam. The political chaos that broke out in East Timor could have spread west to Indonesia in the form of refugees and political outlaws, not to mention armed guerrillas. All this would have threatened the relative stability that Indo- private "condo" areas.

nesia then had just begun to achieve. Pain and suffering occur in every situation where a region is abandoned by its colonial overlords like an illegitimate child thrown out by its guilt-ridden parent. East Timor is one of such children, and Portugal was its parent.

MARIO VAU.

# 'Traditional' Urban Design

Regarding "Islands Across America Where 'Do Not' Is the Law" (Mean-while, Aug. 23) by Evan McKenzie;

The writer makes a strong point for the insidiousness of "condo law" in America, and as a victim of such law I heartily agree that somehow my rights are being (legally) violat-But he implies some judgments that bode ill for the future development of housing in America. He states, "Developers keep the

price low hy squeezing more people onto less land - they build narrow streets and replace large individual yards with communal spaces." The implication is that this is an undesirable alternative to what I can interpret only as the typical American suburb. But doesn't his description also portray Florence, Amsterdam and Georgetown, Washington? The famous London squares of the 17th and 18th centuries were spatially similar, and they were built as semi-

One of the most important new developments in urhan design in America, "traditional town design," developed by the Florida firm of Duany & Plater-Zyberk, advocates just such spatial organization.

THOMAS L. SCHUMACHER.

#### Liberators of Paris

As a soldier who fought through France and Germany during World War II, I was intensely interested in and mundane are made: all the hullabaloo about the Normandy landings and the liberation of Par- a space that, three years ago, some is. However, I was deeply disappointed in the way the French press, television and political leaders (President François Mitterrand and Mayor Jacques Chirac of Paris) heralded the en and children — who'd seen the liberation of Paris. One would think that the war had been won by the ed the police to be punished — went French 2d Armored Division, True, Mr. Mitterrand in his speech paid tribute to the "Allied forces," but it

was very scanty.
In your Aug. 25 issue, John C.
Ausland ("At That Moment in Paris We Were the Finest of All") clearly gives a witness's account of the role of the U.S. 4th Division in liberating Paris. And, of course, if it had not been for the rest of the U.S. divisions in the three corps of the 1st U.S. Army, the liberation of Paris would not even have occurred.

MILTON HOCHMUTH. Colonel, U.S. Army (retired). Ciboure, France.

# An Instant Is All It Takes To Get the Hissing Started

By Donna Britt

T OS ANGELES - It was lunch-L time in Los Angeles. The man, about 35, was standing in a long, slow line at McDonald's. Thinking your usual, waiting-in-line thoughts.

Suddenly, he noticed a clerk opening a new line. He had a choice: bolt to the head of the new line, placing himself before the person

#### MEANWHILE

ahead of him - a pale, fiftyish woman immersed in a newspaper -or inform her of the new line. He tapped the woman's shoulder. "Excuse me." he said. "That

line's open." Immediately, she slid into the space. Then she looked at him.

"Don't you poke me!" she hissed. Staring at her, "I felt total, consuming anger," he later recalled. "In that split second, you have a choice between 'Am I going to go off, or

handle this like a gentleman?"

He chose. And hissed a common expletive used primarily toward vomen right hack at her.

"What did you say?" she asked. Repeating it, he angrily added, "I was trying to call your attention to the fact that another line was open. And here you give me your attitude."

The woman repeated, "Don't you poke me." She turned away. Staring at her back, the man saw

that she was shaking.

In a split second; within that infinitesimal pin-dot of time exists a space immense enough for whole lives to be won and lost. In that moment, choices both momentous

In Los Angeles, it was in such cops who could have chosen otherwise decided that a drunken, unresponsive man should he beaten senseless; that a year later men, womvideotaped bludgeoning and expect-

collectively crazy when they were not. That the media recently chose to publicize "facts" about a doublemurder investigation and famous defendant that were not only misleading, but wrong.

In these times, either the woman or the man at the McDonald's could have had a gun and used it. Shootings have occurred over less. Instead, each ordered lunch and left — she, per-haps, with her thoughts of past pokings, he with rage, and sadness at the memory of her trembling shoulders.

Neither, I suspect, really heard what the other was hissing.

Days later, the man - a soft-spo-

ken writer known for his humor and sensitivity — was still stunned by his reaction. "I'm not at all proud," he said. "Everyone deserves respect.

even people heing rude to you." So what happened?

"After a while, you get tired of being nice," he said. "Sometimes I feel I'm the only one who's giving." Who doesn't." Who among us hasn't suddenly been controlled by an act of jaw-dropping rudeness and then lashed out? The woman in line, said my friend, "symbolized the garwho cuts his car in from of yours. the clerk who ignore, you, the person you hold open a deer fer tide doesn't acknowledge ii.

So what about the woman! What did she see in this guy tapping her shoulder?

He paused. "She could have just seen a black man. She could have seen a rapist from her post. She could have seen her abusive tather. .. I don't care what she saw, it doesn't give her the right to abuse every man."

Another pause, "I don't think there's anything wrong with this country that couldn't be solved by a revolution of kindness and cour-

tesy," he said. My friend may never see the incident from that woman's perspective. hut he is right in suggesting that politeness never mattered more, It is a positive response that can fill the split-second space that opens a hundred times a day, a space too easily.

filled by reflexive rage or crucity. You have to worry about the general health of courtesy in a culture where critics sneer at the niceness of a "Forrest Gump" and praise "Natural Born Killers" as "over-the-top reality." Where girls are pushed to be harder and tougher, and boys to aspire to a granite-like vencer. In which I get so many compliments on my sons' good manners that I am starting to wonder, "How badiy are most kids allowed to behave?"

Tell me that people are "naturally" selfish, hostile and scared, and I'll say sure. Say they're naturally generous, forgiving and loving, and i'll go for that too. What we are is a thousand things, good and bad, which we daily manifest in our split-second choices.

So day after day, we must refuse to get tired of being nice. Split-second by split-second, we must be as diligent about protecting kindness as we are about protecting our "rights." If we don't, all of life will be a long, slow line, filled with people hissing at each other. And nohody hearing a word.

The Washington Post.

SINGAPORE AIRLINES

· ALL AROUND THE WORLD ·



# **DEFICITS:** A Threat to Benefits

Continued from Page 1 Treuhandanstalt, the agency that was charged with selling cff East German state-owned companies.

Some still argue that the German case is different. "One great difference between Germany and the other countries is that our deht grew mostly because of unification, the cost of which is slowly declining," said Bodo voo Rüden, a bond analyst at Trinkaus Capital Management in Düsseldorf. "Elsewhere it's largely cyclical and structural.

In any case, the problem is world's major industrialized countries, only Japan and Ire-land have managed to reduce their deht as a proportion of gross domestic product over the

Among the largest of those countries, those making up the Group of Seven, a combination of cyclical, structural and demographic factors pushed the deht level to an average of 38 percent of GDP in 1993 from 32 percent in 1989.

And wherever the treod has not been countered by drastic cuts in spending, the result has been a combination of rising inflation and tighter monetary policy, which in turn has exacerhated governments' problems hy slowing economic activity and making it more expensive to raise new cash to pay old existing dehts.

Failure to reduce deht/GDP ratios "has impaired the credibility of the fiscal authorities in the current downturn," the Bank of International Settlements concluded in its 1994 annual report, published in June, "leaving most governments with no choice hut to tighten fiscal policy in order to prevent undesired effects on the financial markets.

"The bond markets are very worried," said Paul Horne, senior international economist for Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. "Today's defi-cits, the aging of the European population and the worsening pension situations are a recipe for disaster for long-term interest rates. If these things aren't

#### Russia Names London Envoy

MOSCOW - President Boris N. Yeltsin appointed First Deputy Foreign Minister Anatoli Adamishin as Russia's new ambassador to Britain, the Russian press agency Itar-Tass said

shird be a

corrected, they'll go up and up

Even countries such as France and Germany, which have made substantial progress toward reining in new debt accumulation, face enormous difficulties in reducing deht already outstanding.

Germany's and France's deht-to-GDP ratios last year amounted to 27.5 percent and 35.6 percent, respectively.

"Throughout Europe, the productivity of the public sector needs to be vigorously improved," said a French official who spoke on condition of anowidespread. Among all the nymity. "We must put order in central government administration, local government administration and social security administration." In Italy, interest on the deht

alone cost the equivalent of 11 percent of GDP in 1993, almost four times the average for de-veloped nations of 2.9 percent. That hurden makes its entire national hudget highly vulnerahle to changes in interest rates.

After the Bank of Italy's rate

increase, which many in Italy interpreted as a vote of no-confidence in government fiscal policy, Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi warned that pension henefits for future generations would have to be cut.

Analysts say European gov-ernments need to keep making cuts in spending, oot just on social henefits but across the board, to meet the convergence criteria set out in the Treaty on European Union sigoed to Maastricht, the Netherlands.

The treaty calls for all EU countries to cut their budget deficits to 3 percent of GDP hy the end of 1996 from an average of 6 percent at the end of 1993 and asks them to cut debt to 60 percent of GDP before adopting a single European currency, which is scheduled to be introduced before January 1999.



Sudanese workers, marching in protest of the Cairo conference Monday in Khartourn.

# **EXAMPLES:** How 2 Asian Nations Differ on Birth Control Programs

Continued from Page 1

which is unconstitutional in the Philip-

After a huge demonstration last month, the government dropped two leading women's rights advocates from an official delegation to the Cairo conference and agreed to a joint position paper that strongly rejects abortion.

Much of the church's rhetoric has been directed at the United States, seen here as a driving force behind the Cairo conference.

The population conference has aggravated a simmering dispute between Cardinal Jaime L. Sin of Manila, the Roman

country's first Protestant president. In his latest broadside, the cardinal accused President Ramos on Friday of lacking moral leadership and preparing to wage "psycho war" against the church.

The cardinal demanded that Manila boycott the Cairo conference.

In denouncing the Cairo conference, Cardinal Sin charged in an Aug. 7 pastoral letter that powerful "global forces" were "out to destroy the family by first destroying our children."

He called on Filipinos to "expel from our midst a new type of cultural dictator-ship" that would "have us ape the degener-

Probably the best beer in the world.

Catholic primate, and Fidel V. Ramos, the ate sexual mores prevalent in so-called developed countries."

In Indonesia, a family planning program has succeeded in part because of the strong commitment of President Suharto. who has held power for nearly three de-

"What makes it special is that the gov-ernment has worked very hard with religious leaders to bring them along," a Jakarta-based diplomat said.

The program has attracted strong support from the U.S. Agency for International Development, which agreed in March to provide \$50 million in grant aid over five

# CAIRO: Strong Words

Continued from Page 1 he said that the discussion over population had to avoid "dog-matism and fanaticism."

Thousands of police pa-trolled the streets, after militant Muslims had threatened to disrupt the conference.

Mr. Mubarak spoke in Arabic, Mrs. Brundtland in English and Mr. Butros Ghali in Arabic, in English and then French.

Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto of Pakistan, who decid-

ed over the weekend to attend the conference after a week of reports here that she would withdraw because of pressure from conservative Muslims at home, spoke Monday of a world "where every pregnancy is planned." But, speaking in English, she also said that the proposed plan of action had "serious flaws"

that struck at the heart of cultural values in both industrialized and developing countries. her to be the weakening of fam-

Two other Islamic women who head governments, Prime Ministers Tansu Ciller of Turkey and Khalida Zia of Bangladesh, stayed home.

Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Sudan and Lehanon - the last with not only a large Islamic population but also a strong Maronite Christian community traditionally close to Rome — are boy-cotting the conference.

and airport services, establish a major hub for airlift operations and sustain a ground transport system for vital aid. Mr. Clintoo called it "the

most difficult and complex" relief effort that the world had faced in decades.

"The feeling has been that lieve," said a senior UN relief

of plans and promises to put everything right, and as soon as they came in, they started talking about getting out," said another relief official, who has been deeply involved in arrang-ing the U.S. military support.

With the death toll in makeshift camps on the Rwanda-Zaire border reduced from a peak of more than 5,000 refusees a day to fewer than 500 a day, virtually all of the 2,100 U.S. troops and 57 cargo aircraft rushed to the region in early August are to he with-drawn by the end of this month.

military officials say.

That date is earlier than some U.S. diplomats and many international relief workers favor. Moreover, the military plans to depart after performing only a portion of the four principal hu-manitarian tasks that W. Anthony Lake, the national securi-

The While House promised in July, for example, that the

# Of 'Deviationist' Sect on TV The police have declined to

20 to 30 followers of the banned Thailand. Islamic sect Al Argam on state television to expose what it says are the movement's deviations

from the true Islamic faith. The move comes as sect officials said they would ask the courts to release their leader. who is being held under Malaysia's security laws.

The Al Argam legal adviser, Zahidi Mohamed, said the messianic Sufi sect would file a writ of habeas corpus for the release of Ahuya Ashaari Muhammad, 57, from police custody. Under the Internal Security Act, Mr. Ashaari can be held for up 10 wo years without a trial.

The state news agency Bernama quoted Information Minister Datuk Mohamed Rahmat as saying the 20 to 30 people had renounced the teachings of Al Argam.

KUALA LUMPUR — The say where Mr. Ashaari is being alaysian government said held. He was arrested Friday Malaysian government said held. He was arrested Friday Monday that it would parade following his deportation by

Malaysia to Parade Followers

Mr. Zabidi said the sect would also file writs seeking the release of Mr. Ashaari's wife, Khatijah Amm, and chief spokesman, Soid Sulaimao, also being held under the security act. They were deported from Thailand on Saturday.

Mr. Zahidi disputed a statement on Sunday by the foreign minister, Ahdullah Ahmad Badawi, that the case against Al Argam was a religious matter and not politically motivated. "There is no reason to use the

ISA or any other laws if it in-volves the faith," he said, referring to the security act. "The Malaysian government's move is definitely political."

The government denied the charge. There is no political motive, but as usual the foreign of an Islamic messiah.

media do not want to understand and want to remain condifused about the truth affecting the country." Bernama quoted the Information Ministry's parliamentary secretary, Fauzi Abdul Rahman, as saying Mon-

The government began a campaign against Al Arcam in June, accusing it of training "stricted warriors" in Bangkok. The charge was denied by Thai

authorities.
Religious authorities outlawed the sect Aug. 5, branding it a "deviationist" cult. The government declared all of its activities illegal and a threat to public order three weeks later.

Al Arqam, which claims 100,000 followers in Malaysia and many more elsewhere in Asia and the Middle East, says Mr. Ashaari is destined to lead a great Islamic movement from Malaysia throughout Southeast Asia. It would herald the arrival

### RELIEF: U.S. to Quit Rwanda With Jobs Still Undone

Continued from Page 1

combat readiness. Many UN officials say they are grateful that the Pentagon intervened after an unexpected migratioo of Rwandan refugees had spun out of UN control. But the gap between the Clinton administration's public promise and the military's performance has distressed some U.S. aid officials and senior officers at the UN High Commis-

sioner for Refugees. the Americans have not delivered as much aid as the viewer of CNN has been led to be-

"The Americans came in full

ty adviser, and other senior U.S. officials pledged it would undertake.

Pentagon's ahility to maintain on half of the relief hurden outlined by the United Nations for an estimated 1.2 million refugees, most of whom are still in temporary camps. It pledged then to provide complete water

U.S. and relief officials said, however, that the Pentagon had provided only partial airport services and had declined UN

#### Zairian Warns Outsiders to Go

KINSHASA, Zaire -Blaming the expatrinte community for Zaire's crisis, a radical opposition figure warned Monday that all foreigners should leave the country within a week or suffer the consequences. Joseph Olengankoy,

head of the Forces for Union and Solidarity, said at a press conference that all expatriates besides diplomats should leave temporarily to allow the opposition to establish "the rule of

"The country is being held hostage by foreigners. who are bleeding it dry," he said. "Zaire is about to enter its liberation phase." He did not specify what action would be taken against those who stayed, hat he made it clear that violence was being considered.

military would essentially take requests to airlift more equipment for building roads and digging latrines. It also declined a series of UN requests to help bury bodies at Goma, Zaire, and improve the airfield at Bukavu, Zaire, near makeshift camps now harboring more than 230,000 refugees.

> Several U.S. relief officials also said the military had not supplied as much water as the refugees needed, which the Pentagon disputes. But military officers and relief officials agree that the Pentagon was never ordeted to maintain a fleet of food trucks or to provide aviation and diesel fuel for the relief operation, as Mr. Lake and U.S. diplomats had promised.

The friction between relief officials and U.S. military commanders over the Rwanda operation partly reflects a larger disagreement between the two groups about the Pentagon's present and future role in humanitarian disasters, according to U.S. officials.

Many UN relief officials whi once worried that working with military forces would compromise their neutrality now regard the Pentagon as a vital partner in managing otherwise insolu-

ble refugee crises. Some UN officials said they covered the Pentagon's superh airlift and engineering assets. which they cannot hope to match. They hope the U.S. military will place some of its equipment on permanent standby for humanitarian oper

ations. But many senior U.S. military officers, while acknowledging that joining relief operations can sow goodwill, look warily at transforming their current ad hoc involvement into a routine task.

# EUROPE: Britain Rejects Plans for a Multitiered EU

ment, at which progress toward political and economic union under the Treaty of European Union will he reviewed, is scheduled for 1996.

Umberto Bossi, the leader of Italy's Northern League, bitterly denounced the proposals, saying EU countries had "fallen under the heel of the descendants of the Prussian landowning aristocracy."
Mr. Bossi, whose party is a

member of Italy's rightist governing coalition, said Europe She had harsh criticisms for also was "at the mercy of the abortion and what appeared to arrogance of a part of the puffed-up French political classes who pejoratively dismiss the Italians as 'macaronis.'"

The Christian Democratic paper, which also called for the extensive reform of EU institunions. was presented last week by Wolfgang Schäuhle, parlia-mentary leader and the second most powerful figure in the par-

Mr. Major has called for a an airport that has been shelled "multitrack, multispeed" ap- in the past, and he will be ex-proach to Europe, but said he posed to suiper fire in a city that

wanted Britain at the heart of Europe and had no intention of allowing the country to be left behind.

stormy 10-month stint as the stormy 10-month stint as the

(AFP, Reuters) Cresson Appointed to EU rand for a seat on the European Commission, The Associated, Edith Cresson, who served a Press reported from Paris.

by President François Mitter-

# BOSNIA: Pope Barred in Belgrade

jevo warned on Monday that the life of Pope John Paul II would be at risk on any visit.

Reuters reported.

With the Vatican under pressure to decide whether the 74year-old pootiff should go ahead with his visit to the Bosnian capital on Thursday, the UN official, who asked not to be named, added that the lives of those around the Pope would be at risk as well.

The papal plane will land at

is surrounded by Serbian be-siegers and defended by the government army.

Informed sources said Vatican officials could wait until the eve of the visit before making a final announcement. The Pope was reported anxious to make: his "pilgrimage of peace," pro-vided it did not endanger the local population.

The main obstacle has been

the refusal of Bosnian Serbs tcguarantee the Pope's safety Their leader, Radovan Karad zic, told the Vatican he way worried that a Muslim action might be blamed on the Serhs.

For business women going places, here's the place to stop.



SUMMIT

US Sukhomya Rd., Bangkok 10110, Thailand, Tax (062) 253 (250) Tel (662) 25 (366)

The landmark of London is the Royal Lancaster Hotel

## INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED MARKETPLACE

Monday

International Conferences and Seminars

Tuesday **Education Directory** 

Wednesday

Business Message Center Thursday

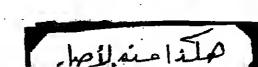
international Recruitment

Real Estate Marketplace, Holldays and Travel Saturday

Arts and Antiques Plus over 300 headings in International Classified Monday through Saturday For further information, contact Philip Orna in Paris: Tel: (33-1) 46 37 94 74 - Fax: (33-1) 46 37 52 12

Herald Eribune





a received

bury position of the artist that the artist th

than I the relace.

Marie States Tales

supplied , nech are

fringer and along

faces are activities that the Property

derest to manual at

found tomers or to pro-

non and a filtering

operation - Mr Lag.

elefate met at for met.

diameles of the first

m man e e e bara : . Se a como e : . 15.5

consider the following

45.5

MI CHES

\$\$\$43 · v

20. 2 %

importable. the Land

Autob II

1141

43.4 . 5. .

arry (the

Water Control of the American

STREET, ST. S. C. S. CONTRACT

e a Mattitierel

torrest in Bels

\$3. ·-- · · · · ·

furti i

\$125

20 10

Section 1

Cont.

garane.

Service Co.

ing pro

76.46

3.74

\$5.70 ....

The co

10 15

COME AND THE PERSON

表 种格特尔 200 000

g, is

**6** 2. - 1

ini ··

Perinter .

Mag. CHEET W 1231748.44 A

The second water

# Bridging the Generation Gap With the Youth of Autumn Abbit Rahman Meridan Mark Meridan Mark Meridan M

campaign a camen to a minimum to accusing a selection of the control of the contr ARIS — A youthquake has shaken fashion — and the chatter of the ch The charge of death lawed the grant to de it a "elevation of each de

don't want and don't get.

Out are easy looks that could be worn by all ages: sportswear track suits or sleek tailoring. In have come the dreamy long dresses and gentle knits that dominated the prêt-à-porter salon. Or there are sharp, shiny Lolita-meets-Barbarella clothes, that are destined not for the office, but the disco. The brat fashion pack wears micro-mini-kilts (in candy pink gingham or silver fake leather).

Mr. Astart destination of the office, but the disco. The brat fashion pack wears micro-mini-kilts (in candy pink gingham or silver fake leather). sex-shop fabrics like vinyl and rubber, and techno-glamour (neon-bright nylon vests and glossy patent stilettos).

Mr. Asha bright nylon vests and glossy patent smerces.

# Event 1:

Innovations included an urban-style display tent called "Who's music, ieans and techno-wear. And a show of the company Innovations included an urban-style display tent caused who shall train the shall be shall be

planet, with the mass market following, designers and retailers have to think of fresh ways to show and sell to an often baffled established clientele. Unveiling fall clothes now is the answer for established clientele. Unveiling tall clothes now is the all summer.

Azzedine Alaïa, who has been working on his line all summer.

And for Martin Margiela, who has kept his fall collection under wraps until he unveils it simultaneously in boutiques in four cities on three continents on Wednesday.



Jean-Paul Gaultier's letter-printed JPG separates at his discomania show.

International Herald Tribune

T used to be called unisex - when women started to wear the pants and Mick Jagger wore a dress. Jean-Paul Gaultier harked back to the days when you could not tell the chicks from the chaps. But the model duos walking out in his new JPG spring collection were anything but retro in their identical stretch tunics, gingham sarongs, smock shirts and patterns of scattered letters.

It was vintage Gaultier in the good and the bad sense. There were finely tailored pieces like shrunken striped hlazers or fitted frock coats in sorbet colors. There were saucy kilts and innovative dresses, either with neoclassical silhouette or 1930s-style in soft crepe. But, inevitably, they were subject to every possible distraction, from horned hairdos and fright makeup to rambling punk accordion players, random graffiti artists and manic dancing in a make-shift disco. And a predictable hour-and-a-half delay.

Was it worth it? Wouldn't the T-shirts in mixes of shiny and mat fabries, the simple dresses and pants have looked just as good on an exhibition stand as slung around with sequined fringes and feather boas? Especially as the prices are 20 percent lower than any previous Gaultier label. Street-style fashion shows are getting to be a bore. Even if they make great shake-it-all-about photo opportunities for MTV.

# Martin Margiela

HE suit has the stolid style of 25 years ago. The blouse is like an old-fashioned smock. The labels are more precise: "Men's suit 1970, schoolgirl's blouse 1920, exact

Martin Margiela, the designer whose made-over flea-market clothes put an end to the conspicuous consumption of the 1980s, is now reproducing period

"Authenticity is more and more important - instead of imitating originals, I decided to make complete reproductions," says Margiela, who shows his fall collection for the first time Wednesday,

At Charivari in New York, Joseph in London, at the four Paris bounques and in Tokyo, women — sometimes cast from the street — will show 12 key outfits to actual and potential clients. It is a move hy the 37-year-old designer to break the fashion system where a designer's ideas are often watered down by

huyers and served up to the public six months after their conception.

The designer also said he felt that fashion shows for the pros had gone stale and that "the whole house wanted a new experience - we need that kind of concentration of energy, creativity and

Last season, Margiela took a stand against fashion novelty by making his collection entirely from his creations of the last seven years, maybe changing the fabric, but stating the original season on the label. A few "classics" will appear in Wednesday's show, and true to his earlier spirit of turning seams inside out, a new dress is reproduced from the lining of a 1930s dress and another group is based on male and female underwear.

The most striking idea is the wardrobe of Barbie and Ken - the famous doll duo - exactly reproduced but blown up to adult sizes. That means a double-knit sweater set or a fake leather jacket complete with hand-sewn snaps. The designer said he enjoyed the project because it

was "completely abstract."
Why do all Margiela's avenues of exploration seem to lead backward to fashion's past rather than forward to its fu-

He admits to a nostalgia for the anarchic 1970s that be could not join in as a child in the small Flanders town of Genk. After studying fashion in Antwerp, he came to Paris and worked for Jean-Paul Gauluer.

"Every designer looks to retro stuff," says Margiela. "If you put a blank paper in front of me, things come up and on me from my own culture.

"I think I always look forward. But it is a nicer feeling for myself to go forward by looking backwards."



Azzedine Alaïa's shearling cowgirls.

# **BOOKS**

WHAT THEY'RE READING

## THE KID STAYS IN THE

PICTURE

By Robert Evans. Illustrated. : 412 pages, \$24.95. Hyperion.

Reviewed by Janet Maslin

THE great age of the Hollywood mogul was over hy the time Robert Evans became Paramount's head of produc-tion in the mid-1960s, hut no one let Evans know. So he reigned with the shameless exuberance of an old-time studio czar, living large and attracting talent of every stripe.

He lived in a house with a 2,000-rosebush garden, as he is fond of mentioning. And he held weekly at-home screen-ings, at which "among the mainstays were Warren, Dus-. tin, Jack, Roman," etc.

Generous to a fault, in 1969 he was renting cars for 14 different aspiring actresses. And "today, of the 14 girls, six have become internationally famous stars, none earn less than a million bucks a year.'

Now Evans's most brazen production turns out to be his memoir, a boastful, name-dropping account of high and low times in the limelight. ("It's been said that when people stop talking about you, that's the

Martin Margiela's reworked period clothes and Barbie doll wardrobe for his fall collection.

time to worry. I wouldn't know
—it's never happened.") "The Kid Stays in the Picture" is shallow, self-aggrandizing and, at crucial moments in Evans's checkered legal history. notably evasive. But don't even try to put it down.

He loves big-name anecdotes. On screening "Love Story" for the queen mother, and betting Ali MacGraw, who was then his wife, that the film would make her weep: "A cashmere sweater, the old lady cops

On what Henry Kissinger supposedly said, not long afterward, about trying to patch up the MacGraw-Evans marriage: "If I can negotiate with the North Vietnamese, I think I can smooth the way with Ali."

· Moufida Tlatli, Tunisianborn filmmaker, is reading ".4 Small Personal Voice: Essays, Reviews, Interviews" by Doris

"I have read every word Lessing has written. There is a luminous wisdom and seriousness that flows from her pen. She blends hard-headed realism with compassion for failure. Her phrases burn themselves into the mind." (Margaret Kemp, IHT)

Mike Todd, Errol Flynn, Henry Miller, Cary Grant and Porfino Rubirosa, happens to be famous. "I'm stuck, baby," he says he told Sharon Tate, who expected him for dinner on the night she was murdered.

Count me out, Sorry." But he neutralizes complaints by sounding self-deprecating by Hollywood standards, this is almost as often. "What do you a melodramatic life. say about a guy who wants to Everyone mentioned here, get rid of his wife so he can fight pera after his hirth in 1930, and his office, his mo from O. J. Simpson's lawyer to full-time with his director?" he later switched to a variation on of all, his cachet.

supposed Evans cronies like asks about ignoring MacGraw. whom he sent to shoot "The Getaway'' McQueen, while he locked horns with Francis Ford Coppola over "The Godfather."

Evans's own story also has a shot at being remembered. since it incorporates such extravagant ups and downs. Even

his mother's maiden name. Evans enjoyed early success as independent producer on "Urboth a ladykiller and a garment ban Cowhoy," he wrangled manufacturer. ("I'm in ladies" pants," he liked to say.)

His good looks and takecharge manner caught the eve of Norma Shearer, who thought he could play her husband Irving Thalberg, and so he briefly became an actor.

He also attracted the interest of Darryl F. Zanuck, who spotted Evans on the dance floor at El Morocco and picked him to play the handsome young bullfighter in "The Sun Also Rises." The command that "The kid stays in the picture," delivered by Zanuck to save Evans from being fired, permanently sold Evans on the autocratic pleasures of a mogul's life.

The story goes beyond Evans' Paramount heyday to describe his later existence as a Hollywood pariah. The fall from power is de-

scribed in ripe detail. He lost his He was named Robert Sha- wife and son. He lost his house. pera after his hirth in 1930, and his office, his money and, worst

And the snubs began. As an with John Travolta and found himself persona non grata for that film's party.

More seriously, Evans lost contact with his brother and brother-in-law after all three were implicated in a 1980 drug hust. In only a couple of pages, he writes off these and several other close relationships that ended at the same time (including his friendship with Kissinger), thus making it clear that this book's confessional tone goes only so far.

However much score-settling and behind-the-scenes gossip Evans cares to indulge in, he remains a wholehearted, avid creature of the movie world.

At the end of the memoir, he has his bouse and his hopes back. It's a Hollywood life, complete with a Hollywood ending.

Janet Maslin is on the staff of The New York Times.

#### Azzedine Alaïa

International Herald Tribune

**TOU** have to hand it to a designer who can make tweed look super-sexy and give a fresh spin to cowgirl chic. Azzedine Alaïa's skill is in the cut and thrust of his clothes and the way they fit, from the spike-heeled pussin-boots rising to the minuscule knitted dress twith tactfully attached underpants) to the huckskin gaucho pants that unfurled

The most mouthwatering looks were speckled Donegal tweeds in sugared-almond colors for shapely long jackets and fashion's favorite mini-kilts. The sweet pink, hlue and almond-green colors came too in fluffy knits with a long soft pile simulating monkey fur. Other knits were on a medieval armor theme, reinforced by the thigh-high crusader boots.

But Alaïa's strongest theme was the cowgirl in chaps or jackets, made of verdigris leather, perhaps with a mini-apron wrapped round the hips. Shearling jackets with the seams articulated rather than suitched showed Alaïa's couture craftsmanship.

Why does he choose to work to his own rhythm, rather than within the framework of the other ready-to-wear showings?

"I don't like the word fashion," and it does not have to have a "season," said Alaïa, "Often clients will buy something from last summer or from two years ago. If they like it, they buy it - and sometimes women need time to get used to it."

#### **CHESS**

#### By Robert Byrne

MICHAEL ADAMS beat Anatoli Karpov in the first round of the Dortmund International Tournament.

Against the solid Nimzovich Variation, 4...Nd7, in the Caro-Kann Defense, Adams chose one of the oldest plans, 5 Nf3 Ngf6 6 Ng3, preventing an ex-change of knights to take advantage of Black's slightly cramped position.

After 13 Bc2, Adams's slight superiority derived from his c4 pawn, which controlled more space than the black center pawn at co.

His 16 Nf6 Bf6 17 Qd3! could not have been met hy 17...h6? because 18 Nh7 Nh7 19 Qh7 Kf8 20 b3! Ke7 21 Ba3 Kd8 22 Rabl exposes the black king in the center. His 17...Bg5 18 Bg5, however, gave Adams the hishop pair in an open position, where it would prove use-

On 19 Racl, Karpov could not accept the pawn with 19...Oc4? because 20 Oc4 Rc4 21 Bh7! Nh7 22 Rc4 Ng5 23 Rd7 would bave cost him a rook for a knight. Also 19...Qa5 20 Be3 Qa2 21 h3 Qa3 22 Ra1 Qb4

23 Ra7 is positionally strong for After 28 Be3, Adams's a, h and c pawns were poised for an

advance. Accordingly, Karpov aimed for counterplay in the center with 28...e5 29 Qf2 e4. On 33...ba, Adams wasted no time recapturing but kept coming with 34 c5 a6 35 c6 Ba8 36

After 40 Qd3, Karpov could not play 40...f5 because 41 Bf2! Qd3 42 Bd3 wins at once. Also. 40...Nf5 41 Bb6 Qd3 (or

41...Qe6 42 Qh5) 42 Bd3 Nd6 43 Bb5! Rc8 44 Rd1 Nb5 45 Rd8 is hopeless for Black. After Adams's 49 Be5!, Karov could not capture with ...Re5 because 50 Rd7! ends all resistance. And after 49...Bf5 50 Rd8 Kh7 (or 50...Kf8 51 Bf6 52 Bc6) 51 Re8 (51 Bf6 Re) 52 Kf2 Rc1 53 Be5 f6 54 Bd6 h3

55 c8/Q Bc8 56 Rc8 b2 57 Be4

f5 58 Bf5 g6 59 Rh8 gf 60 Rh2

also wins) Ne8 52 Be4 NC7 53

**NEW FALL** COLLECTION In Paris

Position after 48 . . . Res

Bf5 g6 54 Bc7 gf 55 Ba5, Adams

After 59 h4, Karpov had the

choice of 59...Kh4 60 Bf6 mate

or losing one pawn after anoth-

er with 59...Kg6 60 Kf4 f6 61

CARO-KANN DEFENSE

was a piece ahead.

Bh2. He gave up.

White Black White Adams Karpov Adams

Also, Sales on Summer Collection **Marie-Martine** 

8, rue de Sèvres,

Paris 6th

00-800-1-4477 1-500-877-8000

1-800-877-8000

0800-89-0877 0500-89-0877

800-131

# A SIMPLE CURE FOR THE FEAR OF FOREIGN PHONES. \*

Austria 19 Bahamas Barbadas ()

ACCESS NUMBERS COUNTRIES COUNTRIES Antigue (pay phones) Belize .
Bermede .'
Polivie
Brazil
British Virgin Isl. ' Bulgaria A
Conado —
Chile
China (English) + China (Mondarin) + -

00-1-800-777-111 B-10-155 008-5511-10 1-800-291-977 022-903-014 1-800-389-2111 1-600-877-8000 0800-10014 1.800.603.0977 0800-3323 000-8016 1-606-977-8000 1-200-8.77-2000 105-16 980-130-010

Dominican Pepublic A Egypt (Cauto) + Egypt (all ather) + Finland + Germany Greece + Hondure. 🗛 Hong Kong Hong Kong Hungary • leelond - 🗎 Îndia +

800-1-0877 1-**8**00-751-7**87**7 02-356-4777 004-890-100-1 9800-1-0284 19-0087 950-1366 BDQ-1877

00 **0** 800-01-977

Macao o Naw Zeolgad 1-800-55-2001

ACCESS NUMBERS COUNTRIES Japon (IDC) (English) + Iapon (KDD) (English) Corea (KT) 🍎 🍎 Lithuania /

ACCESS NUMBERS COUNTRIES B 197 0800-0115 0800-121 800-0014

001-800-745-1111

800-19177

102-617 05017-1-877 Russia (all other) + 🗈 Saipen Tinion and Rote 1-235-0333 77-1877

k095-155-6133 0-800-99-0001 900-99-0013 1-800-277-7460 020-799-011 155-9777

ACCESS NUMBERS COUNTRIES

United Arab Emitates Urugua, • **Vatican City +** 

Turkey + U.S. Virgin Islands U.S.A. >

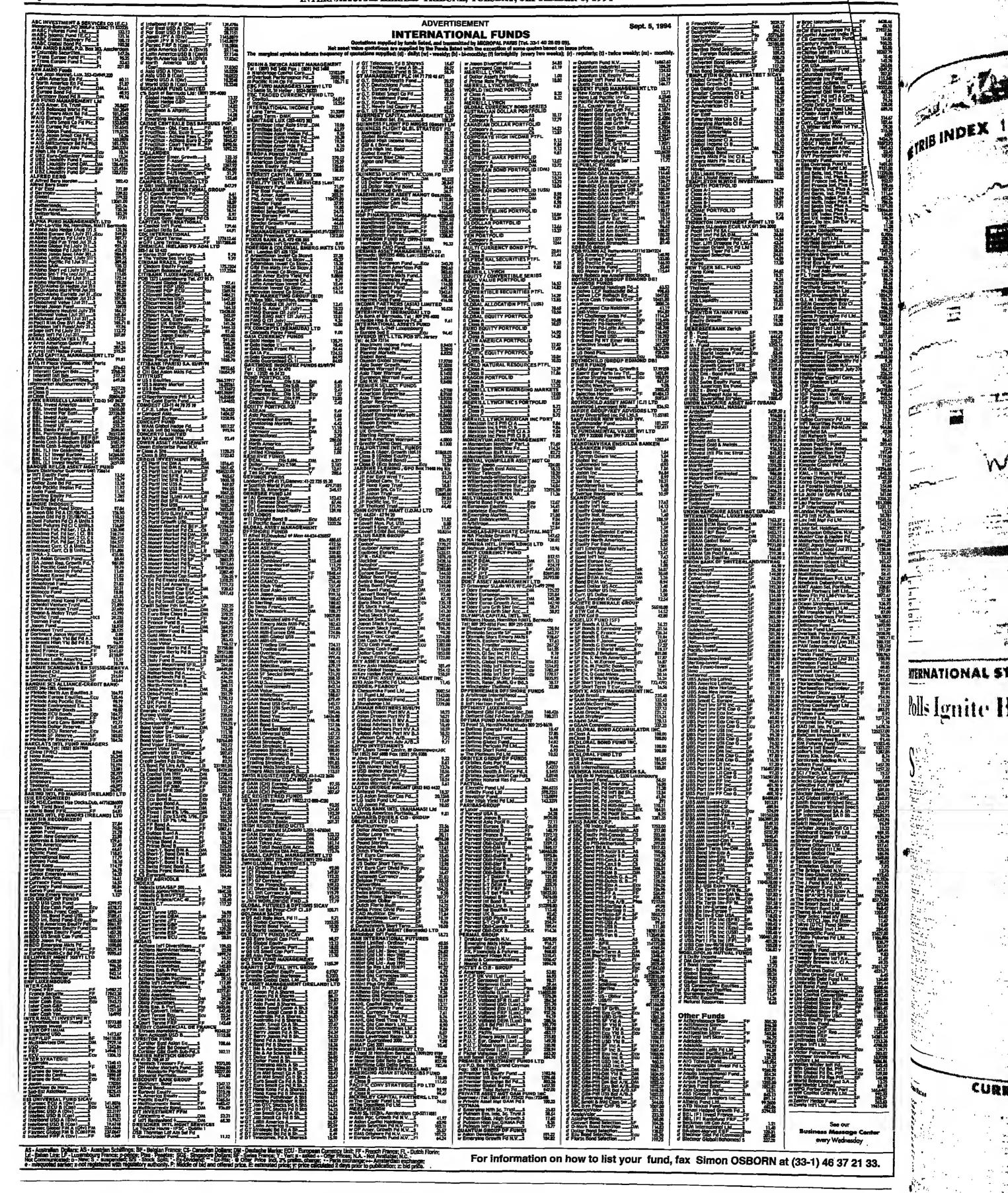
172-1877



locally on the other brush purch and deal the accommunity for the course of the corresponding to the time at all, would be commented to in hydrograding growt (primer horizona).

printer visit in the said of t

Ireland \*



The program for the conference

will focus on three key sectors:

telecommunications,

transportation and energy.

# **INVESTING IN NEW** INFRASTRUCTURE FOR EUROPE

SKADDEN ARPS SLATE MEAGHER &

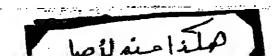
BERLIN - NOVEMBER 3 & 4

Herald Eribune

For further information on the conference, please contact:

CURE

Brenda Erdmann Hagerty International Herald Tribune 63 Long Acre, London WC2E 91H, England Tel: (44 71) 836 4802 Fax: (44 71) 836 0717



The Index tracks U.S. dollar values of stocks in: Tokyo, New York, London, and Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Italy, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Singapore, Spein, Sweden, Switzerland and Venezuela. For Tokyo, New York and London, the index is composed of the 20 lop, issues in terms of market capitalization, otherwise the ien top stocks are tracked.

Indus	Mos.	Prev.	% change		Man, close	Pres, plant	5e change
Energy	115.72	116.33	-0.52	Capital Goods	119.84	120.79	-0.79
Utilities	128.46	131.58	-2.37	Raw Materials	135.32	137.74	-1.03
Finance	116.07	117.91	-1.56	Consumer Goods	104,94	105.39	-0.43
Services	122.36	123.48	-0.91	Miscellaneous	138.00	137.99	+0.01

For more information about the Index, a booklet is available free of charge. Write to Trip Index, 181 Avenue Charles de Gautte, 92521 Neutity Cedex, France.

# News Channel Sharpens Its Focus Asia-Only Business Broadcast Builds a Following

By Edward A. Gargan

New York Times Service SINGAPORE — Richard Li. an aspiring tycoon and the son of one of the world's richest men. Li Ka-shing, keeps a bank of seven television sets constantly glowing in his Hong Kong office.

One of them is tuned to the latest entrant in the region's warming satellite-television wars: Asia Business News, or

"It's a channel for Asia only." Mr. Li said, "and it gives me what I need." With television satellites cluttering the beavens above Asia like beer cans strewn along a forest trail, the great need is not so much for more orbital litter -- although a wave of new satellites is coming - but for something to beam off them, particularly something that can appeal to a regional, instead of local, audience.

Paul France, a New Zealander who is the chief executive of ABN, said he bad found a recipe for attracting Asian viewers by capitalizing on the explosive growth of Asia's economies, the huge expansion of trade and investment within the region and the demand for more and faster business news by the legions of executives frenetically shuttling around Asia.

"The potential in Asia is enormous, but it's still only potential," Mr. France said at the channel's beadquarters in a elittering office tower in downtown Singapore, "After looking at all the options, we said, Everybody in this part of the world is

interested in money. It's part of their lives. of China, all of Southeast Asia and as far Let's do a business network."

So in May, from a pristine expanse of journalists' cubicles, control rooms filled with television monitors, satellite control panels, high-powered graphics computers and a broadcast studio, Mr. France began transmitting the region's only channel

dedicated to Asian business news. For 18 hours a day, news and analysis

'We are the only regional business network in Asia, for Asia, by Asians. Everybody's talked about it, but nobody's done it.'

Paul France, chief executive of Asia Business News

of the region's multitudinous markets, big and small companies, investments and politics are showered on millions of satellite dishes across Asia, all in English except for a short segment in Mandarin.

We are the only regional business network in Asia, for Asia, by Asians, Mr. France said. 'Everybody's talked

about it, but nobody's done it." ABN can be received in Japan, much away as Australia and eastern India. The real question for Mr. France's

venture is whether it can succeed as a business. So far, advertising has been thin, not only on ABN but also on other satellite channels in the region. The channel's start-up costs were \$20

million. "The shareholders said from the beginning there wasn't any expectation of turning a profit for five years," said Mr. France, who declined to discuss ABN's losses so far.

Nikhil Srinivasan, a vice president at Baring Securities in Hong Kong who specializes in media and telecommunications, said that while there was a need for ABN, its success was not assured.

Critical to ABN's goal of being regarded as a regional network, Mr. France said, is the need to be seen as an outgrowth of the region itself.

"We're clearly seen as not being American," he said, "It's the feeling that there's not somebody in New York telling us the meaning of life. Our reporters come from all over the world, all over the

But American companies are interested in the network. Tele-Communications Inc., the largest cable operator in the United States, and Dow Jones & Co., the publisher of the Wall Street Journal and the owner of Telerate, a financial news service, each own 30 percent of the network, as does Television New Zealand, Mr. France's former employer.

# Metallgesellschaft Sees Operating Profit Next Year

ملذًا منه المعلى

Compiled by Our Staff From Inspatcher sellschaft AG said Monday it nounced leave the metals comexpected to return to operating profit next year after successfully selling off several subsidiaries and its downtown Frankfurt headquarters.

But the German metals and trading company that almost went bankrupt earlier this year indicated it probably would need more money from shareholders and creditors to avoid another cash crisis because of the high cost of its ongoing restructuring.

The company was saved from bankruptcy earlier this year by a 3.4 billion Deutsche mark (\$2.2 billion) bailout by shareholders and major creditors.

After a meeting of its supervisory board on Monday, the company announced it agreed to sell its complex of office buildings in Frankfurt for an unspecified but 'considerable" extraordinary

It has also "come nearer to a sale" of its 47 percent stake in Kolbenschmidt AG, a German maker of automotive parts.

FRANKFURT - Metallee- and others that had been anpany prepared to return to operating profitability as soon as the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1995, the company said.

A spokesman said the 1994-1995 fiscal year operating profit probably would be in the 'millions of Deutsche marks," but he refused to give a more specific forecast.

Metaligesellschaft's plans to sell its stake in Castle Energy Corp. of the United States "remove the major problem and source of risk that would have automatically led to further high losses at MG Corp.," the U.S. trading subsidiary, the company said.

The company said it would need to raise its risk provisions beyond the I billion DM it decided earlier this summer.

After the company's results for the current financial year are tabulated in the fall, it will also ask shareholders and creditors to approve an unspecified package of measures "to render the com-pany's capital base sustainable again in the wake of the costly restructuring," it said.

A spokesman said a rights issue was one possible way of raising fresh cash, but be refused to comment further. "There's a sea-change in investors' per-

Earlier this summer, the company warned investors that its restructuring efforts carried substantial risks and advised them to treat its shares as speculative investments.

#### Merck Sees Profit

Merck AG, the Swiss-based division of German pharmaceutical group E. Merck Cbemische Fabrik OHG, said the strong Swiss franc limited firsthalf net profit growth, but that it expected double-digit profit growth in 1994, news agencies

# **European Markets Hit by German Rate Outlook**

Compiled by Our Staff From Ospatches

FRANKFURT - The probability that German interest rates will remain firm drove stocks and bonds lower here. casting a bearish tone on markets across

Hans Tietmeyer, the president of the Bundesbank, said over the weekend that the German central bank would keep a "steady hand" on interest rates in the coming weeks. The remark spurred sentiment that

the cycle of rates reductions across Europe had come to an end. The DAX index of 30 leading Ger- ship from Germany.

man stocks tumbled 1.37 percent, to 2,174.52 points, while yields on 10-year diveness of stock dividends, which can

government bunds jumped to 6.75 per-cent, a 21-month high, sap money from equity markets. High rates also burden stock markets by makcent, a 21-month high,

"If you look at the fundamentals, the German economy's going great guns," said Hans-Dieter Ruffer, with AXA Equity & Law Fondsmanagement Gesellschaft für Kapitalanlagen Mbh. in Wiesbaden. "The Bundesbank doesn't need to anything and it won't do anything for the foreseeable future,"

The Bundesbank tends to lead monetary policy throughout Europe, and many analysts said other countries were unlikely to lower rates without leader-

High bond yields reduce the attrac-

ing the cost of borrowing to fund expansion expensive.

ing U.S. interest rates in the months ahead, also held down European stock and bond markets on Monday. In Frankfurt, traders said the slide may

A weak dollar, which could mean ris-

have been exaggerated by the fact that volume was thin because of the absence of U.S. traders, U.S. markets were closed for the Labor Day holiday.

In France, the CAC-40 index lost 1.10 percent, to 1,998.20 points, while bond

ceptions," said Patrick Langlais, a trader at CCF, "They're going from a eyelc of interest rate cuts to a new one when interest rates are rising or at best steady." Italian stocks were burdened by the

pending release of the government's budget plan for 1995, due before the end of the month. The Mibtel index in Milan lost 2.12 percent, to 10.703.00 points.

London was able to buck the trend of lower stocks seen on the Continent, with the Financial Times-Stock Exchange 100-share index edging up 0.58 percent. to 3.241.50 points.

(Bloomberg, Reviers, Knight-Ridder) reported from Zurich.

# INTERNATIONAL STOCKS

# Polls Ignite Brazil Stocks

By James Brooke New York Times Service AO PAOLO - With one month to go before Brazil's presidential election on

Oct. 3, a centrist candidate has decisively overtaken his socialist opponent in opinion polls, triggering a frenzy of invest-ment and pushing São Paulo's stock index up 67 percent since the beginning of July. This year the São Paulo stock exchange bas

risen faster than any other bourse in North or South America. Foreign investors pumped \$1 billion into the exchange in August alone.

São Paulo's market bas been driven by opinion polls leading up to the election. Back in May, when Luis Inacio da Silva — a socialist trade unionist - was ahead in the polls, the São Paulo index lingered near this year's low of \$10. The index is valued for foreigners at the dollar exchange rate for a composite basket of stocks.

Section 1 and 1 an

First services of the control of the

By late August, when the polls showed Fernando Henrique Cardoso — a Social Democratic candidate of Brazil's establishment -far ahead of the other candidates, the index reached \$23.

The resignation of Economy Minister Rubens Ricupero over the weekend is likely to put only a temporary damper on the market. Mr. Ricupero quit after he boasted to a TV reporter that he was using an anti-inflation plan to bolster Mr. Cardoso's campaign.

[Paulo de Tarso, a portfolio manager at Banco Tendencia in São Paulo said President Itamar Franco's swift appointment of a new minister was likely to lessen the impact on stock prices. Mr. Franco appointed Ciro Gomes, governor of the state of Ceara, as

Cross Rates

economy minister on Sunday, Bloomberg Business News reported.

[The Bovespa stock index fell more than 10 percent, to 48,040, on Monday, But market analysis noted that events over the weekend bad not changed the long-term outlook in Brazil. Political scientists said Mr. Cardoso's chances of winning the election had not been damaged.]

Behind Mr. Cardoso's surge in the polls is the short-term success of the economic plan he designed as finance minister before step-ping down in April to run for president. On July I, Brazilians adopted a new currency, the real. Backed by \$42 billion in reserves and a balanced budget, the real appreciated against the dollar — from parity to \$1.14 on Friday.

plummeted, from 50 percent in June to 5.5 percent in August.

At the same time, monthly inflation has

The combination of economic and political stability has been a boon to investors.

"Before, people said, "I won't invest in a country with 50 percent monthly inflation." recalled Roberto Serwaczak of Baring Securities do Brasil Ltda. "Then they said, 'I won't invest because of the political risk. Now, inflation is down, and Cardoso is going to be

Some fund managers predicted a victory by Mr. Cardoso would mean a \$5 billion increase in foreign investment into Brazil's stock mar-

But Brazil has a history of volatility. "If there is an economic disaster, like a violent spurt of inflation, the markets will go through an earthquake," Veja, the nation's leading newsweekly cautioned last week.

Reginald Dale is on vacation.

**Eurocurrency Deposits** 

**CURRENCY & INTEREST RATES** 

# China Paper Says Prices Too High

BEIJING - China's annual inflation in August was more than 20 percent, the official China Information daily reported Monday, calling it intol-

erable for some people. The report did not say whether it was referring to the retail sales price index in major cities or the residents' consumer price index for the whole country.

Inflation in major cities in July stood at an annual 24.2 percent and for the whole country in June was 20 percent.

"What China has now is high growth, high wages and high inflation. What we hope for next year is high growth, a medium rise in wages and low inflation." Zhu Rongii, deputy prime minister in charge of the economy, was quoted by Hua Shang news-

paper as saving last month.
"If we do not stabilize food prices, prices will go on rising and it will be hard for people to live." Mr. Zhu reportedly said.

A Japanese analyst said. 'Annual inflation for the whole year is likely to be 20 percent, more than double the official target." He added: "The best way to cut inflation is to reduce the money supply, but this immediately affects state firms, many of which live off bank loans.

**ECU** 

5-57

# AUTHORITATIVE, YET UNBIASED.

That's what our subscribers are saying about us.\*

Subscribe now and save up to 5 ) off the cover I

CALL US TOLL-FREE

HUXEMBOURG: 0800 2703 SWITZERLAND: 155 57 57 THE NETHERLANDS: 06 022 51 58 GERMANY: 0130 848585 UNITED KINGDOM: 0800 89 5965 IN THE US: (1) 800 882 2884

IN HONG KONG: (852) 9222-1188

◆ The 1994 IHT Reader Satisfaction Survey.

AUSTRIA: 0660 8155

BELGIUM: 0 800 1 7538

FRANCE 05 437 437

Or send in the coupon below. Subscription Rates & Savings Off IHT Cover Prices. HAND DELIVERY AVAILABLE IN MOST COUNTRIES

A Sch. 5,000 37 3.300 1.800 B.Fr. 14,000 36 7,700 4.200 DN 3,400 33 1,900 1,050 FM 2,400 Finland 1,300 700 FF. 1,950 France 40 1.070 590 D.M 700 32 385 210 Germany\* £ 210 . 32 115 65 Di. 75,000 26 41.000 22.000 Ont 230 37 125 68 Life 470,000 50 275,000 150,000 L Fr 14,000 36 7,700 4,200 Lucembourg 770 420 Notherlands 230 1.050 N Kr 3.500 1.900 Ex | 47.000 25,000 14.000 Portugal Ptas 48,000 26,500 14,500 Spain - hand deliv. Madrid 900 1.700 Sweden Jammaili hand dein ery 3Fi 610 265 Rest at Europe, ex CEI CEI, N. Alnea, tormei Franch Alnea, Middle East 345 190 Guil States, Asia, Central and South America, South Africa 780 235 900 270

THE NEWSPAPER YOU'LL ENJOY READING EVERY DAY.

Yes, I want to start receiving the IHT. This is the subscription term I prefer 12 months (364 issues in all with 52 bonus issues) 🚾 6 months (182 issues in all with 26 bonus issues). 3 months (91 issues in all with 13 banus issues). My check is enclosed (payable to the International Herald Tribune). ☐ Please charge my: ☐ American Express ☐ Diners Club ☐ VISA ☐ MasterCord ☐ Eurocard ☐ Access Credit card charges will be made in French Francs at current exchange rates DOP DATE (KONJATURE)
FOR BUSINESS ORDERS, PLEASE INFONDATE YOUR VAT NUMBER-(BHT VAT number: FR74T3C0211261) ☐ Mr.□ Mrs ☐ Mass FAMILY NUME\_ PERMANENT ADDRESS HOME BUSINESS\_\_\_\_\_

AUCHG 1/4

Return your completed coupon to: Subscription Manager, HTI, 181 Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neudly Cedex, France. Face 33.1.46 37 06 S1 - Tel: 33.1.46 37 93 61 This offer expires on December 31, 1994 and is available to new subscribers only

1217 0.79% 1.5129 4.5525 1.571.41 2.14% 37.45% 14121 157.27% 1.6417 157.28 1.447 0.9421 2.289% 7.8424 2.278.77 2.5717 07.125 172.59 145.12% 1.5825 190.081

| Color | Colo Custoits in Amelerdam, London and Zurich, livings in other centers; New York and Toronto Sept. 2 Other Dollar Values | Currency | Per s | Currency | Currency | Per s | Currency | Currency | Per s | Currency | Per s | Currency | Per s | Currency Suppl. 2

Currency Per S
S. Afr. rand 3.5857
S. Kor. wor 800.50
Swed. krone 7.7234
Tolivens \$ 26.25
That point 25.04
Terkish lare 44.73
UAE dirham 3.677
Venez. bally. 193.00

Forward Rates 38-607 49-607 1,5413 1,5495 1,5777 1,5777 1,3278 1,3284 Sources, ING Bank (Arasterdam); Indosue: Bank (Brussels): Banco Commerciale Haliana (Milant); Agence France Press: (Paris): Bank of Takya); Royal Bank of Canada (Toronta), IMF (SDR), Other Salto from Fauters and AP.

1 month 4%-Pa 49-4 -- 4 1-4 --476-5 476-41, 576-51; 5-51; 476-41; 5 1-6 3 months 475-S 4 304 10 5-51: 6 months 5 to 5 to \$ 4-5 % 57e-5% Sources: Reuters, Llayds Bank Key Money Rates United States Discount rate
Prime rate
Prime rate
Prescription
Jamonth CDs
Comm. saper 180 days
Jamonth Treasury bill
Jayour Yreasury bill
Jayour Yreasury note
Sayour Treasury note
Payear Treasury note
Sayour Treasury note
Appear Treasury boad
Merrill Lynch 30-day R
Jason

Close Prev. Brilgin Back base rate Call maney 1-month interbank 3-month interbank 6-month interbank 16-year Gill 400 74 4 % 500 453 613 623 623 726 749 357 France
Intervention rate
Call money
-month interbank
-month interbank

SI --53-2

5 - -5

U.S. daliars per ounce. Landon afficial fix-ings: Zurich and New York opening and clasing prices: New York Comex (December.) Source: Reviers

protate Me

C. 2

· St.

. .

# Airbus to Launch **Heavy Transport** Military Aircraft

FARNBOROUGH, England - Airbus Industrie, the an Hercules C-130. European consortium, will venture into military aircraft construction for the first time by supervising construction of a heavy-lift transport plane, offi-cials at the Farnborough air show said Monday.

All four Airbus partners are individually involved in mili-tary aircraft construction, but the consortium itself has huilt only commercial jets.

Boeing Co., meanwhile announced plans to build a stretched, 189-passenger ver-sion of its medium-range 737, and said it had commitments not firm orders - for 40 of the aircraft from fnur customers, which it refused to identify.

The concept of a European military transport, known as heed, his company will be frothe Future Large Aircraft, has zen out of participation in the been around for several years. It has become a pressing issue Louis Gallois, the chief exechas become a pressing issue with increased talk of greater European defense cooperation. The market is now dominated by U.S. manufacturer Lock-

Real Estate Marketplace

Every Friday Contact Fred Ronar Tel.: (33 11 46 37 93 91 Fox. (33 1) 46 37 93 70 or your represt IHT office or representative

modernized version of its veter-

The Airbus partners — Aero-Aerospace PLC, Construcciones Aeronauticas SA of Spain and Deutsche Aerospace AG of Germany - plus the Italian manufacturer Alema, propose to build a fnur-engine turbo-prop to compete head on with the new Hercules.

British Aerospace has built a full-scale mockup of the aircraft for Farnborough

It wants the British government, which is considering buying either the new Hercules or refurbished aircraft, to opt for the European plane instead. British Aerospace's chief executive, Dick Evans, argued that if the British order goes to Lock-

utive of Aerospatiale of France, said the recently announced merger between Lockheed and Martin Marietta Corp. presents European manufacturers with a

powerful challenge. There are many events of this kind showing that consolidation is going faster and faster and we have to be tough and aggressive about doing the same in Europe," Mr. Gallois said.

(Bloomberg, Reuters, AP)

**Company Hopes to Cut Out Cloning** By John Tagliabue

A Swiss Army Knife Fight

IBACH, Switzerland - The burghers of this hamlet on the slopes of the Alps bave been anxiously watching the progress of a lawsuit in New York, which is expected to determine whether a Swiss Army knife can be

The legal test for the red-handled knife -a product that is virtually a Swiss institution—is crucial for tiny Ibach, population 3,500, an hour's drive south of Zurich.

Ibach is the headquarters of Victorinox, the Swiss knifemaker that makes 30 percent of

Swiss Army knives sold abroad. The case has also served to focus attention

on the power of the Swiss Army name as a marketing vehicle to sell not only knives, but, increasingly, consumer goods such as watches, sunglasses and compasses.

The news that the name Swiss Army is a gold mine strikes many Swiss as paradoxical, coming as the government in Bern is dramancally thinning the ranks of the armed forces. the fierce defender of this tiny Alpine country's centuries-old neutrality, as part of a general effort to cap government spending.

The knife was never exactly a mainstay of Swiss exports, and deliveries to the United States in 1993 totaled \$37.6 million, only sixtenths of I percent of the manufactured goods Swiss companies shipped there. But it is, nonetheless, what Walter Diggelmann, director of the Swiss-American Chamber of Commerce in Zurich, called "another Swiss export success in a classical nicbe market."

The lawsuit that has captured attention here arose two years ago when the American distributor for Victorinox, whose factory here makes 7 million Swiss Army knives a year, sued to stop Chinese copies from being sold in the United States with the distinctive white cross and shield, the Swiss coat of arms.

James Kennedy, the chairman and chief executive of Forschner Group Inc. in Shelton, Connecticut, which distributes the genuine item, said Chinese exports of bogus Swiss knives were "nothing new; it's been going on for 20 years, ever since Washington allowed trading with China to commence."

But Forschner was roused to legal action in 1992, Mr. Kennedy said, after Chinese-made knives began appearing with the cross and shield and the words Swiss Army.

Last year, a federal district court in Manhattan accepted Forschner's argument that Arrow Trading Co. in New York, which distributes the Chinese knives, could not use the name

Swiss Army, since that was tantamount to saying the knives were made in Switzerland.
On July 22, however, an appeals courts in New York overturned the ruling, arguing that Swiss Army was no more an indication that a product was predict that Switzerland than Dutch. product was made in Switzerland than Dutch Boy meant paint came from the Netherlands, and lifted an earlier injunction banning Ar-

row from using the name. Karen Clancy, a lawyer representing Forschner in New York, said her hopes were buoyed by the appeals court's decision to send the case back to the lower court to decide whether Arrow was not culpable of deception by selling a Chinese-made knife with the words Swiss Army, which have a "strong association" with Victorinox and Switzerland.

The man watching the case most closely here in Ibach is the chief executive of Victorinox. Carl Elsener Jr. His great-grandfather of the same name returned home from an apprenticeship in Germany in 1884 to begin making knives. Building a selection of 400 knives for use by butchers, restaurateurs and bome kitchens, in addition to 400 varieties of pocket knives. Victorinnx with its 970 employees is the largest manufacturer of knives in Europe, with annual sales of \$148 million.

# Rodamco Plans to Add **Asian Assets**

ROTTERDAM — Rodamco NV plans to invest 4.5 billinn guilders (\$3 billion) in Asian and European property over the next 28 months and will finance part of that growth with a share issue,

the company said Monday. "Economic growth in the Far East is higher than Europe and the U.S. and we have to be there," said Wim Dijkema, the director of the company. "We really believe that by adding the Pacific Rim we will benefit our sbareholders."

Rodamco is one of the world's biggest property inves-tors, with assets of 11 billion guilders. The company's latest plan is aimed at evening its geographical spread of holdings. At the moment, half of its

investments are concentrated in the United States, but by the end of 1996 the proportions will be 35 percent in the United States, 40 percent in Europe and 25 percent in the Pacific Rim.

#### EU Looks Into Fokker Deal

BRUSSELS — The European Commission said Monday it was investigating a deal in which Dutch aircraft manufacturer Fokker NV is to receive 400 million guilders (\$229 million) from Rabobank Nederland. The commission will try to determine whether the deal, which involves leasebacks and tax write-offs, in-

#### Investor's Europe Paris CAC 40 London Frankfurt ... FISE 100 Index Monday Exchange 417,97 7,853.34 Stock index : DAX Frenkfort 2.506.20 Financial Times 30 2,512.20 London . 3.241.50 3.222.70 FTSE 100 301.73 303.95 MIBTEL, ... 1,996.20 2,020.37 3 (410. CAC 40 1,878.81 1,915.04 1,89 Stockholm Affaersvaenden 460.78 Vienna ... 947.44 Zurich SBS

#### Very briefly:

WPP Group PLCs bank rescuers made profits of more than £100 million pounds (\$155 million) profit after selling their stakes in the restructured advertising company; the lenders provided about than \$1 billion in a debt-for-equity in 1992.

• Germany's economy should grow around 3 percent in 1995 after expanding 2 percent or more this year, chief economists at Germany's five leading economic institutes said.

• West German drug-company sales rose 5.5 percent in the first seven months, to 10.29 billion Deutsche marks (\$7 billion) from 9.75 billion DM a year earlier, the industry association said. • Deutsche Lufthansa AG said first-half sales climbed 8 percent, to

8.93 billion DM, from 8.26 billion DM a year earlier.

Introductory Offer

**50 U.S. CENTS PER MINUTE!** Anywhere • Anytime • Worldwide • AT&T Network

CALL FOR DETAILS!

24 hrs 7 days a week! Call Us & We'll Call You Right Back. Offer Expires October 1, 1994 • Calls Must Originate Outside U.S.A. OUR CUSTOMERS CONTINUALLY ENJOY DISCOUNTS OF 15% TO 50% ON ALL CALLS

CALL TOLL FREE FROM ... CHINA ISRAEL 10800-594-9223 177-101-2253 1678-75652 0044-22-11-2143 NETHERLANDS 06-0229617 UNITED KINGDOM 0800-96-2979 980-12-1267 COLOMBIA 0130-82-0378

AGENTS WELCOME HONG KONG 800-8489 PHILIPPINES 1800-111-0419 0080-10-3288 VENEZUELA 8001-2119 PRESS '0' AFTER ANSWER TO CONTACT MEMBERSHIP SERVICES

U.S. DIRECT 1-407-253-5454 500 N. U.S.#1 · Melbourne, FL 32935 USA U.S. TOLL FREE 1-800-NEED-TTA • U.S. FAX 1-407-253-6130

# **Dollar Slips Ahead of Data**

LONDON - The dollar Los Angeles. trickled lower Monday as traders held on to positions ahead of producer prices data and trade talks between the United

Dealers said it was difficult to see the dollar moving up ahead of U.S. August producer prices data due out on Friday. The trade talks also resume on

Deutsche marks, down from 1.5580 DM on Friday. Against the yen it fell to 99.25 from 99.30.

Analysts said trade negotia-tions between the U.S. and Japan would increasingly come into the spotlight. The next round of talks begins Friday in

The dollar fell to 5.3252 French francs from 5.3350, and to 1.3060 Swiss francs from .3080. The pound rose to

Nick Stamenkovic, economis

## States and Japan. \$1.5479 from \$1.5460. "As long as uncertainty over the trade position continues, the yen is going to be pretty firm against the dollar," said at DKB International. The dollar closed at 1.5543 Read the MONEY REPORT

# GLBOAL SAFEILITE DEIWOOK

# Why News Travels Fast

With 29 bureaus tracking the news plus satellite coverage that spans the globe, CNN sets the standard for immediate, credible and comprehensive reporting around the world.



For information regarding advertising opportunities, please contact:

Kay Delaney or Dan Lawfor in New York 1-212-852-6056 Eric Clemenceau in Paris 33-1-44-95-15-80

Nan Richards in London 44-71-290-8000 Lynne Kraselsky in Hong Kong 852-826-4525 Nobi Hashimoto in Tokyo 81-3-5466-1561

1994 forms Broad related to street and the first a discount.

#### **EDUCATION DIRECTORY**

FRANCE

**COURS DE** 

CIVILISATION

**FRANÇAISE** 

DE LA SORBONNE

UNDERGRADUATE COURSES

French baccalaureate level required.

French language and Civilization

· Fall, Winter and Spring Semesters.

Summer Courses: June to end Sept

#### UNIVERSITE DE PARIS SORBONNE

associé à l'Université

**GRADUATE COURSES** 

University Courses,

"MACKTIRE de langue et de Civilisation
Françoises" (equivalent to M.A., credit U.S.A.),
Sorbanne Summer Session for Foneign
Teachers, and Students,
Courses for Teachers of French Language

Special seminars on request.

· D.E.L.F. Preparation. Options in Economics and Commercial Studies in each se
"Certificat Pratique de Français Commercial et Econom
"Diplâme Supérieur de Français des Affaires"
"Diplâme approfondi du Français des Affaires" ics and Commercial Studies in each session

Apply to: COURS DE CIVILISATION FRANÇAISE, 47 rue des Ecoles, 75005 Paris. Tél.: (33-1) 40 46 22 11 - Fax: (33-1) 40 46 32 29 -

INTERNATIONAL

#### Do you want concrete results in a foreign language?

FRENCH - GERMAN - SPANISH - ITALIAN - JAPANESE - DUTCH - ENGLISH 66 hours per week in the target language

9 lessons per day in mini-groups and/or private lessons + socio-cultural activities with the teachers till 10.30 pm. Centres in:

France - Belgium - Ireland - Spain Ref.: Coos-Cola, McKarsey, German Foreign Office, State Department, Renauk. Also French and English courses for young people.

CERAN LINGUA HEAD OFFICES



Tel.: [33) 66 90 33 66 Fax: (33] 66 90 33 69

since 1975, language courses for motivated people!

LONDON

#### Earn Your American University Degree at a College in London

M.B.A. in International Business, Bachelor's & Associate degrees in Business Administration, Commercial Art, Fashion Design, Fashion Marketing, Interior Design and Video Production

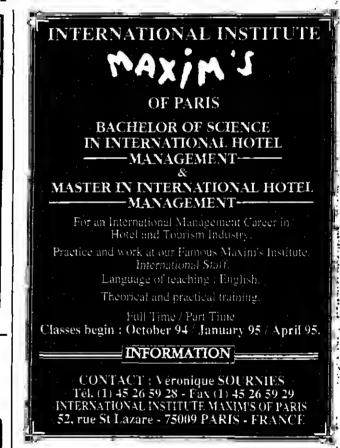
You'll feel right at home studying with other American and international students who have chosen The American College in London

U.S. accredited and degree granting. Terms begin October. January. March. June and July. Housing and job placement services available. Study abroad opportunities to sister campuses in Atlanta and Los Angeles

For further information or a prospectus contact:

The American College in London 110 Marylebone High Street, London WIM 3DB England Tel: (071) 486-1772 - FAX: (071) 935-8144

Classes begin October 4



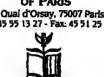
FRANCE

#### The most renowned school for French = INSTITUT DE FRANÇAIS

INTENSIVE COMPLETE IMMERSION course on the Riviera 8 hrs per day with 2 meals
For adults. 8 levels: Beginners I to Advanced II
Next 2-6 week course starts Aug. 29, Sept. 26 and all year.
06230 Villefranche/Mer - 16, France. Tel 93 01 88 44 Fax 93 76 92 17

FRANCE

THE BILINGUAL MONTESSORI SCHOOL OF PARIS 65, Quai d'Orsay, 75007 Paris Tel.: 45 55 13 27 - Fax: 45 51 25 12



JAROIN D'ENFANTS MONTESSORI D'AUTEUIL 2 1/2-6 year olds 53, rue Erlanger, 75016 Paris Tel.: 46 51 65 87 - Fax: 45 51 25 12 INTERNATIONAL

IMPROVE ANYONE QUICKLY Eindhoven 23 Sep, Paris 9 oct, Los Angales 19-20 Nov. ridwide services Fax+31 40-81544 USA + 1-310-643-8559.

Careers for the 90s

The American University of Paris

Program has successfully prepared over 70 documentation specialists to work in fullemployment, high-tech industries.

Now in its 5th year, the AUP Technical Writing

The AUP Program: • 8 months • part-time evening classes •

• taught in English • job-placement assistance • • starts October 1994

Free Information Session: Saturday, Sept. 10 at 10h00

Call ta reserve a lace: Tel. (1) 47 20 44 99

# New Expectations Of Foreign Money Lift China Shares

SHANGHAI — Prices saped in China's market for soalled A shares Monday amid eports that Beijing was pursung plans to open its domestic narkets to foreign investment.

417.67

7.653.34

A.114.55

1.85167

\$ 249 40

1 994 (1

ABTEA:

460 70

GCTS Basis of

севиралу до

en entre la la company de la c

a mostification of

without print

to malaria.

a DV

this very

watering to strain a

t-hait sales a comment

AF HOLE

VITORIAL HORE

PORT OF STREET

my Matter !

FRANCAIS

INTERMATIONAL

PROVE STREET, C. D.

2.7.

301.71

**874.**74

30 2.5(# 2B

The Shanghai index of shares eserved for Chinese investors arged 13.7 percent, or 116.98 oints, to 973.48, on record mover of 15.49 billion yuan \$2 billion). The A-share index 1 Shenzhen rose 35.07 points, r nearly 20 percent, to 212.62. Institutions and private inestors have been waiting eaarly to find out whether Beijig would meet its pledge to flow Sino-foreign managed ands into the A-share markets. Foreign investors now are

onfined to the much smaller, hard-currency B share markets. The China Securities newspaer said Saturday that regulators and talked about a possible cange with foreign brokerage buses in China and "they unanhously expressed great interest, t such an extent that the China Scurities Regulatory Commison was quite surprised."

Brokers said Chinese investors seemed convinced that foreign cash would be pumped into the A-shares market.

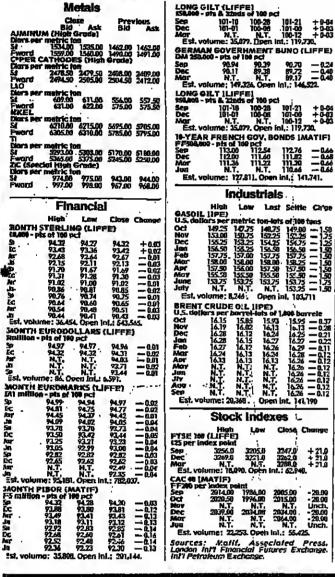
"The news was the trigger for a new bull run," said Zhang Lei. a broker with Shanghai International Securities.

Beijing said in July it was considering drawing in foreign capital as part of a rescue package for the then-collapsing A markets. But analysts cautioned that major problems must be resolved and said foreign money was unlikely to flood into the notoriously speculative and underregulated A markets soon.

■ Daiwa Investment Plan Daiwa Securitles Co. and a Chinese securities firm have signed an agreement to encourage foreign investment in Chinese companies and Chinese investment in overseas markets, Reuters reported from Tokyo.

A Daiwa spokesman said the lan, with China Securities Co., included setting up a joint investment trust company to invest in Chinese domesuc shares if China allows foreign investors to trade the A shares.

<b>UROPEAN</b>	<b>FUTURES</b>



**WORLD STOCK MARKETS** 

Helsinki

HEX Lodex : 1951.42 Previous : 1961.16

Hong Kong
cost Asia 32.30
ery Pochiic 11.10
ery Pochiic 12.40
y Form Ind' 12.40
y Form Ind' 14.00
y Sens Bank 21.00
ur Eng. 34.20
Thing Gas 14.75
Electromm 16.70
eng. 34.20
Thing Gas 14.75
T

Johannesburg

AECI
Altech
Anglo Amer
Bertows
Sivroor
Burtets
De Seers
Drictsontein
Gencor
GFSA
Hormony
Highweld Stee
Kloof
Nedbonk Gro
Rundforthela
Russlott
SA Brews
St Neternal
Sosol
Western Deep
Canagosite Ind

Bk East Asia
Cathoy Pacific
Cheune Kone Pacific
Cheune Kone Pacific
Cheune Kone Pacific
Cheune Kone Pacific
Cheune Cone
China Capitic
Cheune Cone
Cheu

London

BAAA S

2Ae S

SAE S

S

incheose Kingdisher Lodbroke Londsroke Loporie Losorio Lesoi Gen Gri Lovas Bank Marks So MEPC Nori Prover NotiWest Nihws Wate Pearson P 6 O Pilkington Provential Reed Intl Reed Intl Reed Intl Reed Intl Revers Sank Group Rolls Royce Ro

Close Prev.

40.200 38.444 30.42.100 37.444 37.440

Amsterdam

Cront Stock Index : 7453.34 Parious : 7677.84

Frankfurt

173.80 174.50 327 330 340 2488 644.50 674.50 979 975 323.50 371.40 373,10 374.70

# Aussies Harry Kiwis Over Pacific Qantas and Canberra Pressuring Air New Zealand

By Michael Richardson International Herald Tribune

AUCKLAND, New Zealand - Air New Zealand Ltd. is expected to report a record profit Wednesday, after some rigorous cost-cutting and a decision to spread its wings in Asia.

But analysts said the carrier's future may be clouded by growing competition with one of its main shareholders, Qantas Airways Ltd. of Australia. and the reluctance of Australia 10 grant Air New Zealand unlimited rights to pick up and drop off passeogers in Australia on flights to and from Asia.

These so-called beyond rights are a key part of Air New Zealand's strategy for winning Asian passengers, who tend to take relatively short vacations and want to make the most of them by travel-

ing widely and seeing several places.
"We have been a market leader in offering multidestinational travel products," said James McCrea, Air New Zeland's managing director. "It allows us to be a more attractive carrier.

The airline offers direct flights from Asia to New Zealand, and it gives passeogers from Japan, South Korea and Taiwan the option of stopping over in Brisbane, a major Australian vacation destination for Asians, on a growing number of flights to and from New Zealand. Expansion of international services —

especially to Asian passengers seeking vacations from congestion and pollution to the wide-open spaces of Australasia is the driving force behind Air New Zealand's current growth.

New Zealand's population is small, and its domestic air service network suffers from overcapacity as the local unit of Ansett Airlines Ltd. of Australia battles for market share with Air New Zealand,

"Inbound tourism is a powerful earnings driver" for Air New Zealand, said Mary Watson, an analyst in the Wellington office of CS First Boston. After cuts in the airline's work force and other measures to improve efficiency, revenue per employee had also risen sharply over

the past five years, she said. Analysts predicted Air New Zealand would report profit of about 200 million New Zealand dollars (\$121 million) for

Unless Australia grants Air New Zealand more access, its ability to grow will be limited.

the year ended in June, up from 140 million dollars in 1992-93, on sales of 2.3 billion dollars.

In 1990-91, 18 mooths after the govern ment privatized Air New Zealand and allowed Qantas and other parties to hold its equity, the carrier had a profit of only 18 million dollars.

Qantas now holds just over 19 percent of Air New Zealand, Japan Air Lines 5 percent and Brierley lovestments Ltd. of New Zealand around 38 percent.

Robert Bode, director of Hendry Hay McIntosh Ltd., said he expected the airline's net profit to rise to 250 million dollars in 1995-96 as its services from Asia

to New Zealand and Australia expanded. But he said that unless Australia agreed to give Air New Zealand additional beyono rights over the next two years, its ability to grow by offering Asian vacationers multiple destinations would be limited.

Those rights were negotiated on a reciprocal basis in 1992 by Australia and New Zealand as part of a phased move toward a single aviation market. But they are considered to have been more helpful to Air New Zealand on its way to Asia than to Qantas on its way to North America.

Australia, eager to secure the highest possible return from the planned sale of its majority holding in Qantas in April or May, appears wary of making concessions to Air New Zealand lest they erode Qantas's competitive edge.

Some Australian media reports suggest Qantas will sell its interest in Air New Zealand before the float to improve its balance sheet and prepare for a more aggressive relationship between the two

In addition, Air New Zealand will have the right as of November to become a domesuc carrier in Australia, a far larger aviation market than New Zealand.

"Ultimately, we are interested in having presence in all of that market." Mr. McCrea said, without disclosing when Air New Zealand would make its eotry or how it would solve the problem of lack of

terminal space in Sydney and Melbourne. In the meantime, Qantas and Air New Zealand are intensifying their international competition by largely unwinding an agreement made several years ago to operate joint flights between Australia and New Zealand and to the United States.

Murray Brown, head of research in the Wellingtoo office of Ord Minnett Securi-ties NZ Ltd., said privatization of Qantas would make it a more formidable competitor. "Qantas is already about five times the size of Air New Zealand as an interna-tional carrier," he said, "So that would make it a major potential challenge."

book value of its Australian

brand assets by 665 million dol-

lars after receiving an indepen-

dent valuation, saving this was

a conservative figure.

#### Investor's Asia Hong Kong Tokyo Hang Seng Straits Times Nikkei 225 Exchange Prev. Monday Change 9,901 56 +0.61 Hong Kong Hang Seng 9.962.04 2,328.06 2,330.51 -0.11 Singapore Straits Times 2,095.50 2,107.00 ·0.55 Sydney All Ordinaries 20,409.18 20,653.83 -1.13 Tokyo Nikkei 225 -0.12Kuala Lumpur Composite 1,160.88 1.531.30 1,539.08 Bangkok SET +2.29 971,46 949.73 Seoul Composite Stock ÷1.25 Taipei Weighted Price 6,866.32 6,781.39 +0.26 Manila PSE 3.104.30 3,096,26 Jakarta 519.42 515 56 +0.75 Stock Index New Zealand NZSE-40 2,176.51 2,178.75 -0.10 -0.24 2,135.03 2,140.10 Bombay National Index Sources, Reuters, AFF

#### Very briefly:

 The Philippine Stock Exchange has transferred operations to a trading floor patterned after the Hong Kong and Tokyo exchanges. seeking to increase volume and build investor confidence.

 Indonesia is close to reaching an agreement with Exxon Corp. for drawing and producing natural gas in the South China Sea

 South Korea is considering measures to increase the popularity of preferred stocks, which have higher dividends but no young rights, because they have been lagging common shares.

 Korean stock prices soared 2 percent on reports that the Bank of Korea will expand the money supply about \$4 billion to accontmodate consumer and corporate spending for a national holiday.

# Foster's Plans Asia Expansion as Profit Flattens

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispotches MELBOURNE - Foster's Brewing Group Ltd. of Australia plans to expand in China and other parts of Asia, the company said Monday, after reporting a

slump in its profit, Foster's, the world's fourthlargest brewer, said net profit fell 9 percent, to 281.7 million Australian dollars (\$209 million), in the year to June 30 as weak earnings from Britain and Canada soured improved results in Australia.

The result was marred by nonrecurring losses related to a write-down of the value of the company's British hotel and brewing businesses by almost half, to 1.24 billion dollars.

Foster's said it wrote down the value of Courage, the second largest brewer in Britain, and-its 50 percent stake in the British hotels concern Inntrepeneur Es-

U.S. Markets Closed U.S. financial markets were closed Monday for Labor Day.

Singapore

Struits Times ind. Previous : 2330.61

AGA
Aseo 4
Aseo 4
Asiro A
Arios Copco
Electrolux B
Ericsson
Esselle-A
Hondeisbonke
Investor 2
Norsk Hydro
Procordig AF

Stockholm

16.80 8.157 11.200 14.675 17.00 11.200 11.200 11.200 12.20

S.E. General Index : 301.73 Previous : 302.95

MIBTEL : 10783 Previous : 10725

ceire I Ciei

Barcarre Los BIC BNP Bourpues Donore Carrefour C.C.F. Cerus Charpeurs Club Med Ell-Aguilloine Eura Disney Gen. Eaux Havos Loriage Cops Legrand Lyon, Eaux Oreol IL-I LV.M.H. McChelin & McChelin & McChelin & McChelin &

tates, because of increased risk in the British brewing industry. Among the factors it cited were intense compedition, complex regulations, rising access to Britain for European brewers and falling sales volumes.

The company said its investments in China and other opportunies in Asia would become more orominent in the group's medium-term performance. "Expansion in Asia and the

potential profits from the region are a major focus of Foster's future expansion and outlook," it said, adding, "The Chinese beer market grew by approximately 20 percent during the year and is now clearly the second-largest market in the world behind the United States."

The company predicted. excluding storm damage, overall inflation would "be within a "The emergence of Asia as a bearable 3.8 percent to 4.0 percent. region of growing per capita consumption will lead the continued growth in world beer volumes in the years ahead."

Foster's, which is 37.6 percent owned by Broken Hill Pty. has two brewing joint ventures in Chioa and plans 10 spend 400 millioo dollars over five years developing these interests.

Revenue drooped 27 percent,

Kirin Brewery
Somotsu

a: > 100. Nikkel 225 : 2040? Previous : 20454 Topis index : 1413 Previous : 1641

Zurich

markets were closed

Monday for a holi-

# Foster's also increased the Storms Raise Taiwan Prices

TAIPEI - Inflation in Taiwan soared to a 13-year high of 7.06 percent in August, but economists blamed the jump on typhoon

damage and said Monday the rate for the year would be near a government target of 3.8 percent.

to 4.18 billion dollars, reflecting

falling revenue from the Cour-

age and Molson breweries and

the sale of Foster's former farm-

services business, Elders Ltd.

'The 7.06 percent record was mainly caused by several typhoons," said Daniel Chen, chief economist at ChinaTrust Commercial Bank. The rise in the consumer price index was measured from August 1993. In the first eight months of this year, the CPI grew at an average of 3.87 percent, the Bureau of Statistics said.
Four typhoons have battered Taiwan so far this year in the annual season from June to September. Mr. Chen added that

# Workers Turn to Violence As Iron Rice Bowl Cracks

Reuters

BELIING - A report in Monday's Beijing Youth Daily gave a rare glimpse of violeoce against factory managers and their families carried out by workers angered at the end of comfortable socialist ways.

The attacks ranged from six women workers at a factory in the Zhejiang province who bired thugs to beat up their manager, to the angry worker who slashed to death the wife of a textile factory manager near Beijing. China is in the midst of

profound economic reforms that are cracking the socalled iron rice bowl that used to provide workers with form and social stability.

cradle-to-grave job-and-social security.

Workers are paying more for housing, medical care and other benefits they used to expect as their birthright in a socialist state. Fierce inflation, set off by economic growth, is eating into the liv-ing standards of the majority of workers.

The official press said the number of labor disputes taken to arbitration in 1993 rose 50 percent to a record 12,358.

President Jiang Zemin re-peated last weel: the government's determination to correctly juggle the competing strands of development, re-

#### CURRENCY AND CAPITAL MARKET SERVICES



CURRENCY MANAGEMENT CORPORATION PLC 11 Old Jewry - London EC2R SDU Tel.: 071-865 0800 Fax: 071-972 0970

24 Hour London Dealing Desk Competitive Rates & Daily Fax Sheet

Call for further information & brochure

# MARGIN FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Signal SOFTWARE GUIDE 0

0 130+ software applications RT OATA FROM \$10 A OAY O

**Catch The Big Moves** Commirac, the computerised trading system is now available by fax Commirac covers over 75 commodities/financial futures/indicies with specific "Buy", "Self" or "Neutral" recommendations Request your 5-day free trial by sending a fax to Carol on 0624 662272 int +44624 662272

LONDON - NEW YORK - LONDON

Calls to USA - 20p per minute Japan/Hong Kong - 56p per minute

CALL: LONDON 071 488 2001, DUBLIN (01) 67 10 457

ATE VOICE CIRCUITS - £10K PER ANNUM

SWIFTCALL COMMUNICATIONS

# Call London: 1 44+ (0) 71 231 3556 for your guide and Signal price list. FullerMoney - the Global Strategy Newsletter



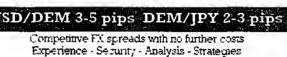


ECII Futures PLC 29 Chasham Place Belgravia London SW1X 8HL Tel: +71 245 0088 Fax: +71 235 6599.

Member SFA.

FUTURES & OPTIONS BROKERS EXECUTION ONLY









MARGINED FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRADING Fast, Competitive Quoies 24 Hours Tel.: + 44 T1 815 (9400) Fax: + 44 T1 320 3010

For furtber details on bow to place your listing contact: WILL NICHOLSON in London Tel.: (44) 71 836 48 02 Fax: (44) 71 240 2254 Herald Eribune

# 121 High Street, Berkhamsted, Herts HP4 2DJ, United Kingdom **ESCORTS & GUIDES**

# BELGRAVIA ORCHIDS LONDON PARIS GENEVA ZURICH ESCORT AGENCY CREDIT CARDS WELCOME ROTTERDAM WHITE'S GENEVA \* PARIS Pretty Woman Escort Service 321 99 61 UK 071 589 5237

PARIS\*ZURICH\*VIENNA\*PRAGUE SUPREME ESCOPT INTERNATIONAL Call Vienna (.43 1) 532 11 32.

LONDON \* ESCORT \* SERVICE TEL - 0 7 1 - 2 6 2 - 0 6 4 0

LONDON BRAZILIAN Escort Service (17) 724 5577/91 - credit cords ALLIANCE Escori Service & 1/0/el, Muhilingial, Diol Genevo: 022 / 311 07 24. CHELSEA ESCORT SERVICE.
51 Beauchomp Place, London SW3.
1el: 0/71-584 6513 MAYFAIR INTL London Escori Service 07 1 727 4792 " ZURICH " YIOLET " Escort Service. Credit conds occept Tel: 077 / 63 83 32.

SCORT & GUIDE SERVICE FRANKFURT 069 / 552 221 FRANKFURT KOUN DUSSELDORF

Adio Intl B
Alusulsse B new
BBC Sham Boy BBC
Che design B
Cleaking 250 251 1971 1294 1985 157 15 Markets Closed Canadian stock

## INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED (Continued From Page 15) JET SET ESCORT SERVICE Amsterdom/Schiphol/The Hague. Tel: 06-52717616. NDON CARIBBEAN .. London Heathrow Gatwick Escri Service 071 435 1002 CREDIT CARDS GENEVA • GLAMOUR • PARIS BASEL •Escori Agency• 022/346 00 "PARIS & LONDON" "ELEGANCE" Escort Service London (711 394 S145 MORRISON CLUB - VIENNA ESCORT Service 5., Recive Wienzele 2a. 0222/56 86 84.

ZURICH / BERN / SASEL Exact Service Tel: 077/88 06 60, 077/85 06 70 \*TEL:071-486-451S\* AMSTERDAM\*DREAMS\*ESCORT Service & dinner dates. Prease call +31 (0)20-64 02 111 or 64 02 666. MIUNICH" WELCOME ESCORT & GUIDE AGENCY, PLEASE CALL 089 - 91 23 14.

VENNA PARIS "RIVIERA "ZURICH BURDCONTACT In 1 Boost + Travel Service Cell Vierro + 45-1-310 63 17. B U D A P E S T Edusive Econ: 8 Travel Service Tel. 00561-1550529 or 30424990 TIALY PARIS COTE D'AZUR French Reven Scott SOPHIE \*\* ESCORT SERVICE Iondon Heathrow Gatwork Telephone: (44) 05"1 (2507) AMSTERDAM BERNADETTE
Excert Service.
Tel: 651 63 10: 651 66 43

Excert Service & Trovel to Matche East
Tel: 37:2 40: 78: 72

TROUGH. 

## TO OUR READERS IN FRANCE

ORIENTAL ESCORT SERVICE LONDON REASE PHONE 071 725 3314

It's never been easier to subscribe and save with our new toll free service. Just call us today at 05 437 437.

# BRIGHTER PROSPECTS FOR SEA TRANSPORT

Traffic is increasing in the industry, although rising costs continue to be a concern.

The end of doom and gloom for the shipping industry is at hand. Evidence comes from the steadily rising Baltic Freight Index, the annual report of Lloyd's Register of Shipping and, notably, a Dutch academic study calling for change and foreseeing a brighter future. A spokesman for the ship owners has a more re-strained optimism.

Lloyd's Register of Ship-ping uses these words: "The unpredictability of world shipping markets was amply demon: trated in 1993 when - after a decline of over 50 percent in new orders during the previous two years - annual new orders rose dramatically by 77 percent on the 1992 figures. Another significant change took place when Korea, previously 'always the bridesmaid,' expanded its 1993 orders almost fourfold, and toppled Japan from its seemingly permanent position of top shipbuilding nation."

Growth sectors

The economic situation of the West European shipping industry is not as bad as people think, says Professor Niko Wijnolst of the faculty of mechanical engineering and marine technology of the Delft University of Technology. "It is true that shipbuilding has had a rough time since the 1970s. The tanker trade has particularly declined. But bulk shipping hardly suffered. Container transport and, for example, chemicals and gas shipping have grown tremendously."

The favorable situation in the shipping markets does not mean that the shipping industry can sit still. According to Mr. Wijnolst, it is ume for innovation and new concepts. In cooperation with Swedish and Belgian scienusts, Mr. Wijnolst has launched a plan for what he calls Multimodal Short Sea Transport.

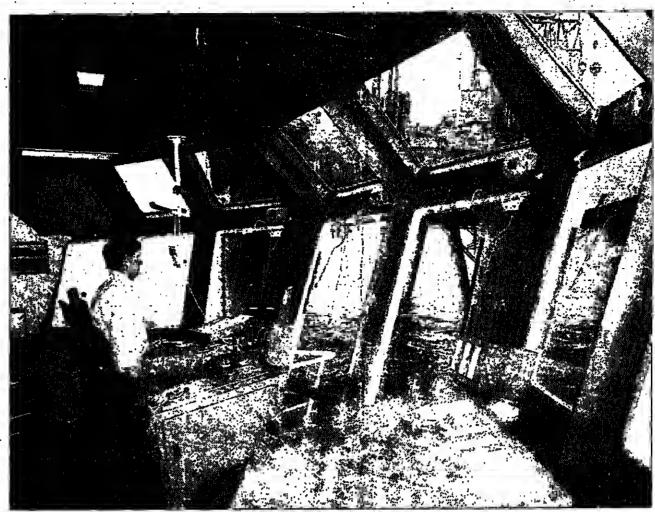
transport.

("Short Sea Shipping" is the theme of the first day of the current Shipbuilding. Machinery & Marine Technology exhibition and conference in Hamburg.)

In a recently published study, Mr. Wijnoist and his international associates plead for "coastal superhighways" in Europe. "Short sea transport should improve its performance in the hardware, operations and software domains," they argue. Therefore it should start to put into the minds of shippers and freight forwarders the concept that multimodal short sea transport is getting its act together and is be-coming a road transport equivalent, i.e., a real professional alternative that can be used without headaches like

Environmentally friendly Mr. Wijnolst says the plan including the development of innovative ship-terminal concepts - offers a cheap and environmentally friend-ly solution for the transport of tens of millions of tons of goods. As well as resulting in an improved European

a highway."



Innovations in the shipping industry could be accelerated by the kind of government subsidies granted to railroads and highways.

vorable economic effects. The study was financed by the Commission of Transport of the European Union. the Swedish Transport and Communication Research Board and the Dutch Organization for the Coordination of Maritime Research, It has been sent to to at least 200 leading people in relevant organizations. Over 1.000 copies of the study have been issued so far.

The need for subsidies Mr. Wijnolst makes a plea for more subsidies. He

ropean port has been able to

benefit from the advantages

of electronic information

volumes of goods than the railroads, but is less subsidized, "The problem in gaining some financial support." he says, "is that short sea shipping has too few leading players in the field - tro many relatively small companies - and consequently lacks lobby power."

Mr. Wijnolst hopes that the Dutch and German govemments can be persuaded to start subsidizing an experintent in setting up a net-work for short-sea shipping. "Governments should do something fundamental," he shipping industry, the plan points out that the shipping says. Billions are spent in would have more general faindustry trunsports larger subsidizing railways and

motorways, so why not make a gesture and support the shipping industry? They have the infrastructure [the seal for free."

Meanwhile, Herman De-Meester, deputy secretary-general of the Brusselshased European Community Shipowner's Associations. puts a brake on overentlinsiastic remarks on the shipping industry. "We do not see a tremendous recovery yet," Mr. De Meester says. The balance on the North Atlantic trades has not yet been found, and the Far Fast trade is no money-spinner. you can gather that bulk shipping does fairly well, but in oil shipping, it is doom and gloom."

The price of safety

Costs are rising, Mr. De Meester notes, partly because of growing attention to safety and the environ-ment. "In short," Mr. De Meester concludes, "the economy is recovering, but changes for the better do not happen overnight. The shipping industry needs a particular form of stability in order to get funds for justified invesiments.

Jansy Kok

# Noting the indexes of tariffs,

The port of Hamburg: networking electronically

Internal Logistics is confident that its electronic data interchange system Smart Card will be an effective means of interfacing, providing Rotterdam with a

The international markets seem to finally be responding to the possibilities of a paperless system, thus saving time and money. Information technology practi-

tioners agree there is still some way to go before electronic data interchange is in continon use, but the provi-sions are there. The hardware is both available and affordable, and the electron-

ic standards established. This makes companies both within the ports and shipping industry and outside - willing to use electronic data facilities in order to gain cost-effectiveness for their own services. J.K.

# TECHNOLOGY IS KEY TO HIGHER PROFITS

Investing in technology is not a hearry, but a necessity.

here is a world to be won by persunding the shipping industry to invest in technology, according to experts in the technological field. The industry misses profits, they say, simply by being hesitant to use available technology effectively. Whereas road haulers see their offices and rolling stock as one integrated business and invest accordingly, ship owners tend to consider their ships self-governing, cooperative bodies.

It is a matter of picking suitable innovations, in the matter of ship-to-shore communications, for instance, Date K.C. van Utteren. communications manager of PTT Telecom Netherlands, says, "Tele-matics can only be applied effectively provided the whole branch of industry commits itself. In getting the shipping industry involved, two things are essential. From a business point of view, it is necessary to reduce tariffs to have ships participate in advanced communications systems. Inaddition, participation has to be compulsory in particular cases + when shipping haz-ardous goods, for example,

Return on investment According to Mr. Van Utteren, at cannot be said that the shipping industry is totally unwilling to invest in advanced means of commu-nications. But he adds: "Ship owners consider in-vestments additional expenditure rather than being ex-penses that are profitable in

the long run.
That is one reason why only 20,000 seagoing ships - about 20 percent of the - about 20 percent of the world fleet - are equipped with bleans of satellite links for telephone communications, sending faxes or transmitting electronic data. Costs are an important fac- and construct a high-tech tor, says Mr. Van Utteren. "Fortunately, we have been able to lower tariffs because portation costs."

of favorable developments in technology. The new digital satellite services made this possible. Using the broad name Station 12, PTT Telecom offers sateilike services relatively cheap." -

The Inmarsat-A, Inmarsat-B, Inmarsat-C and Inmarsat-M services are according to PTT Telecom Nother-lands - available 24 facus a day throughout the Atlantic Ocean-East, and Indian Ocean regions. For maritime users, the service covers most of the world's busiest shipping lanes and cruise routes. PTT Telegom Netherlands plans to make Inmarsat services available

worldwide early in 1995. Mr. Van Uneren gives an example of profitable use of the satellite communications network. A travier car re-port details on the day's catch of fish by transmitting electronic data directly to the office, in doing so, it is pos-sible to sell the fish before they reach the shore.

Design integration

Innovation in ship design is another way in which technological advances can be translated into increased profits. The latest container carrier, on which no lashings for containers are needed, is an example of how to save time (and thus money) in loading and influeding ships.

Shipping companies are aware of the advantages of self-toading and -unloading systems on bull carriers. Case studies in Swedon and the Netherlands have generated further technological innovations in ship concepts, which, among other dings, will make ships less depenof the vessel and the transport system have confirmed that it is feasible to design shipping system that will give very low total trans-

# SHIPPING EXHIBITION

The 16th Shipbuilding, Machinery & Marine Technology Exhibition (SMM 1941 to be bad on the Hamburg Exhibition Center from Sept. 27 to Det. 1 has attracted a record 800 exhibitors from more that 30 countries.

A two-day international conference during the co-hibition is divided into two thematic sections. "Short Sea Shipping" and "Safer and Faster Shipping Toa tic." New specialist ships design his in Japan and is it rope will be presented at the conference, and a conspetition for students is being organized on the there. Future Ship Concepts.

The exhibition entalogue is raing published eigetronically this year on a diskette. It can be bought in advance for 75 Deutsche marks from Harringe Messe and Congress GmbH, Dept. Z7-42, P.O. Box 30 24 80, D-20308 Hamburg, Germany

## The times in which ports could offer services as self-governing bodics are definitely over. Rouerdam. This major Eu-

PORTS: JOINING THE INFORMATION SEAWAY

Loday, ports must be inte-Hamburg's port industry as grated parts of the logistic chain and adapt "chain thinking" to their policies. At best, ports act as interfaces, thus influencing the movement of goods.

Electronic data interchange systems are proving to be crucial in accomplishing this. Ports are devising their own electronic information networks, which can interchange data with other global networks.

The competitive edge The port of Hamburg can be considered a leader in the development of advanced electronic data interchange systems. It started using the electronic communications system DAKOSY 12 years ago. Today. DAKOSY GmbH says that the ad-vanced network provided by well as the the city itself a distinct advantage. It adds that the network has general-

ed new jobs. Over 240 companies and institutions participale in the Hamburg electronic data interchange system. In using the DAKOSY facilities, they obtain access to the electronic information system HABIS of the German railroads, port-related companies and the Hamburg municipality as well as to GEGIS, which is the information system for carriers of hazardous goods. DAKOSY also exchanges electronic data with other international specialized networks.

Central clearinghouses On the electronic data inter-

networks only recently. Eight years ago, the port of Rotterdam established IN-TIS as an electronic data interchange network. For a number of reasons, the market did not respond. But it has now, as INTIS has developed it services. INTIS has adapted itself to the role of a main post office, assuring that electronic messages in whatever software formal reach their destinations. When needed, INTIS translates data, thus enabling sender and receiver to communicate electronically

without having to adapt their computer software. Modern ports are developchange charts, Bremen is ing the means to enable their considered the runner-up. information networks to exchange data with other interthe company has given followed by Antwerp and

national networks. They are aware of the need in apply the latest developments in information technology and telecommunications to strengthening their own position in a competitive market. The shipping industry judges ports not only on the hasis of the quality of their infrastructure for a particular hinterland, but also on their capacities for exchanging electronic data. By providing highly advanced cominunication networks together with good infrastructure. ports can influence the choice of port and hence the movement of goods.

This is why Rotterdam. for example, has introduced the notion of electronic trade and distribution centers. electronic food ports and electronic container ports as marketing tools. The municipal department Ronerdain

competitive edge. The paperless port

# HAMBURG CALLIN

The SHIPBUILDING, MACHINERY & MARINE TECHNOLOGY Exhibition and Conference in Hamburg from Sept. 27 - Oct. 1 1994, 9 am - 6 pm, Oct. 1, 9 am - 3 pm. Welcome to the largest maritime exhibition of its kind in the world! SMM '94 is the meeting place



for all the industry's specialists - the international the shipbuilding industry. With more than 750 exhibitors in 30 countries and the high-class SEA 2000 Congress For details please contact:



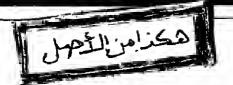


(Hamburg Messe)



BRAND-NEW! Fair catalogue now available on disc: MS DOS, 3.5", IBM-compatible, DM 75 · Fax: (+49 40) 35 69 21 77

Hamburg Messe und Congress GmbH - Jungiusstrasse 13 · 9-20355 Hamburg - Tel. (+49 40) 35 69 21 49 · FAX; (+49 40) 35 69 21 49



# H

# BIGGER CRUISE SHIPS KEEP YARDS BUSY

Liners are getting bigger, and the competition stiffer.

Workers at the Monfalder two years. Fincantieri cone shipyards, near Trieste, are cutting steel in preparation for the building of a new class of mega-cruise liners of around 100,000 tons. The ships, destined for Carnival Cruise Lines and P&O's American subsidiary, Princess Cruises, will carry 2,600 passengers, compared with 2,000 on to-

day's biggest ships. The intense activity at the Monfalcone yards of Fincantieri, Europe's largest shipbuilder, is a reflection of the boom in cruises in the North American market and in Europe and Asia. The Italian yard, experienced in most types of shipbuilding, returned to the cruise liner business in the mid-1980s after a break of 20 years. The market has proved the wisdom of this decision.

Big liners get bigger

Current demand is for more and bigger ships. Japan and South Korea are the world's biggest shipbuilders, with 70 percent of total orders between them, but European yards have strong skills and advanced technology for the booming cruise market.

Fincantieri yards at Monfalcone and Venice lead in cruise ship orders through a combination of experience the company goes back 200 years - and the wide use of

has expanded capacity to two ships a year.

Designers such as Renzo Piano have been hired to provide a sleeker, Italian look to these giants of the sea. They will cater mainly to the North American market, which is expected to double to 8 million passengers or more by the end of ne decade.

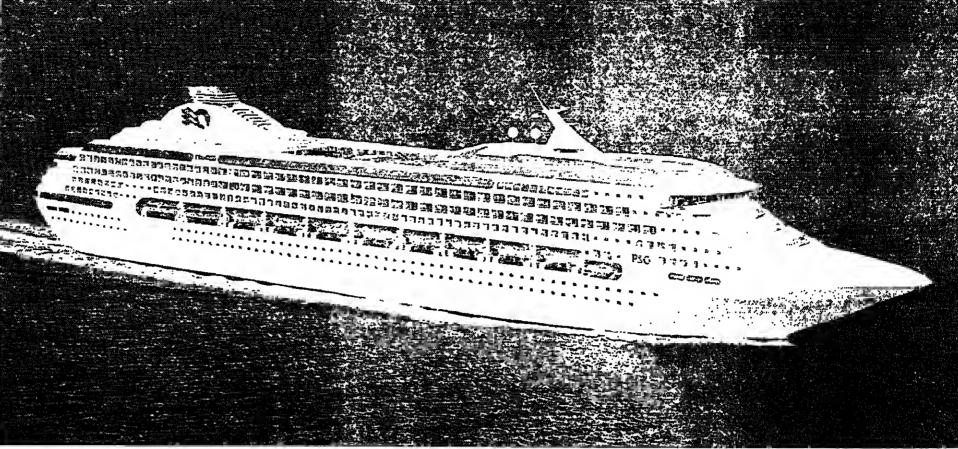
The New York-based Cruise Lines International Association, which monitors the 130 ships serving the North American market, reports \$6 billion to \$7 billion worth of fares last year, with total spending by passengers at around \$10 billion.

Relatively smaller ships, in the 50,000-to-60,000-ton range, are being built for the close to 1 million passengers in the European and Pacific

Golf on B-deck

Today's speed of construction, unheard of a decade or so ago, is being maintained despite the extra demands of cruise line companies, which are piling on luxury in the cabins, restaurants and recreation areas, where refinements such as golf driving ranges are being installed. There are also stringent demands for seaworthiness and near-zero vibration.

As ship size grew, Fin-



Engineers made sure that the 77,000-ton Sun Princess could still squeeze through the Panama Canal, enabling it to sail from Alaska to the Caribbean.

Under European Union reg-

ulations, direct aid to yards,

fixed at 7.5 percent in princi-

ple, but running higher in

Germany and Italy, will be

phased out in 1996, but

yards with full order books

Finland's Kvaemer Masa

yards recently delivered the

Fascination, the latest of a

to Carnival Cruises. Two

more, the Imagination and

the Inspiration, are being

built at Helsinki, and another

Orders have also heen

for Crystal Cruises at Turku.

won for two ships for Royal

Caribbean, Managing Direc-

tor Martin Saarikangas says:

profits since 1989 and ob-

taining a 20 percent return

Alan Tillier

on investment.

We have been making

are not unduly worried.

would also pass, enabling the Sun Princess to move between Alaska in the summer to the Caribbean in the win-

The drawback to the newer 100.000-ton ships will be their inability to negotiate the Panama Canal because of their width. But the lines say that the Caribbean and Bermudan markets can sustain these floating hotels.

Heads of other leading European shipbuilding com-

protruding upper decks cruise ships for Miami- staircase to give what the based Royal Caribbean line calls the atmosphere of Cruise Lines and has two a piazza." more, Legend of the Seas and Splendor of the Seas. capable of 24 knots, under construction.

> Competition in Europe We can build 100,000-ton ships as well or even better than the Italians," says Mr. Dacremont when talking of

the strong competition among European shipbuilders, including the Finns and Germans, for the new series of four luxury ships, market of \$400 million ships. Sophisticated cruise ships have higher added value than bulk carriers.

Decision-making in lapan is long and collective. We in Europe are better at the rapid decision-making that is a feature of huilding cruise ships, particularly in the first six months of the contract," adds Mr. Daere-

With Britain, like the United States, out of the running in building passenger ships, the competition for the French and Italians comes from the German yards of Meyer Werfi, at Papenburg on the River Ems. and the Finnish Kvuerner Turku.

The 200-year-old German company will deliver the 67,000-ton Oriana to P&O next March. The vessel will cater to the British market. now expanding at between 15 percent and 20 percent a year. The Oriana was built in Meyer Werft's covered dock, which is as big as six football fields.

The German yard also has three orders from the America line, Celebrity Cruises. The first of these 70.000-ton ships, the Century, will be delivered at the end of next year for Bermuda and Caribbean service. It will feature a three-deck grand fover, encircled by a spiral

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND COST-EFFECTIVENESS Full order books

A new joint service seeks to provide more efficient service in Asia and Europe.

L he international shipping world will watch with close interest the fortunes of a major new alliance that starts on March 1, 1995, It involves the TSA group Nedlloyd, CGM Orient. MISC), Mitsui OK Lines, Orient Overseus Container Line and American President Line, and its joint service will cover all main ports in Japan, Asia and North Europe with a fixed day service based on two

sailings per week. The Dutch shipping com-pany Nedlloyd Lines is con-fident that this international ecoperation will prove to be profitable. Managing Director Paul V.L. Bijvoets of company's position in Europe-Far East trade.

Nedlloyd Lines says that the partners involved will be able to "gear up" cooperation in order to reduce costs and provide a highly competitive service.

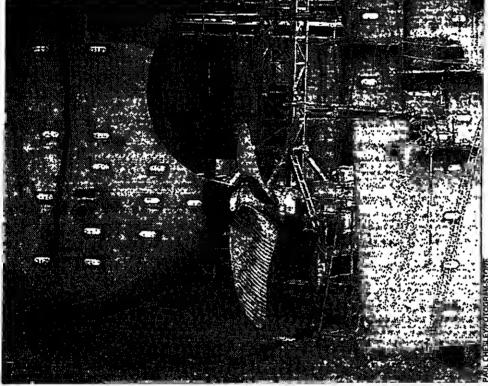
The service will be operated with 17 or 18 ships, of which Nedlloyd will provide nine to 11, including the new open-top container carrier Nedlloyd-Hongkong and a ship now under con-struction in Japan.

Extending the network Nedlloyd's participation in the alliance will allow it to double the frequency of its sailings and improve the

"In the months to come we will consider the possihilities of cooperating on land," Mr. Bijvoets says. The participants of the al-

liance could use each others' terminals, equipment, feeder services and block trains. In doing so we can extend our services to the Baltic, the Mediterranean, China and India."

Nedlloyd Lines also benefits from another international agreement. Together with 10 other shipping companies, Nedlloyd agreed on fixed tariffs within the Eastbound Management Agreement. EMA is a regional unit of the Far Eastern Freight Conference. J.K.



South Korea shares with Japan 70 percent of total shipbuilding orders worldwide.

turing techniques and robotics. Increasingly, large portions of these big liners are being built ashore in covered conditions and then swung into place for welding.

Fourteen-deck cruise ships of 70,000 to 77,000 tons, currently the world's largest, are being built in un-

computer-assisted manufac- cantieri engineers went to canals with their tape measures to make absolutely sure the ships now being built could pass through. They reported that the 77,000-ion Sun Princess. now under construction at Monfalcone, will make it

panies, such as Jean-Noël Dacremont, chairman of Chantiers de l'Atlantique. the GEC-Alsthom subsidiary at Saint-Nazaire. France, say they also have the technology to build the mega-ships. The big French yard has already constructed through a 32.3-meter (106 a series of ultramodern, foot) waterway and that its \$300 million, 70,000-ton



Bad news

Good

Station 121 proves that what goes up sometimes comes down.

How?

By dramatically lowering our charges for Inmarsai-A and -C services this past June.

Now Station 12 Inmarsat-A users can save up to 15% on standard voice. and data charges, and up to 34%. during our extended off-peak period (from 19:31-05:30 GMT everyday),

With the right timing, your total savings can add up to over 40%.

Station 12 Inmarsat-C satellite messaging service customers can save up to 37%

Of course, you still get the crisp clear communications you've come to expect from Station 12, along with the special services of our Customer Support Desk.

It just costs less.

And that's good news however you

ook at it. Station 12. Always reliable.

Please tell me more about your new Inmarsat-A and -C charges. ☐ Please send me more information about Station 12.

Posi/Fax to Station 12 Customer Services P.O. Box 468, 1970 AL Umuiden Netherlands Fax +31 2550 62 424 For more information, please call us at +31 2550 62 355.

# SEA-TRAIN TO RUSSIA

was produced in its entirety by the Advertising Department of the International Herold Tribune WRITERS: Janux Kok is a free-lance writer from Rotterdam. Alan Tillier is the author of "Guide to Business Travel Europe"

and a contributor to The Times of London

SECTION EDITOR: Ken Mackenzie. PROGRAM DIRECTOR: William Mahder.

Now, Latvian Shipping Co. offers you a whole new concept of getting your containerized goods to or from the former Soviet Union. Its Riga - Russia -Riga train service is designed to get your important cargo there on time. It is fast, reliable and competitively priced.

lalvian shipping company

The process is simple. Just ship your container cargo from any of our represented ports aboard our vessels to Riga, and we'll transship it by train to Russia, or from Russia to Riga.

NO DELAYS. NO BOTTLENECKS. NO BUREAUCRACY

2 Basteja Blvd., Riga LV-1807, Latvia. Phone:(371-2) 229-423, Fax:(371) 882-0026, Telex: 161121

# **SPORTS**

# **Cowboys Rout Steelers** In Championship Style

By Thomas George

New York Times Service

PITTSBURGH — At first glance, the Dallas-Pittsburgh matchup was one of running backs, of Emmitt Smith vs. Barry Foster, of which team could run first and run last and eventually trample the opposing de-

But as the game unfulded Sunday afternnon before 60,156 fans at Three Rivers Sta-

#### **NFL ROUNDUP**

dium, it was clear that this Natinnal Football League duel would offer so much more.

It gave Barry Switzer his first victory as the Cowboys' head coach, it confirmed the notion that faced with a stiff challenge, the Dallas players were capable, once again, of turning a test into a joke. And it showed that the Dallas defense may not be as full of leaks as its peers had boped.

Dallas won, 26-9, in such controlling, dominating fashion that the game was virtually over in the first half when Dallas led by 16-3. From that point on, it was clear that Foster was going nowhere, that Smith was rumbling everywhere and that Dallas was the superior team.

Foster finished with 44 rushing yards; Smith gained 171. Pittsburgh gained 71 passing yards; Dallas had a total of 442. With eight minutes left, Neil O'Donoell finally got Pittsburgh into the end zone on a 2-yard scramble and cut the Dal-las lead to 19-9. But Smith followed with a 2-yard scoring run with 3 minutes 48 seconds left for the final margin.

"I know it's a lnng season, but I'm proud of today and the way we played," Switzer said. "We ate up the clock. We scored like six out of the seven times we had the ball, and I know there were field goals, but still, we were moving the ball and getting poiots,"

In other games, The Associated Press reported:

Dolphins 39, Patriots 35: In a sbootout reminiscent of the wild American Football League days, Dan Marino was the ooe left standing io the end, out-dueling New England's Drew Bledsoe five touchdowns to four in Miami.

The last one, a 35-yarder to Irving Fryar on fourth down with 3:19 remaining, gave Fryar 211 vards and three scores.

Jets 23, Bills 3: In Buffalo, it was impossible to tell which team bad won the last four American Football Conference titles. The Jets were that dominant, holding Thurman Thomas to 5 yards rushing on seven carries and constantly harassing Jim Kelly, who left with a bandage on his bruised right hand. Rams 14, Cardinals 12: The

Cardinals outgained the Rams 230 yards to 152 and had the ball for 38:22, but they lost in Buddy Ryan's return to head coaching in Anaheim, California.

Chargers 37, Broncos 34: In Denver, John Elway couldn't lift the Broncos to victory and handed San Diego three critical

Stan Humphries threw three touchdown passes and linehacker Junior Seau recovered a bizarre fumble by Elway in the waning seconds. The San Diego defense converted two interceptions into touchdowns, including safety Stanley Richard's 99yard return for a score oo the final play of the first half.

In earlier games, reported Monday in some editions of the

downs of 11 yards to Willie Davis and 2 yards to Keith Cash in New Orleans. He is 10-0 in the Superdome building, including a Super Bowl victory after the

Packers 16, Vikings 10: Sterto terms on a salary adjustment and then catching a 14-yard touchdown pass among his seven receptions for Green Bay

punt and a kickoff return for do that since Detroit in 1977.

Randy Baldwin ran a kickoff back 85 yards, and Eric Metcalf went a club-record 92 yards with a punt within a three-minute span in the second quarter.

Giants 28, Eagles 23: David Meggett returned a punt 68 yards for a touchdown, ran 26 for a TD and recovered a fumble to set up another as New York capitalized on early errors by Philadelphia at Giants Stadium.

Bears 21, Buccaneers 9: In Chicago, Chris Gedney caught his first two NFL touchdown passes and Erik Kramer his 18

randay in some editions of the Herald Tribune:

Chiefs 30, Saints 17: Joe Montana completed 24 of 35 passes for 315 yards and touchdowns of 11 yards to Willia Da hle, while Chris Warren rushed for 100 yards and Seattle spoiled Norv Turner's debut as the Redskins' coach.

Colts 45, Oilers 21: In Indianapolis, the running hack Mar-shall Faulk bad 174 total yards ling Sharpe didn't make good — 143 rushing — and three on his walkout, instead coming touchdowns as the Colts to terms on a salary adjustment opened a 42-0 halftime lead and oever let Houston back in the

Lions 31, Falcons 28: Deagainst visiting Minnesota.

Browns 28, Bengals 20: In
Cincinnati, Cleveland had a troit's Jason Hanson didn't let a cramp bother him, kicking a 37yard field goal to defeat visiting troit's Jason Hanson didn't let a Atlanta in overtime. Hanson got touchdowns, the first team to the cramp when he made a tackle



on the last kickoff of regulation. Emmitt Smith of Dallas scrambling for some of his 170 yards in the victory in Pittsburgh.

# **IOC Session Ends** With Election of 12 New Members

zov was among 12 new mem-bers elected on Monday to the International Olympic Committee in a vote that brought the strength of the organization to

100 for the first time. Borzov, now the Ukrainian sports minister, was voted in by the IOC session on the last of 11 days of talks marking the cente-nary of the modern Olympic

Borzov, winner of gold med-als in the 100 and 200 meters at the Munich Olympics in 1972, was one of six nominees for new seats on the IOC. The other six were replacements for members who have retired or died.

The six replacement members were James Easton of the United States, Craig Reedie of Britain, Mohamad Hasan of Indonesia. Mario Pescante of Italy, Ger-hard Heiberg of Norway and Ame Ljungqvist of Sweden.

The other five new seats went to Austin Sealy of Barbados, Robin Mitchell of Fiji, Alpha Ibrahim Diallo of Guinea, Alex Gilady of Israel and Shamil Tarpishev of Russia.

PARIS — The former Olym-pic sprint champioo Valeri Bor-four national Olympic commit tee presidents among the new comers: Borzov, Pescante, Rec die and Sealy.

IOC sources said Pescante who has been ordered to stand trial in Italy with 18 others on charges of abuse of office connected with the remodeling of Rome's Olympic stadium for the 1990 World Cup finals, had been asked to agree to resign should he be found guilty.

In other elections, Prince Alexandre de Merode, Belgian president of the IOC medical commission, was elected as one of four IOC vice-presidents, replacing Kevan Gosper of Australia, who was due to quit after

four years in the post.

He Zhenliang of China we elected to the IOC's executing

board in place of Flor Isava Fonseca of Venezuela. None of those elected won their IOC seats through a new rule passed on Sunday. The rule allows the IOC president, Juin Antonio Samaranch, to name up to 10 new members, subject to a veto by the session.

Samaranch is expected to ap Easton is president of the point several international fet world archery federation and eration presidents at the next Heiberg organized the 1994 Lilpoint several international federation presidents at the next

# No Strike, No Money, Just Baseball in the Bronx

NEW YORK - Just as George Steinbrenner so

often warned might happen, it is baseball season and Yankee Stadium is just another vacant building in

The House That Ruth Built didn't go dark for the reasons the team's owner predicted — the fans' fear of crime and other urban demons. The player's strike shut the stadium, of course, But in a way, the strike has cleared the air in the borough of all that yammering about the Yankees moving to New Jersey, about the players walking, about a salary cap, which had muffled the cheers for the team's glorious season.

Now in the Yankee Stadium neighborhood, sandwiched between the expressway and the elevated subway line, there is just basehall, pure and simple. Across 161st Street from the creamy-white stadi-um is Babe Ruth Field, a public park with a pair of

chewed-up diamoods that are meager fields of fantasy for everyone from lazy afternoon fly shaggers to spitting-serious leagues of teen-age hardball players and aging softball addicts.

mie strikers the game, the crack of the balls being hit by professional hats have been replaced by the "tink" of amateurs' metal hais. And the crowds for games at Babe Ruth Field are obviously smaller than they were in Yankee Stadium (but perhaps oo less passionate, judging by the only spectators at a recent teen-age hardball game, a couple necking in the corner of the hleachers).

This is the game at its essence, played in defiance of all the monied forces that conspired to interrupt the professional season.
"They don't own the game," said Angel Feliciano.

32, who was playing a mean softhall shortstop the other night. "Neither the players nor the owners own

It's owned by people like Wilken Martinez, 16, a rangy center fielder fresh from the Dominican Republic, swinging the bat on Babe Ruth Field, powering one hall after another in graceful arches reaching

toward the cool blue summer sky.

And by Feliciano, a bank administrator during the week and a semipro player on weekends, keeping his arm in tune playing evening softball.

And hy Manuel Rodriguez, 29, a night clerk at a supermarket, fielding sbarp grounders hit by his brother, Luis, while behind him his 12-year-old soo,

This is the game at its essence, played in defiance of all the moneyed forces that conspired to interrupt the professional season.

Jonathan, waits patiently with a big mitt for any balls that get past his father. One afternoon, Rodriguez looked across 161st Street. The gates of Yankee Stadium were shuttered

and a sign on the outside said "Thank You Fans See You Soon." Or maybe not so soon. "It's about money," he said. "The owners want more money. The owners doo't want to play. They're not supposed to do that. They're supposed to play. Wheo I play, it's something different. It's a game."
Rodriguez said that he knew the intoxication of

the crowd. He played Double A ball in Santo Domingo before be came to the United States eight

"In my country, I played in the big stadium," be said. "That was my dream. All my life I want to play

in the major leagues." Instead, be plays pick-up ball by day and at night travels to Brooklyn, where he cleans a supermarket.

MORNINGS!

But heseball is a game of bad hops. And just as the Yankees' splendid seasoo was so unceremoniously shortened by the strike, circumstances also interrupt the pure play of the amateurs across the street.

A player with "Bronx Family Court" emblazoned

across his shirt was frantically trying to scrounge up a new softball on a recent night. The municipal softball league requires that each team provide a new ball to begin the fourth inning and the Family Court player needed a ball to continue his team's championship game. But he was having no luck. "Our coach isn't here, we doo't have a ball," be

said to some players in another game. "We're going to have to forfeit the game, Great way to go out." And Kermit Middleton, 17, the skinny ace of the Orioles, a teen-age team vyiog for the championship of a league sponsored by Columbia University, was long-faced because he was going to miss his team's playoff games. His family was going to visit relatives in North Carolina.

But he was leaving his team in good hands - at least to hear his teammates tell it.

"We're somewhat like the Yankees, so I think we're going to sweep it," said Marlon Christie, 17, who plays both third base and catcher.

Christie is a determined guy. Io fact, he's so certain he is headed for the big leagues that he has picked up some qualities of hig leaguers — such as granting interviews while changing into his street clothes, which he did the other day standing on the edge of a field.

"You're supposed to play baseball for fun." he said, pulling on a pair of madras shorts. "If you don't play ball for fun, what's the use of playing?" Bragging rights might be one reason.

"We have power hitters and speed and defense and pitching, an all-around ball club," said Christie. "We actually have more speed than the Yankees." Not to mention a better shot at the championship.

#### SIDELINES

# Bugno Gets 2-Year Ban for Drug Use.

MILAN (AP) — Gianni Bugno, a two-time world cycling champion from Italy, was suspended oo Monday for two years after testing positive for the use of caffeine, a banned substance, the Italian Professional Cycling League said.

Bugno was tested oo Aug. 17 after the Agostini Cup race in Italy. After news of the positive test on the "A" sample, Bugno said be had drunk a cup of coffee before the race but denied taking said be had drunk a cup of coffee before the race but denied taking said to the s

any substance hanned by the Italian cycling federation. The second sample was tested last Friday at the Italian National Olympic Committee laboratory in Rome.
Bugno, who was also fined 3,000 Swiss francs (\$2,300), city BOARD

appeal the suspension. But after oews of the failed test emerged the World Cycling Championships last month, Bugno, 30, had said be would retire from racing if be were to be suspended. The Italian cyclist won the Tour of Italy in 1990 and was world road champion in 1991 and 1992.

#### Springer Wins Milwaukee Open Golf 📑

MILWAUKEE (AP) — Mike Springer overcame a shot into the bleachers to par the 18th hole for a 4-under-par 67 and a ooe-stroke victory over Loren Roberts in the Greater Milwaukee Open.

Springer finished on Sunday with a 72-hole total of 16-under 268. Roberts, who set a course record Friday with a 63, shot a

final-round 68. Four players finished two shots back, including Bob Estes (72), the third-round leader. Mark Calcavecchia (71) Tom Purtzer (64) and Joey Sindelar (69).

#### For the Record

Al Unser Jr. won the IndyCar race in Vancouver, British Columbia, on Sunday, his third straight victory and eighth of the season. Robby Gordon was second, followed by Michael Andretti, Nigel Mansell, the defending champion, and Unser's teammate Emerson Fittipaldi crashed on the last lap without injury. (Reuters)

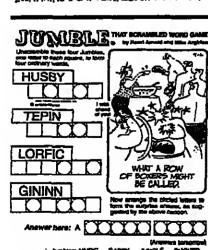
Roberto Baggio, Italy's World Cup soccer hero, will not play in

his country's opening European Championship qualifying match against Slovenia on Wednesday because of a thigh strain. (Reuters)

Michael Carbajal, a former WBC and 1BF junior flyweight boxing champion, was arrested Sunday in Tempe, Arizona, on felony charges after he allegedly fired a dozen shots into the air when he was denied entrance to a party.

#### DENNIS THE MENACE





Read the MONEY REPORT every Saturday

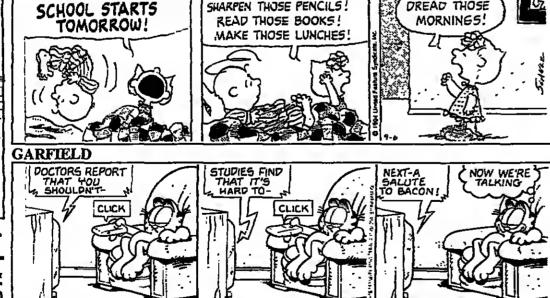
#### **PEANUTS**



"My Grampa has a great memory. Everything I say: renundshim of a story:"

For investment information

in the IHT



Sharpen Those Pencils!

READ THOSE BOOKS!

#### I PIPN'T THINK THEY'D

BEETLE BAILEY



DOONESBURY



WELL, SIR, THEY PRACTICALLY ALREADY ARE INTRODUCTORY COURSES, ALMOST TWO THIRDS OF THE INCOMING PRESHMEN

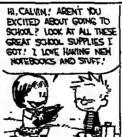


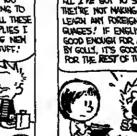


I TALKED DOUBLE



## CALVIN AND HOBBES











WIZARD of ID







THE FAR SIDE



# **BLONDIE**









# **SPORTS** on Ends tion of Graf Gains Joined by Novotna

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

defeated Italy's Gianluca Pozzi.

minutes to dispatch the 10th-

seeded Garrison Jackson, still

hasn't played an hour-long match in this year's Open. She

beat Anne Mall in 45 minutes,

Sandra Cacic in 55 and Radka

After just 15 minutes of play,

When the American tried to

Graf was already up 5-0 and she never allowed Garrison Jackson

charge the net, Graf was ready

with a winning pass. And Garri-

Graf was never under pres-

sure from the service line either.

She did not face a single break

Novotna, the 1993 Wimble-

don runner-up, won the first seven games before Maleeva fi-

nally got on the scoreboard,

AMERICAN CONFERENCE

**RATIONAL CONFERENCE** 

Detroit 21, Atlanta 28, OT Cleveland 28, Clacinnati 20 Indianapolis 45, Houston 21

Green Boy 14, Atlantonicotto 10
New York Gionts 28, Philadell
Settle 28, Washington 7
Lisa Angeles Rome 14, Arizond
Dollos 34, Pittsburgh 9

**ACROSS** 

1 Not fully shut

s Panalty

Konses City 30, New Orle

T PIS PF PA

PIS PF PA

PIS PF PA

.000 0 0 .000 26 .71 .000 17 30

Ragu
 competitor

1A Richness

to get into the match.

back on the baseline.

point.

1.142

1.972

10.00

Bobkova in 52.

Graf, who needed just 52

tchammer Carry by the president of the pear's countries. The president of the year's countries. The pear of the game primed for the year's final Grand Slam tournament, and Zina Garrison Jackson die and Seat buried Zina Garrison Jackson buried Zina Garrison Jackson barrage of winners, 6-1, Who has been added to capable of winners, or, who has been added to capable capable of the last with the capable of the capabl

trial in high with the quarterfinals.

Charges of the first trial to the condition of the c Rome's the same line ing her second straight U.S. Rome's the property of the lyne was a should be a shou should be to make the Also advancing into the quarterfinals were seventiseeded Jana Novotna of the Czech Republic, a 6-0, 6-4 winner over No. 15 Magdalena Maleeva of Bulgaria, and No. 11 Amanda Coetzer of placing Kerman Control trains who was the No. 11 Amanda Coetzer of frair vertices and the South Africa, a 6-3, 6-0 winner the Pharman Endo. figur vents in the pay levici in the quarterfinals was Bernd the quarterfinals was Bernd

elected to the line was board on the land Feniscea of Vanctuck None of the first of the Graf who need to the first of the Graf who need to the first of the fir then too the three rule passes in a case in allows the few products after School and the few products to the few parts and the parts of the few parts and the few pa to a veter by the series Samar.... Protect SCHULL SELECTION OF THE Martinal Liversian at 1967 Session in Backer, der les

Ban for Drug ( Graf when the German kept her a two terms of congr m Manager to the train feme, a him in subjust c saud itter (to 

fiday at the following Renter est Sant Comments word the constraint of the con be with a Musika e & Breit (in) familia de la la

rasi da i

hydre More a com-

azita. i. San Arres Always of the **st** 25 517 p. 1 ed 234 ... 480 1 7 1 aria" .  $(\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{A}})^{(1)} = (\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{A}})^{(2)}$ 44.

\$ .....

4.50

100

to Prepared 15 Irish Rose lover

potatoes. In a way 17 POUNO 20 Osnials 21 Computer insar 22 Dischergas 24 "Ain't She

compose 25 Guarantee 28 Scottish Highlender **32 RANO** 

34 Knock the

35 Away from the 36 Scronty

37 Muslim officers 35 Calif. naighbor 39 SCHILLING 43 Love-lies-bleeding, for

45 Parsons' places 46 Inventor Rubik 47 "The Sweetssi Taboo" singe 48 Timmy's dog

&1 Pulitzer winner Quindlen 52 Take to court SS YEN 59 Iron or toot

60 Singer Pinza er Servings of ale 62 Profits. informally

:SIS

CROSSWORD DOWN

1 Wyoming's Simpson Paycock\*

2 O'Casey play 3 Tuming point 4 "Losing My Religion" rock group

s Bullet size & More Than 7 Swiff's Gumsho€

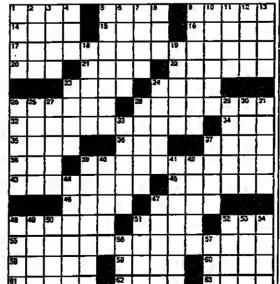
Offspring 10 Slanway parts 11 Old French coins 12 Goldfinger

portrayer Frobs 13 Lyric poems 10 Think the world 19 Permitted

23 TIM6 co-founder 24 Tn whom 6 25 Turkish city 26 Western capital

27 1983 Indy winner Tom 25 Work behind the plate 29 Biblical gift bearar 30 Cognizani 31 Homets' homes

impedimant 49 Prefix with skid so Throw for a loop heroine 33 Fistfight 52 Capacity 37 Bad merks? 53 Military group 54 Selves 39 Rinds 40 English novelis Hammond ---



O New York Times/Edited by Will Shortz

# 100-Meter Swim Mark for China

# Chinese Win 3 Titles on First Day

The Associated Press

ROME - Le Jingyi became the first Chinese swimmer to hreak the 100-freestyle world record and China won all three women's gold medals Monday on the first day of the swimming competition at the World

Championships. Hungary's Norhert Rozsa edged his countryman, Karoly Gutter, in the men's 100 hreaststroke, and Antti Kasvio became the first Finn to win a world title when he upset the favorite, Anders Holmertz of Sweden, in the 200 freestyle. But the day belonged to China's women.

Le powered to victory in 54.01, eclipsing the mark set hy the American freestyler Jenny drawing polite applause from his 22-year-old opponent, who ming his right wrist a hit, hut he the fans. his 22-year-old opponent with said it was not a factor in his Thompson, who was swimming in the next lane, hy 0.47.

The second Chinese swimmer home, Lu Bin, also beat Thompson's 2-year-old mark, clocking 54.15. The German star Franzi Van Almsick won the hronze in 54.77, with Thompson linishing fourth in 55.16. She had set the world mark of

4.48 in Indianapolis in 1992. Lu came back later to win a gnld medal in the 800-meter freestyle relay as China set a championship record of 7:59.96. Germany took silver, with Van Almsick collecting her sec-

ond medal of the night, in with Thompson returning to swim the second leg, won the bronze in 8:03.16. The other Chinese champion

Monday was Dai Guohong in the women's 400 medley, ahead of the Americans Allison Wagner and Kristine Quance.

PERSONALS

**ANNOUNCEMENTS** 

Attention visitors

from the U.S.!



China's triumphant Le Jingyi after she set the 100-meter freestyle record Monday at the world championships.

way hut Dai produced a power- between the two Hungarians. ful hreaststroke leg to charge Rozsa was first in 1:01.24, outthrough and leave both Ameri- side Guttler's world mark but a

Le Jingyi appeared to set a the fastest time of the year. trend in assaults on world re- which he set in April. 8:01.37. The United States, cords After her stunning start to the seven-day swimming competition, in the men's competition hurghgraeve was a surprise Rozsa was only 0.01 off the world mark at halfway of the

next final, the 100 breaststroke. Rosza touched in 28.53 ahead of Guttler and, by halfway down the second length, it

Wagner had the lead at half- was clear the gold medal was championship record and tying

> Guttler was second in 1:01.44 and Belgium's Frédéric Dehronze medalist in 1:01.79.

Holmertz was inside world record pace until the third turn of the 200 meters freestyle and wound up with the silver medal. Kasvio, bronze medalist at

the 1992 Barcelona Olympics, was behind the Swede for threequarters of the race and made his move when Holmertz tired down the fourth length.

Kasvio's time of 1:47.32 was well outside the 5-year-old world record set by Giorgio Lamberti of Italy, and Hol-mertz finished in 1:48.24, more than 11/2 seconds outside it.

New Zealand's Danyon Loader also appeared to be catching the Swede near the end and won the hronze in 1:48.49.86.

The world record in the 800 meters relay also appeared in danger as China and Germany swapped the lead.

Lew Ying had the Chinese inside world-record pace with a first leg of 1:59.85 before Van Almsick made her charge.

Van Almsick, 16, who won two Olympic medals as a 14year-old in Barcelona, hauled the Germans from third to first on the second leg with a phenomenal swim of 1:58.30. She covered the first 100 in 57.08 and, hy halfway, the Germans were 0.02 inside the world record pace.

It slowed after that, however, and the Chinese, through Zhou Guanhin and Lu Bin, overtook the Germans 10 win hy 3.41

seconds. The other German silver medalists were Kerstin Kielgass, Julia Jung and the veteran Dagmar Hase. The American swimmers who collected hronze were Cristina Teuscher. Thompson, the long-distance specialist Janet Evans and Nicole Haislett.

Fu Mingxia, the only diver to win hack-to-back world titles from the 10-meter highboard. was a surprise flop in the 3meter springboard preliminaries. The 16-year-old Chinese placed 25th out of 36 competitors and failed to make

# SCOREBOARD

FOOTBALL

NFL Standings

Konsos City Son Diepo Seattle LA Ruiders

Migmi 39, New England 25 New York Jets 23, Buffold 3 San Dieso 37, Denver 34 **CFL**, Standings

the fans.

Coetzer breezed past 44th-ranked Endo to reach her first

career Grand Slam quarter-fi-

nal. It was Endo who picked off

sixth-seeded American Lindsay

But Endo was no match for

Coetzer on Monday as the

South African rolled into the

final eight without dropping a

■ A Swede Ousts Edberg

Jonas Bjorkman crept up on

Stefan Edberg, bis fellow

Swede, and mugged him with a vengence on Sunday night, eliminating the fifth-ranked, two-time U.S. Open winner

with a 6-4, 6-4, 6-0 third-round

Open in 1991 and 1992, did not

seem to have a chance against

Edberg, 28, who won the U.S.

victory, Reuters reported.

(AP, Reuters)

set in four matches.

Davenport in the third round.

Brit.Columbia 

SOCCER

ITALIAN FIRST DIVISION AC Allen 1, Genee 0 COLF

Milwaukee Open

Mike Soringer, \$180,000 Loren Roberts, 108,000

Loren Roberts, 108,000 Tom Purtzer, 48,000 Joey Stadelor, 48,000 Bob Estes, 48,000 Mark Colcavecchia, 48,000 Marco Dowson, 32,250 70-53-68-48-269 70-49-64-270 67-48-64-97-270 67-68-64-71-270 68-66-69-68-271 69-69-68-271 68-49-68-271 68-49-68-272 Dave Barr, 22250 Mark O'Meara, 28,000 Steve Pate, 24,000

TENNS Mes Singles Fourth Round
Bernd Karbocher, Germany, def. Giantuca
Pozzi, Itoly, 4-2, 4-4, 4-3, 4-4.
Men, Siagles, Third Round
Joern Renzenbrink, Germany, def. Andrea
Goudenzi, Itoly, 4-4, 1-4-3: Michael Stick (4).
Germany, def. Byron Black, Zimbabwe, 7-4 (7-

5], 6-2, 6-1; Karel Novacek, Czech Resublic def, Todd Woodbridse, Australia, 1-4, 5-7, 7-6 (6-6), 6-2, 7-4 (7-8); Jovier Fronz, Arsenlinz, def, Marcus Ondruska, South Africa, 6-3, 6-1, 6thet, Marraus Chafruska, South Africa, 6-3, 6-1, 6-7 (3-7), 3-4, 6-4; Yevpenv Koniehilkav (14), Russia, der. Carlos Costa, Sooin, 6-3, 6-4, 6-2; Pere Samerus (11, U.S., der. Roper Smith, Bahamas, 4-6-2, 6-4, 6-3, Joine Yzoga, Peru, det. Cedric Pioline, France, 1-4, 5-7, 7-5, 6-1, 6-4; Jones Biorkman, Sweden, del. Stelan Edberg (51, Sweden, 6-4, 6-4, 6-6).

Wanners, Stayles, Fourth Round

No. 7 Jana Novotna, who stopped Magdalena Maleeva on Monday at the U.S. Open.

pin-point volleys that left Ed-

Edberg attempted to alter the

back on the baseline and trading shots with the unseeded Bjork-

Open showing was a second-

Edberg fell near the end of

round appearence last year.

own demise.

side for a point.

he had received it.

powerful groundstrokes and poor showing.

berg a hapless observer to his fending men's champion and

Edberg, the fifth seed, was so was admittedly off his game.

futile that early in the third set but managed to get it together

he raised his hands in victory in time to advance to the fourth after a ball had merely hit the round with a 4-6, 6-2, 6-4, 6-3.

tape and dropped to the other victory over 187th-ranked Rog-

pace late in the match by staying sia, on a tear that has seen him

But Edberg's offerings were American compatriot Ginger

so unimaginative and weak that Helgeson, 6-3, 6-4, in a fourth-

heavily muscled legs and fire No. 2 Arantxa Sánchez Vi-the ball back much harder than cario, winner of the French

Bjorkman was able to plant his round match.

the first set, apparently jam- 6-0, in 70 minutes.

man, whose best previous U.S. Costa of Spain, 6-3, 6-4, 6-2.

Warners, Stayles, Fourth Royand John Novotha (7), Crach Royabile, def. Magdalana Malaeva (15), Bulsario, 6-8, 6-4; Steffi Graf (11, Germany, def. Zina Garrison Jackson (10), Houston, 6-1, 6-27, Amanda Contart (11), South Africa, def. Mana Endo, Japan, 6-3, 6-8. Kimika Date (5), Japan, def. Lelia Meskil.

Georgia, 4-2, 6-7 (3-7), 7-5; Gobriela Sobotini (8), Argentino, def. Elena Likhoviseva, Ko-zakjeston, 6-2, 6-1; Arontus Sonchez Vicario (2), Spoin, def. Am Grassman, U.S., 4-2, 4-9; Gigi Fernandez, U.S., def. Ginger Heigesan,

ONE-DAY MATCH Sri Lanka vs. India

Sri Lamaa VS, India Monday, In Colomba India: 125-5 (25 overs) Sri Lonka: 126-3 (24.2 overs) Resull: Sri Lamka wins by seven wickets

SASEBALL
National League
CHICAGO—Amounced a bur-year extension of their player development contract
with Daylong, Florida State League. HOCKEY

National Hockey League PITTSBURGH—Stoned Lea Barrie and DepittsBuRGH—Stoned Len Bartle and De-menic Pittis, centers. Amounced Mario Le-mieax, center, will sil out the 1794-75 section. QUEBEC—Signed Stephane Flaet, goot-lender, to 3-year contract; and Steven Finn. detensement, to multiyear contract. Signed Andrel Kovelenta, right wins, and Curits Les-chyshyn, detensement. SAN JOSE—Re-signed Shown Cronin, de-enseman, Signed Jamie Baker, center,

 Lilluis—Siened Crafe Johnson and Greg Parks, forwards, Agentred Bill Houlder, detensement, from Anabelm for Joson Mar-shall, defensement. shall, defensemen, TAMPA BAY—Signed Jim Cummins and

Earlier, Pete Sampras, the de-

Yevgeni Kafelnikov of Rus-

jump from 104th to 11th in the world, beat 26th-ranked Carlos

In women's play on Sunday,

Gigi Fernandez defeated her

Open, rolled over the unseeded

American Ann Grossman, 6-2,

top-ranked player in the world,

er Smith of the Bahamas.

TAMPA BAY—Signed Jim Cummins and Joson Rufl, torwards. TORONTO—Signed Mike Goriner, right wing, and Kent Manderville, left wing, to 3-year contracts. Agreed to terms with Mike Eastwood, center, on 3-year contract. VANCOUVER—Re-Signed John McIntyre, owder, and Brism Cityra, detensement. MASSIMETON—Stand for Jungan, cap. WASHINGTON-Signed Joe Juneous cen

washing town-space de Juneau, cen-ler, to 4-year controct.
WINNIPEG—Signed Keith Tkuchuk, cen-ter, to a 1-year controct. Re-signed Durth Shanton, left wing, Signed Alexel Zhamnov, center, to multivest controct, and Teemu Se-lorare, to 3-year controct. COLLEGE

GIG EAST—Announced three-person efficients of the Crews in women's bask effect, beginning in the 1975-76 season. the 1995-96 season.
MISSISSIPPI—Numed James T. "Pete" CENTRAL FLURIDA-Declared Ochiel

Swaby, sward-forward, occidentically inelligible for 1st semester.

FLORIDASTATE—Amounced the suspension of Marcus Long, offensive lineman, for two games. Suspended Forest Canoly, oftensive tockle, for four games for toking illegal offs. from years, seeping. If you enjoy reading the IHT when you travel, why not also get it at home? elits from sports opents.

FORDHAM—Announced the resignation of Same-day delivery available

FORDHAM—Amounced the resignation of Mike Rice, men's assistant basketboil cooch, FRESMO STATE—Normed Jehany Brown men's ossistant basketboil cooch, HUNTER—Reinstated Ray Amelibert as men's basketboil cooch, Promoted Jackee Meadow to women's basketboil cooch, 10WA—Amounced basketboil cooch, 10WA—Amounced basketboil recruit.

sion for foiling to meet academic require-ments.

10WA ST.—Suspended Calvin Branch, lu-nior ruraing back: James Brooks, senior wide receiver; and Russell Johnson, sostio-more defensive back, for 1 game for their involvement in check targery scam.

KENTUCKY—Derek Anderson, guard-for-word, has transferred from Ohio SI. KING'S, N.Y.—Homed Jim Aller men's bas-letted basketball coach. LSU—Glover Jackson, basketball center, will be redskirted for a year to concentrate on will be redshirted for a year to concentrate or NEW HAMPSHIRE—Named Chris O'Con-nor men's assistant basketball cooch.

Call (1) 800 882 2884 (in New York and 212 752 3890) ferald Eribune

in key U.S. cities.

AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF PARIS Manissen demograment september son PART-TIME STUDIES IN PARIS

Choose from over 100 courses in 10 majors of The American University of Ports, Europe's oldest American undergraduate institution. Call for informations (1) 47.20.44.99 Registration: Sept. 9th Classes start: Sept. 12th

ALCOHOLICS ANONYMOUS English togething meeting dolly. Tel: PARS (1) 46 34 59 65, ROME 678 0320, PRANKFURT 577-Clos. FEELING low? — having problems' SOS MBLP crass-line in Broksh, 3 p.m. 11 p.m. Tel: Paris (1) 47 23 80 80.

PAS ENCORE VU: Bob and Cre returned to Mexico early. Please contain regarding payment and full schedule.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE MONACO

PRINCIPALITY OF MONACO Limitary apartment, double living room, large master bedroom, 2nd bedroom, + boths en sure, guest tollen, large equipped latten + dining nook

INTERMEDIA SOLE AGENT

PARIS & SUBURBS ON TROCADERO GARDEN
View - 450 sq.m. - Imple reception,
6 bedrooms, parking, divisible
EMBASSY: TBL: 1-47 20 40 03

REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE HOLLAND

& Short Term Leases for (serial far-nished houses & flots, Tel. + 31 20 6250071, Fac. + 31 20 6350071, Excessignadin 33, 1815 CD Amsterdom PARIS AREA FURNISHED

CLARIDGE FOR 1 WEEK OR MORE high class studio, 2 or 3-room apartments, FULLY EQUIPPED, IMMEDIATE RESERVATIONS Tel: (1] 44 13 33 33

#### LUXURIOUS APARTMENTS MONTAIGNE, 95 SQ.M. Refined decoration. Perfect condition. Parking. F32,000 including charges.

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED

FRANCOIS I ER, NEAR Double studio, 45 sq.m., charming colm, F10,000 including charges. COREFI Tel: (1) 45 89 92 52 or Fasc [1) 45 65 44 13

AGENCE CHAMPS ELYSES specialists in furnished opartments, exidential areas, 3 months and mor

Tel: (1) 42 25 32 25 Fex (1) 45 63 37 09 AT HOME IN PARTS PARIS PROMO
capathrents to test furnished or not
Sales & Property Management Services
25 Av Mache 75008 Paris, Fas. 1-45611020

Tel: (1) 45 63 25 60 LAMY, 75116 PARIS 5 Ave. Pierre 1ar de Serbie 1at 1-40 70 18 84 or 1-47 23 53 14 Short and Long Term Rentals

CAPITALE O PARTAGES Handpicked quality apartments, oil sizes. Fars and suburts. Tel 1-4614 8211. Fex 1-4772 3096

7th, VANEAU. RRESTONE, fully furnished, elegant, newly redecorated, double living, 2 bedrooms, American Intelen, cellor. 6 to 10 months, 172000 - charges. 1et. [1] 4589 1038

LATEN QUARTER, 2-room flat in room-house, entronce, introlev-both, surrey, view, heating, Owner Tel. 1-23 54 65 69

Sife: STUDIOS FROM F4,500, oh 5, 76; 2:34 rooms, 3rd, surrey, 3 rooms, CA Tel. 1-4026 9190, Fox. 1-4026 5094

4th. PLACE DES VOSGES furnished studio, entitlely redover, as new. R4,500, Tel. [1] 42 55 29 796

PLACE AREA LINET INNET INNET CENTRAL

PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED 8th FAUBOURG 5T HONORE Exceptional unique view on Eysse Polace.
Onorm & perfectly redone, living/disting-room, 2 bedrooms, for if prefered study + 1 bedrooms, both, equipped latcher, F15,000 + charges Possibility additional studies some floor F1,600 + charges, Sale Agent Tel: 111.40716355.

YOUR REAL ESTATE AGENT IN PARIS Tel: (1) 47.20.30.05 NEURLY, BOIS, METRO, 7 ROOMS

**Embassy Service** 

iges free now let 1-39 52 77 75 EMPLOYMENT

GENERAL POSITIONS AVAILABLE HOST/HOSTESS NEEDED for US you 30+). Call [33-1] 42 78 70 00

GENERAL POSITIONS WANTED SOUTH OF FRANCE trilingual sophis-haded French PA, resolve, open-randed, seeks part/full time position. Tel (33) 93.01.28.24

SECRETARIAL POSITIONS AVAILABLE SECRETARIES English Mother Tongue

with experience needed for permanen positions in Paris. Call GR Interest (1) 42 61 82 11 SECRETARIES AVAILABLE TOP LEVEL SECRETARY English / Sponish / Fie nch. Wide experience, well educated, excellent presentation, great sense of responsibilities, receipt to travel for business, sensor position on PARIS SEASO, TO SEASO OF PARIS AREA. Tel (33-1) 46.67.33.91.

POSITIONS AVAILABLE The INTERNATIONAL School of Paris seeks on experienced Grode 2 (7 year olds) TEACHER for maternity leave replacement until Journary 1995. Native English speaker, familiar with whole language & lopic based curriculum. Contact: Jonathan Darkti, olementary principal Tel: 1-42 24 43 40.

DYNAMIC & MERCAN (ANGLISCE) DYNAMIC AMERICAN (ANGUAGE TEACHERS (preferably trained in Business or Public Speaking) needed to

Today's **EDUCATION** 

DIRECTORY

Appears on Page 10

LEGAL SERVICES

2ND TRAVEL DOCUMENTS, legal, in-expensive, Free details from TSA, Box 742, Dana Point, CA 92629, Tet. 714-647-7476 or Fax: 714-496-6567 USA. LOW COST FLIGHTS

WORLD AVIATION - 5CHEDULED FLIGHTS. 1st, business, economy of lowest forces, Tel IFT Paris (1) 47551313 **EDUCATION** FRENCH MADE EASY Paris 5th. Small strougs. communication stalls. 4-hr/wt.

F1,000/ma. 1-43296106 1st lesson free.

Education

**Directory** Every Tuesday Contact Fred Ronon Tel.: (33 1) 46 37 93 91 Fax: (33 1) 46 37 93 70

or your nearest IHT office or representative

#### **BUSINESS MESSAGE CENTER**

READERS ARE ADVISED that the International Herald Tribune cannot be held responsible for loss or damages incurred as a re-suit of transactions stemming from advertisements which appear in our paper. If is it erefore recommendpropriate inquiries before sending any money or en-

> BUSINESS **OPPORTUNITIES**

commitments.

OFFSHORE COMPANIES 750 READY MADE COMPANIES BANK INTRODUCTIONS
ACCOUNTING, LEGAL & ADMIN
LC'S AND TRADE DOCUMENTATION
TELEPHONE & MAIL FORWARDING

Telephone or far for watedute service and 100 page colour brothure OCRA ASIA UMITED 24-02 Bank of America Tower Harcourt Road, Hong Kong Tel. + 862 5220177 Fax: + 852 5211190

A JAPANESE (MPORTER is searching for Source of Timberland, DNNY, CUESS and NIKE caps, Pieces contact Aeros International Fax: +81 (423) 3/8309 OFFSHORE COMPANIES, P.CR, 1/5 Church Street, Oouglas, Isle of Man. 1et (0x24) 629529 Fax, (0624) 629662.

OFFSHORE COMPANIE don representa ASTON CORPORATE TRUSTES LTD 19, Paul Road, Douglas, Isle of Mon Tal: (824 6259) Fax. (824 625126 TEXTILE MACHINERY

Tompon Production Machinery Cotion Swab Forming Machine Cotion Pad Machine K. Fassbrid-Ludwig & Co. AG CH-8646 Wagen b. Jona Switzerland Switzerland Tel- (55) 28 37 41 Th- 875349 FALU CH Telefox: 55 28 42 60 ROJECT FINANCE WANTED Very profitable investment coporturity for real estate in Being, CHRNA. Equity participation welcome. Investment LSSI,000,000-S3,000,000. Confidented-by guaranteed. Adv for PROSPECTUS with your full address by FAX. + B1-4-357-480 (M Angelwey Ltd. (Japan)

CLASS A BANK in too line venue with odministrative services and established bordong and securities occounts. US \$50,000. Immediate transfer. Call Canada (604) \$42,3179 or Landon 071 394 5157 or FAX 071 231 9928. COMMERCIAL/BUSINESS FINANCE ovalable for any viable projects worldwide. For brief synapsis in English to Corporate Advances, 44-273-621300, Quate Ref. TI OFFSHORE COMPANIES for free

44 8) 741 1224 Fast 44 81 748 6558 **BUSINESS TRAVEL** BUSINESS & 151 Clas feve from Europe to USA-Conodo-For East-Middle East-Australia South Amenica. Combod Stewheel Travel, London on fet 081 202 2030 Fox 081 202 3839 **BUSINESS SERVICES SAVE ON** 

International **Phone Calls** 

Now you can call the U.S. and save as much as 65% compared to local phare companies or calling card plans. Call from home, office or hotels and avoid surcharges. Available in all countries. Call now for rates and see how you can begin saving today. Lines open 74 hours.

ATTA

#kallback Tel: 1/206-284-5600 Fax: 1/206-271-6666 417 Second Avenue West Secrete, WA 98119 USA

OFFSHORE COMPANIES FROM £150

Vorious countries. Full services. INTERNATIONAL COMPANY SERVICES (UIK) UMVIED Standbrook House, 2 - 5 Old Bond Street, London WIX 3TB Tel; + 44 71 491 0605

CAPITAL AVAILABLE FUNDS AVAILABLE

FOR
ALL BUSINESS PROJECTS
OR FOR
LETTESS OF CREDIT
BANK GUARANTEES
OTHER ACCEPTABLE COLLATERAL Broker I commission augrosticed

Messieurs M.LP.K.B. & Ce FRANCIAL INSTITUTION Brussels - BH.GRUM Information by 52 2-534 02 77 or 32-2-538 47 91 TR.EG: 20277 FINANCIAL SERVICES

FUNDING PROBLEMS?

Venture Copital - Equity Loans Real Estate - Business Financing - Long Term Collateral Supported Guarantees rikable guarantees to secure funding for viable projects arranged by: Bancor of Asia

Commission earned only upon Funding, Broker's Commission Assured Feet (63-2) 810-9284 Tel: (63-2] 810-2570 or 812-3429 Real Landers change no feest Here in the first of 48 real lenders after investigation of 2991 ods in 23 Newspapers Don't worry the Seport is cheaper that useless phane or loss colds Oxder form: BYTERFAX BUSINESS MEDIAC Fears (sex) 66 2 258 3691.

YOUR OFFICE, YOUR ADDRESS.

ON BRUSSELS MOST

PRESTIGIOUS AVENUE

SERVICED OFFICES

WITH A RULL SERVICE AT YOUR DISPOSAL: mail
 multilingual secretarial service
 lelephone

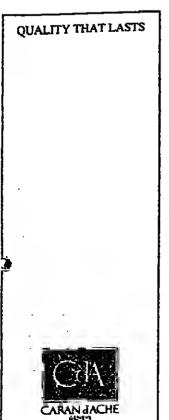
turn key company AND WHEN IN BRUSSRS, OR IN BELGIUM:

a portable international phone AS WELL AS A PERSONALIZED FINANCIAL SERVICE:

 currences at a better rate
 cash available to credit card holders
 currency transfers to all countries
 credits, financing and international A NEW DEPARTMENT BY:

Massinus M.I.P.K.B. and Ga. FINANCIAL INSTITUTION Brossels - BELGIUM Fac: 32-2-534 02 77 & 32-2-538 47 91 TREX 20277

International **Berald Tribune** ads <u>work</u>

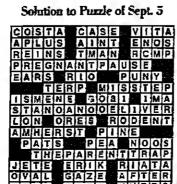


44 Take offense at

47 Move stealthily

48 Speech

41 Flow forth 42 Oetectron



#### ART BUCHWALD

# **More Capital Crimes**

many crimes may now be punished by the death penalty. It numbers 60, and you would think that would be sufficient, considering the high cost of

electricity every time the switch in the death house is pulled. I can go either way on capital punishment. I

ean he per-suaded it is cruel and unusual punishment, but on the other hand there is something in me that would Inve certain people to fry.

Buchwald For example, I believe all plumbers, electricians and any repairmen who promise to show up on a certain day at a certain time and don't should get capital punishment. I also want those people who make junk calls to my house at

#### Britain to Keep Three Graces

Agence France-Pres ONDON - The 19th-century sculpture "The Three Graces" will remain in Britain thanks to a last-minute financial contribution hy Baron Hans Heinrich Thyssen-Borne- person who sold you a lemon of misza de Kaszon, museum offi-

The Victoria and Albert Mu- kill his or her children, hut most seum and the Scottish National people do mean it when they Galleries announced that with the £800,000 (\$1.2 million) donation enough money had been raised in counter a £7.6 millinn offer from the Getty Museum

Lord Armstrong, head of the Victoria and Albert Museum, said he hoped to display the work, completed in 1819 by Italian sculptor Antonio Canova, at the Victoria and Albert in December and at the Scottish National Galleries in Edinburgh a year from nnw.

WASHINGTON — For dinner time to go to the death house. I'm not saying they jewel of the crime bill is how should get the sentence on the first junk call - but three calls

and they're out. I also want those who put me on hold and then forget about me to walk the last mile.

It was Shakespeare who first came out for capital punish-ment when he said, "Let's kill all the lawyers." He knew what

he was talking about. There's more. The death penally should be applied to people behind me who honk at me when I'm stuck in heavy traffic.

I'm not electrocuting everyone. The death penalty should be used only as a very last resort - such as when you fill out all your forms for a government permit for a license or a jub. Three weeks later, they inform you that their records indicate that your forms never arrived. I am not advocating the electric chair for the hureaucrat. But why nnt a hanging, so everyone

can enjoy it? I have just so much patience. For example, I see no reason why someone who parks in front of your driveway so you can't get out should not be given the same last rites that Pat O'Brien gave to James Cagney.

Whenever their kids drive them crazy, parents are con-stantly saying, "Td like to kill them," This is not the same as saying you would like to kill the а сат.

The truth is, no one wants to say they want to kill someone who sold them something that didn't work. Whether this should be considered a capital offense is something the Justice Department will have to figure

I don't know if capital punishment is a surefire deterrent, but I suspect that if the person who promised to fix your washing machine on Tuesday knows that if be doesn't show up he'll get the chair, he will be there at 6:30 in the morning.

# The Travel Writer's Travel Writer Looks Back

By Roderick Conway Morris onal Herald Tribune

C AINT-MALO, France - De-Scribed by Graham Greene as "one of the best writers of the century," Norman Lewis prefers to characterize himself as "prohably the only person you've met with the ability to enter a crowded room, remain there for half an hour, and depart without

anybody knowing I've been there."
Lewis's life has spanned almost the entire century, during which he has produced a series of nutstanding travel books, ranging from classic accounts of Indochina on the eve of the Vietnam War - "A Dragon Apparent" and "Golden Earth" — to an expose of the Sicilian Mafia, "The Honored Society," an almost halluci-natory narrative of his Italian war-time experiences, "Naples '44," and a lyrical memoir of life among the fishermen of a remote Spanish village, "Vnices of the Old Sea," — and 13

novels, plowing an idiosyncratic hut fertile furrow, and winning a steady following all over the globe. "I like always to be in the hackground, to watch people and nhserve surroundings - and the lack of anything dramatie in my personality and appearance has stood me in good stead," said Lewis, who, despite a natural reserve is splendid company and a fund of extraordinary tales, which he tends to begin with a discreet cough and an innocuous "Curiously enough . . .

His literary style is at one with the man: hrilliant hut subtle and unostentatious, his works full of sharp, often startling observations and insights. ("Mr. Lewis," remarked the critic Cyril Connolly of one his early books, "can make even a lorry interesting"), shot through with an inimi-table brand of humane, sometimes

wildly funny, humor. Lewis was in Saint-Malo at the annual Etonnants Voyageurs (Amazing Travelers) literary festival to receive this year's Prix de l'Astrolabe for his ocuvre in general and, in par-ticular, his novel "Torre del Mar," published in 1955 as "The Day of the Fox," which has just been issued in France, where Lewis's writings are

beginning to find an audience. The award was presented on the eve of publication in Britain of "I Came, I Saw," an expanded and enriched version of the first volume of his autobiography (first out a decade

ago under the title "Jackdaw Cake"). He was born in 1908 in Enfield, then a village on the northern edge of London, to strikingly eccentric Welsh parents whose enthusiasm for spiritualism he did not share. Lewis emerged from the local school into the gloom of the Great Depression, and with another disconsolate school friend (who "had set his sights on becoming an airship designer, then jettisoning the idea owing to the state of the world had philosophically accepted "employment at the Sewage Farm in Ponders End"), Lewis began to ask himself "if in fact we really existed or whether what we took to be life could not be a complex illusion, and endless, lnw-quality,

And yet, as Lewis relates in "I Came, I Saw." "the experience of these years fostered resilience -possibly even, of necessity, a sense of adventure." Revealing early his talent for falling into hizarre and entertaining company. Lewis presently became friendly with a a flamboyant group of Central Asian refugees fleeing Stalin's terror, who had pitched their tents in the enormous rooms of the rundown Victorian lodgings they had rented, drank "a home-brewed Russian beer laced with methylated spirits, smoked yellow cigarettes with Cyrillic lettering un them, spent their money on fireworks and kept the street awake with their all-night parties, at which they let nff rockets. beat tambourines and wept."

Having saved enough doing odd jobs, including working as a wedding photographer, in his mid-20s Lewis managed a trip to southern Arabia. "I took a lot of photographs of a kind that were unusual in those days," he said, "and, to my absolute amazement, I made a book of them. The return, in terms of money, wasn't more than £20. But it started me off on being able to travel and more or less pay for it."

Consistent with the unpredictable progress of Lewis's career, his marriage in the late '30s to his first wife, Ernestina, gave Lewis an entree to a Bloomsbury as different from that of the eponymous literary coterie as can possibly be imagined. Ernestina's Si-cilian parents had decamped from New York on the first possible steamer, leaving behind all their pos-sessions after a Mafia attempt to as-sassinate her father (which he es-



Norman Lewis: "I like always to be in the background."

Lewis moved in with the family in Gordnn Street, soon to discover that his muther-in-law packed a pistol in mitted to rectifying wrongs. I wrote a her handbag, and her husband kept very long article in the Sunday Times "an imposing snub-nosed (and load-ed) revolver" in the top drawer of his desk. Thus it was — as Lewis reveals for the first time in his autohiography - that he received his formitous introduction to Sicilian society, and uniquely privileged glimpses of the inner workings of the Cosa Nostra, which in due course gave rise to his still-gripping "The Honored Soci-

Though never thinking of himself as a man with a mission, Lewis writings have sometimes been highly influential, "When I first started travel-

caped with only his hat being blown have adventures. But later I saw a lot of atrocious things in South America. What I saw in those days obviously changed me and I became more comon the systematic elimination nI the Indians in Brazil. This led to the founding of Survival International, changes in Brazilian law, and a lot

"It was said then that there would be no Indians left in Brazil by the year 2000, hut we were at least successful in slowing down this incredi-hly rapid decimation of their numbers, and a reasonable percentage is still there," he said. He added, however, that the long-term outlook was pessimistie in the face of the vast commercial interests that threaten to ing I wanted to see the world and to reduce indigenous peoples in many slave labor for large corporations." Between journeys, Lewis lives with

his family in "introspective, almost monastie calm in the depths of Essex," in an old parsonage with a large garden that serves as a kind of local nature reserve (and refuge for foxes). He has had what he calls "several goes" at settling abroad, all of which have failed.

"On nne occasion we tried to live near Rome. But there were numerous small things against it. It was very, very enjoyable. But, for example, the children were sent to an international school, and just before we went there, Getty's grandson had been kidnapped and they cut his ear off. We lived in a charming small village, in the annex of a palazzo with Etruscan tombs all round the garden.
"But the inhabitants had some ter-

rifically bad habits. There was a wonderful river running through the garden, and then on into the village. The trouble was that everybody used to dump their rubbish in it. There was a marvelous ancient bridge — and one day some locals turned up with an old Fiat van, and three or four men just tipped it into the river. It was obviously going to stay there for ever among the rocks. By then, I'd really had enough. After that we made another failed attempt to settle in Tangiers — a very great mistake. And so we found ourselves back in Essex, which is lamentable in a way, but something I know how to cope with

Galain Mores

. V. J

15 A 15 .

12721

122

124

EX. Link BE State ...

Marie Contract

POPE PARE !

Lewis's stamina both as a writer and a traveler remain prodigious, but he admits that he may at last have to slow down. "I recently made three trips to New Guinea, and I felt fearfully exhausted. On the last one coming back we had 35 hours of misery traveling by plane, having lived at a very high altitude without really suitable food — so we were already weakened before the journey started." On this trip Lewis was accompanied hy his great friend and collaborator, the photographer Don McCullin, who though a considerably younger man was by the end, said

Lewis, "feeling pretty ropey too." "So yes, to some extent I shall perhaps have to cut down on some of those really terrible journeys. But I've no doubt if there's anything that really interests me in a fairly nearby situation, like South America, I shall

#### WEATHER

Forecast for Wednesday through Friday, as provided by Accu-Weather.

W High Low W Africa

F EW good words, Marlon Brando, in his autobiography, due out next week. says he thinks Marilyn Monroe, with whom he had an affair, was murdered, according to the New York columnist Liz Smith. Smith, who received an advance copy of the closely guarded book, also says Brando thought that Charlie Chaplin, who directed him in a movie, was the cruelest man he had ever met, that Richard Burton was "a mean drunk" and that Lee Strasberg, the founder of the Actor's Studio. "Brando: Songs My Mother Taught Me," makes nn mention of his stormy relation-

Suzanne Wyman, wife of former Rolling Stone Bill Wyman, has given birth to a daughter: Katharine Noelle. Wyman has a 31-year-old son from a previous marriage.

ships with his wives and children. Smith

The second runner-up in the 1993 Miss World pageant asked a Philippines court on Monday to allow her to go to London to explain to pageant nfficials the criminal charges against her for allegedly rigging **PEOPLE** 

the winners in the Manila Film Festival. Ruffa Gutierrez and three others were arraigned last week on fraud and related charges relating to the festival, in which bogus winners for best actor and best actress (Gutierrez) were announced. The trial starts later this month. The conductor Zubin Mehta is bringing his favorite orchestra, the Israeli Philhar-

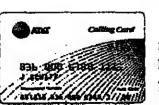
monic, to the land of his birth, India, in November. This is one concert I have looked forward to for said. India and Israel did not have full diplomatic ties until 1992. The Bomhayborn Mehta is music director of Israel's national orchestra.

Kim Basinger's bank is going on the auction block to ease her financial straits. The Bank of Braselton, the smallest in the state of Georgia, with \$6.25 million in assets, will be auctinned Sept. 22 in U.S. Bankruptcy Court in Los Angeles. Ba-singer declared bankruptcy last year after a movie-production company won an \$8.1 million judgment against her. The actress paid a reported \$20 million in 1989 for 1.700 acres of Braselton.



star Whitney Houston has obtained a restraining order against a man accused of stalking her and her family over the last three years. The man, Charles Gilberg, has claimed to be the father of Houston's daughter.

# Travel in a world without borders, time zones or language barriers.



Imagine a world where you can call country to country as easily as you can from home. And reach the U.S. directly from over 125 countries. Converse with someone who doesn't speak your language, since it's translated instantly. Call your clients at 3 a.m. knowing they'll get the message in your voice at a more polite hour. All this is now possible with AT&T1

To use these services, dial the AT&T Access Number of the country you're in and you'll get all the

help you need. With these Access Numbers and your AT&T Calling Card, international calling has never been easier. If you don't have an AT&T Calling Card or you'd like more information on AT&T global services, just call us using the convenient Access Numbers on your right.



AIXT Access Numbers How to call around the world.

 Using the chart below, find the country you are calling from 2. Dial the corresponding ADAT Access Number.

speaking Operator or voice prompt will ask for the phone number you wish to call or connect you to a

To receive your free wallet card of AIRT's Access Numbers, just dial the access number of the country you're in and ask for Customer Service.

OUNTRY	ACCESS NUMBER	COUNTRY	ACCESS NUMBER	COUNTRY	ACCESS NUMBER	
	ASIA	Italy*	172-1011	Rearil	000-801	
ustralia	1-800-881-011	Liechtenstein*	155-00-11	Chile .	00a-031	
hina, PRC++	10811	Lithuaniae	84196	Colombia	960-11-0010	
OACH	018-872	Luxembourg	0-800-0111	Costa Rica	· 114	
long Kong	800-1111	Macedonia, F.Y.	R of 99-800-4288	Ecuador*	11:	
ndia•	000-117	Malta*	9600-890-110	El Salvador	19	
ndonesia•	001-801-10	Monaco*	194-0011	Guatemala*	190	
tau.	0039-111	Netherlands*	96-022-9111	Guyana***	16	
orea	009-11	Norway	800-190-11	Honduras*	12	
OTERAL	11*	Poland • **	0A010-480-0111	Mexicoaaa	95-800-462-424	
lalaysia"	800-0011	Portugal*	05017-1-288	Nicaragua (Ma		
ew Zealand	900-911	Romania	01-800-1288	Panamas	109	
hillppines	105-11	Russia (Moscow	v) 155-5042	Peru*	193	
lipan"	235-2872	Slovakia	00-420-00101	Suriname	150	
ingapore	800-0111-111	Spaine	900-99-00-11	Uruguav	00-0410	
ri Lanka	430-430	Sweden*	020-795-611	Venezuela s	80-011-120	
ziwan*	0080-10288-0	Switzerland*	155-00-11	CARIBBEAN		
bailand•	0019-991-1111	U.K.	0500-89-0011	Babamas	1-800-872-2881	
E	UROPE	Ukraine*	84100-11	Ber:nuda*	1-800-872-288	
menia	8414111	MIDE	LE EAST	British V.I.	t-800-872-288	
uştria	022-903-011	Buhrain	800-001	Cayman Islands	1-800-872-2883	
clgium"	0800-100-10	Cyprus*	080-90010	Grenada*	1-800-872-288	
ulgaria	00-1800-0010	Israel	177-100-2727	Haiti*	001-800-972-288	
roatia*+	99-38-0011	Kuwait	800-288	Jamaica**	0-800-872-288	
zech Rep	00-420-00101	Lebanon (Belrui		Neth Antil	001-800-872-2887	
enmark*	8001-0010	Oatar	0800-011-77	St. Kitts/Nevis	1-800-872-2883	
inland"	9800-100-10	Saudi Arabia 1-800-10			AFRICA	
rance	19₄-0011	Turkey*	00-800-12277	Egypt* (Cairo)	510-0200	
ermany	0130-0010	UAE*	800-121	Gabon*	004-007	
stoce,	60-800-1311	AMI	ERICAS	Gambia"	00117	
Ungary*	00A-800-01111	Argentina+	001-800-200-1111	Kenya*	0800-10	
cland*	999-001	Belizee	555	Liberia	797-797	
eland	1-800-550-000	Bolivia*	0-800-1112	South Africa	0-800-99-012	
			4 000 1144	Annual Intide	4 040 77 014	

\$ 1994 ABA